

cerned, as I shall point out in the very next question, Government are considering whether any rules can be made in the Government Servants' Conduct Rules to prevent such drinking.

SHRI FARIDUL HAQ ANSARI: May I know what has been the response of the different States to the request of the Centre that prohibition in those areas should be extended and enforced strictly?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: Sir, the Central Prohibition Committee has on it representatives of the different State Governments. In fact, the Ministers in charge of Prohibition attended the meeting and took a decision in principle that total prohibition ought to be introduced within the period of the Third Five Year Plan.

SHRI FARIDUL HAQ ANSARI: I wanted to know as to what has been the response of these States.

SHRI B. N. DATAR: That is what I have stated already that the response has to be considered as favourable because their representatives themselves were parties to the recommendation.

SHRI M. H. SAMUEL: Is it a fact that introduction of prohibition is mandatory under the Constitution and it is incumbent upon the States to implement it and is it not a fact that the State Governments are now making it a condition that the Centre should give them money for the loss they would incur by the implementation of prohibition?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: The hon. Member is substantially right. It is one of the Directive Principles of the Constitution that prohibition ought to be introduced as early as possible and it is with a view to facilitating the introduction of prohibition that the Government of India offered certain help so far as its financial side was concerned.

अधिकारियों द्वारा शराब पिये जाने की कदाचरण घोषित किया जाना

४६०. श्री भगवत नारायण भार्गव : क्या गृह-कार्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि केन्द्रीय मद्य निषेध समिति की सिफारिश के अनुसार क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार ने अपने अधिकारियों द्वारा शराब पिये जाने को कदाचरण घोषित कर दिया है ; और यदि हाँ, तो क्या सम्बद्ध आदेश की एक प्रति सभा पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ?

t [DECLARING CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR BY OFFICERS AS A MISCONDUCT

*460. SHRI B. N. BHARGAVA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state whether the Central Government have, in accordance with the recommendation of the Central Prohibition Committee, declared the consumption of liquor by their officers as misconduct and if so, whether a copy of the relevant order will be placed on the Table of the House?]

गृह-कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बी० एन० दातार) : अखिल भारतीय सेवाओं के अधिकारियों द्वारा कुछ परिस्थितियों में मादक द्रव्यों के सेवन को दुराचरण समझने के सम्बन्ध में एक प्रस्ताव राज्य सरकारों को उन की टिप्पणी के लिये भेजा गया था । कुछ राज्य सरकारों से अभी उत्तर आने बाकी हैं ।

t[THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME -AFFAIRS (SHRI B. N. DATAR): A proposal to treat as misconduct the use in certain circumstances of intoxicating- drinks by officers of the All India Services was referred to the State Governments for their comments. Replies from some of them are still awaited.]

श्री भगवत नारायण भार्गव : क्या जो प्रपोजल गवर्नमेंट ने प्रदेशों को भेजा था, उस की कापी सदन में रखने की कृपा करेंगे ?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: Sir, for their consideration certain tentative proposals were placed before the various State Governments. They were like these. These are tentative proposals. A Government servant shall not (a) be under the influence of intoxicating drinks or drugs while on duty; (b) habitually use intoxicating drinks or drugs to excess; and (c) appear in a public place in a state of intoxication.

SHRI K. SANTHANAM: Am I to understand that the Central Government has no idea whatsoever of prohibiting Central Government servants from intoxicating liquors?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: My friend's observations are entirely unfair. On the other hand Government have taken up this question and as it relates to All India Services whose officers are working in various States, it is but fair that they should be consulted before a rule is made.

SHRI K. SANTHANAM: May I point out that his reply says "the use in certain circumstances of intoxicating drinks"?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: I have read the circumstances also.

SHRI K. SANTHANAM: That is, they can drink at home, they can drink in private parties. They may not drink only at certain places. Is that the idea?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: May I explain the position? In India there are certain States which are completely dry like Maharashtra, Gujarat and Madras where drinking is itself an offence. There are other States where prohibition has not been introduced. That is the reason why as a first step towards complete prohibition these tentative rules are placed before the State Governments for their consideration.

श्री नवाबसिंह चौहान : जहाँ तक स्टेट गवर्नमेंट्स के कर्मचारियों का सवाल है, यह ठीक है . . .

