

SHRI M. RUTHNASWAMY: What is the annual intake of students in this College, and is admission open to students from other areas?

SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON: Sir, admission to this College is given on the same basis as in the Azad Medical College. The annual intake is as follows: For 1957-58 it is 65; for 1958-59 the total that we have is 111 and up to date it is 304. The annual intake is 50.

SHRI A. D. MANI: Is the medium of instruction in the College French or English or both?

SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON: Both.

\*577. [The questioner (Shri Babubhai Chinai) was absent. For answer vide cols 3058—61 infra.]

चीनी मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने वाले जापानी विशेषज्ञ

\*५७८. श्री भगवत नारायण भार्गव :  
क्या वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि (१) चीनी मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने वाले जापानी विशेषज्ञ की सेवायें भारत में चीनी मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने के उद्योग को कितने समय के लिये उपलब्ध कराई गई, (२) उसको कितना वेतन या मानदेय दिया गया, (३) उसने कहाँ कहाँ काम किया और (४) उसने क्या क्या काम किया ?

†[JAPANESE POTTERY EXPERT

\*578. SHRI B. N. BHARGAVA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state (i) the period for which the services of the Japanese pottery expert were made available to the pottery industry in India (ii) the salary or honorarium given to him (iii) the places where he worked and (iv) the details of the work done by him?]

THE MINISTER OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI

MANUBHAI SHAH): (i) The services of a Japanese pottery expert were made available under the Colombo Plan for a period of 1½ years from December 15, 1959 to June 15, 1961.

(ii), (iii) and (iv) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

#### STATEMENT

(ii) The Expert's salary and cost of his international travel and transportation of his personal effects to India and return were borne by the donor Government.

The following terms and facilities were extended to him during the period of his assignment in India:

1. Contribution towards rent at the rate of Rs. 15 per day.
2. Internal transportation on duty by 1st Class rail or air as considered necessary.
3. A car allowance was also admissible if he used his own car for official purposes and the average minimum monthly mileage exceeded 300 miles.
4. Daily allowance while on tour as for a First Grade officer of the Government of India.
5. Medical facilities on the same basis as for First Grade officers.

(iii) 1. Hind Ceramics, Calcutta.

2. Bengal Potteries, Calcutta.

3. Bengal Porcelain Co., Calcutta.

4. Orissa Industries, Barang.

5. Gwalior Potteries, Gwalior.

6. Sodepore Potteries, Calcutta.

7. Scindia Potteries, New Delhi.

8. Khadi and Village Industries Commission units in Bombay and Punjab.

†[ ] English translation.

(iv) Designing suitable furnaces, preparation of suitable pottery formulae and demonstration of manufacturing technique.

†[वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्रालय में अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार मंत्री (श्री मनुभाई शाह) :

(१) कोलम्बो योजना के अन्तर्गत १॥ वर्ष अर्थात् १५ दिसम्बर, १९५९ से १५ जून, १९६१ तक के लिये चीनी मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने वाले एक जापानी विशेषज्ञ की सेवायें उपलब्ध कराई गई थीं ।

(२), (३) और (४) सभा की मेज पर एक विवरण रखा जाता है ।

### विवरण

(२) विशेषज्ञ का वेतन तथा उसकी अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय यात्रा और उसके भारत आने और यहां से वापस जाने का खर्च भेजने वाली सरकार ने वहन किया था ।

यह विशेषज्ञ जितने समय भारत में रहा, उसे निम्नलिखित सुविधायें दी गईं :

१. १५ रु० प्रति दिन के हिसाब से किराये के रूप में अंशदान ।

२. ड्यूटी पर देश के अन्दर जाने आने के लिये जहां कहीं आवश्यक हो रेल की पहली श्रेणी अथवा हवाई जहाज का किराया ।

३. यदि वह सरकारी कामों के लिये प्रति मास औसतन कम से कम ३०० मील से अधिक अपनी कार का उपयोग करता है तो उसे कार का भत्ता भी दिया जा सकेगा ।

