(c) what action Government has taken or proposes to take to improve female literacy substantially in Maharashtra?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI D. PURANDESWARI): (a) to (c) As per census 2001, female literacy in Maharashtra was 67.03%, female literacy among SCs was 59.98% and female literacy among STs was 43.08%. Rural female literacy was 58.40%.

Saakshar Bharat Programme, the new variant of National Literacy Mission, with prime focus on female literacy is under implementation in nine districts of Maharashtra, having adult female literacy rate of 50% or less as per census 2001. Funds to the tune of Rs. 17.82 crores, representing central share, have already been released to Maharashtra for implementation of Saakshar Bharat programme.

Navodaya Vidyalayas

1049. SHRI N.K.SINGH: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of Navodaya Vidyalayas in the country;
- (b) the number and names of districts without Navodaya Vidyalayas, State-wise;
- (c) whether Government has plans for establishment of Navodaya Vidyalayas in these districts:
- (d) the details of leadership training institutes that are being set up in some Navodaya Vidyalayas; and
 - (e) whether all teachers of Navodaya Vidyalayas will receive training in these centers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI D. PURANDESWARI): (a) There are 584 functional Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas (JNVs) in the country.

- (b) 72 districts in the country (including 32 districts in the State of Tamil Nadu, which has not yet accepted the scheme) do not have any JNV. The details of remaining 40 districts are given in the Statement (See below).
- (c) Navodaya Vidyalaya Scheme primarily caters to the meritorious rural children. Six districts *viz.* Hyderabad, Central Delhi, New Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai and Mumbai Suburban are not eligible to have JNVs as these have no rural population. For the remaining districts not having JNVs,

opening of a new school depends on the concerned State Government making available required land for construction of permanent building and required temporary accommodation to start the school, subject further to sauction of competent authority and availability of funds.

(d) and (e) Government have recently approved the setting up of 7(seven) Navodaya Leadership Institutes, in Chandigarh, Andhra Pradesh, Goa, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Meghalaya and Orissa for providing in-service training to teachers and staff of JNVs.

Statement

Names of districts without Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya (JNV)

SI.No.	Name of State	Name of district without JNV	Remarks
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1. Hyderabad	Not eligible
2.	Assam	2. Kamrup	Sanctioned but not functional
3.	Chhattisgarh	3. Narayanpur (Bastar)	171
		4. Bijapur (Dante wada)	129
4.	Delhi	5 Central Delhi	Not eligible
		6. New Delhi	Not eligible
		7. East Delhi	12
		8. West Delhi	127
		9. North Delhi	(=
		10. South Delhi	Œ
		11. North East Delhi	127
5.	Gujarat	12 Surat	-
		13 Ahmedabad	Sanctioned but not functional
		14. Valsad	Sanctioned but not functional
		15 Narmada	Sanctioned but not functional

1	2	3	4
6.	Haryana	16 Palwal	.c.
7.	Jammu and Kashmir	17. Srinagar	-
		18. Bandipura	(a)
		19. Ramban	學
		20. Kishtwar	②
		21. Phulwama	in.
8.	Jharkhand	22. Ramgarh	(*)
		23. Khunti	(4)
9.	Karnataka	24. Kolar	123
		25. Ramanagara	8
		26. Gulbarga	e:
10.	Maharashtra	27. Bhandara	(4)
		28. Mumbai	Not eligible
		29. Mumbai Suburban	Not eligible
11.	Madhya Pradesh	30. Singrauli	5
		31. Jhabua	i c
12.	Mizoram	32. Aizwal	Sanctioned but not functional
13.	Rajasthan	33. Pratapgarh	(2)
14.	Uttar Pradesh	34. Kanshi Ram Nagar	.
		35. Sultanpur	
		36. Rampur	Sanctioned but not functional
		37. Deoria	Sanctioned but not functional
15.	West Bengal	38. Kolkata	Not eligible
		39 Malda	EU.
16.	Andaman and Nicobar Island	40 South Andaman	=