श्री बी० एन० दातार : आल इंडिया सर्विसेज की बातें हैं ।

श्री नवाबसिंह चौहान : आल इंडिया सर्विसेज के लिये ये कायदे हैं, इस प्रकार यह सभी सर्विसेज के लिए हैं । आप आल इंडिया सर्विसेज के लिये कायदे बनाने के लिये राज्यों से पूछ सकते हैं । लेकिन जहाँ तक केन्द्रीय सरकार का सवाल है, राज्य सरकारों से राय जानने की आवश्यकता नहीं थी । आप एक माडल की तरह, एक आदर्श की भाँति अपन यहाँ से कोई ऐसी चीज पहले चलाते, लेकिन आप ने ऐसा क्यों नहीं किया?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: This question is also under consideration but the Government thought that it would be better to begin with the All India Services.

SHRI N. M. LINGAM: May I know whether pending finalisation of the Government's views in this matter, they propose to advise the State Governments that officers who are not particularly noted for their abstemious habits with regard to drinking should not be posted in charge of districts where they are expected to enforce total prohibition?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: No such difficulty has been experienced nor communicated to us by the State Governments.

SHRI DAHYABHAI V. PATEL: May I ask whether the Government view a person getting intoxicated with drinks as much undesirable as a person who is intoxicated with his own power?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: No reply is necessary to this question.

SHRI M. H. SAMUEL: It is a question of misconduct on the part of the Government servants. Is the mere act of drinking misconduct on the part of the Government servants or are the actions that follow from drinking misconduct? And there is another point I wanted to know. Is the Government

aware that in subjecting the Government servants to this rule they are really making the Government servants unequal before the law?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: No, Sir. That is not a correct approach.

شریمنی اینیس قدوائی : کیا یہ

قانون میمبس پارلیمنٹ پر بھی لاگو ہوگا؟

*[श्रीमती अनीस कदवई : क्या यह कानन मेम्बर्स पार्लियामेंट पर भी लागू होगा?]

SHRI B. N. DATAR: In fact a suggestion was made in the other House that such rules should be made applicable to hon. Members of Parliament also.

SHRI A. B. VAJPAYEE: Including Ministers.

(Interruptions.) SHRI B. N.

DATAR: They are also Members of Parliament.

SHRI A. D. MANI: The hon. Minister said that a circular has been sent to the State Governments. Does that circular cover also cases where Government officials consume liquor on *bona fide* medical grounds under a certificate of a medical practitioner?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: Similar certificates are issued in those States where the dry law is in operation. So on medical or health grounds sometimes permits are issued.

SHRI M. RUTHNASWAMY: In the phrase "intoxicating liquor" is the operative word "intoxicating" or "liquor"?

SHRI B. N. DATAR: Both.

जम्मू व काश्मीर राज्य के कालाकोट नामक स्थान पर कोयले की पट्टी का पाया जाना

४६१. श्री नवाबसिंह चौहान : क्या खान तथा ईंधन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

*[] Hindi transliteration.

(क) जम्मू व काश्मीर राज्य में कालाकोट नामक स्थान पर कोयले की जो पट्टी मिली है, उस से कितना कोयला प्राप्त होने की आशा है और यह कोयला किस श्रेणी का है ; और

(ख) इस की खुदाई की अब तक क्या व्यवस्था हुई है और कब तक काम शुरू होने की आशा है ?

t [DISCOVERY OF COAL SEAM AT KALA-KOT IN J. & K. STATE

*461. SHRI NAWAB SINGH CHAUHAN: Will the Minister of MINES AND FUEL be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity of coal which is expected to be obtained from the coal seam discovered at Kalakot in the State of Jammu and Kashmir and what is the grade of the coal found there; and

(b) what arrangements have so far been made to exploit it and by when the work is likely to start?!

खान तथा ईंधन मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री आर० एम० हजरनवीस) : (क) जम्मू और काश्मीर सरकार इस पट्टी के संचय को १०० मिलियन टन के होने की आशा करती है। कोयला उत्तम श्रेणी का है तथा लगभग चुने हुए ग्रेड "बी" का है।

(ख) जम्मू और काश्मीर सरकार ने "जम्मू तथा काश्मीर खनन एवं खनिज निगम (Jammu & Kashmir Mining and Minerals Corporation) के नाम से एक निगम की, जोकि कोयले के इन संचयों की खुदाई कर रहा है, स्थापना की है। इस वर्ष में बेरगुआ नामक स्थान पर एक लाख टन का वार्षिक उत्पादन करने वाली एक खान चालू हो गई है। सायर नामक स्थान पर दूसरी खान के लिये परियोजना रिपोर्ट, जोकि १.५ लाख टन का वार्षिक उत्पादन सुनिश्चय करती पूरी हो चुकी।

†[] English translation.