४. भारत सरकार के प्रथम ग्रेड के अधिकारी के बराबर दौरे पर जाने के लिये दैनिक भत्ता ।

५. प्रथम ग्रेड के अधिकारियों के बराबर चिकित्सा सुविधायें ।

- (३) १. हिन्द सिरेमिक्स, कलकत्ता  
२. बंगाल पाटरीज, कलकत्ता  
३. बंगाल पोर्सिलेन कं०, कलकत्ता  
४. उड़ीसा इण्डस्ट्रीज, बारंग  
५. ग्वालियर पाटरीज, ग्वालियर  
६. सोदपुर पाटरीज, कलकत्ता  
७. सिन्दिया पाटरीज, नई दिल्ली  
८. बम्बई और पंजाब के खादी तथा ग्रामोद्योग आयोग के कारखाने ।

(४) उपयुक्त भट्टियों की डिजाइनें बनाना, मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने के लिये उपयुक्त सूत्र तैयार करना तथा निर्माण संबंधी प्राविधिक प्रदर्शन करना । ]

श्री भगवत नारायण भार्गव : क्या मैं जान सकता हूं कि इन विशेषज्ञों ने जिन ८ स्थानों में अपने काम का प्रदर्शन किया उनके अलावा किन्हीं और स्थानों में भी किया या नहीं ?

श्री मनुभाई शाह : इन ८ स्थानों के अलावा इन्होंने और कहीं अपने काम का प्रदर्शन नहीं किया । लेकिन इनका काम इतना अच्छा रहा कि हमारे पास इनके बारे में चिट्ठियां आ रही हैं और हम ने १२ महीने के बजाय १८ महीने तक इनका इस देश में अपने काम का प्रदर्शन करने का समय बढ़ा दिया है ।

श्री भगवत नारायण भार्गव : विशेषज्ञों पर कितना रुपया सरकार का खर्च हो रहा है ?

श्री मनुभाई शाह : ये लोग कोलम्बो प्लान के मातहत यहां आये थे । जहां तक फ़ॉरेन एक्सचेन्ज का ताल्लुक है, हिन्दुस्तान के अन्दर उन्हें १५ रुपये रोज किराया और उसके साथ कार का जो खर्च है, मिलता था ।

**SHRI N. SRI RAMA REDDY:** Sir, I do not have the statement with me. I would like to know some details. Is the Adviser like the other Advisers to the Government of India or is he handling the factory and demonstrating methods of manufacture of different types of pottery?

**SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH:** As I have stated in the Statement, Sir, this gentleman has gone away. He stayed here for eighteen months under the Colombo Plan. He was going and visiting these factories and giving them practical advice as to how to save on fuel, how to improve the composition of clays and how to reduce costs.

**SHRI DEOKINANDAN NARAYAN:** May I know if he had come only to advise the pottery factory or even the village potters?

**SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH:** He came here for the entire gamut of industries in the organised sector.

#### INDIAN TRADER DETAINED IN YATUNG

**\*579. SHRI FARIDUL HAQ ANSARI:** Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an Indian trader was recently detained in Yatung by the Chinese authorities; and

(b) if so, what was the reason for his detention?

**THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DINESH SINGH):** (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Indian trader who was detained by the Chinese authorities was refused permission to leave for India on the ground that a complaint made against him by a Bhutanese national is under investigation.

**SHRI FARIDUL HAQ ANSARI:** May I know whether this Indian trader has been allowed to return to India

and, if so, whether he has been allowed to bring back his goods?

**SHRI DINESH SINGH:** He has been allowed to come back and he has in fact returned, Sir.

**\*580.** [The questioner (Shri Sitaram Jaipuria) was absent. For answer, vide col. 3061 infra.]

**\*581.** [The questioner (Shri V. M. Chordia) was absent. For answer, vide cols. 3061—63 infra.]

#### RADIO SETS SUPPLIED UNDER COMMUNITY LISTENING SCHEME

**\*582. SHRI LOKANATH MISRA:** Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) the number of radio sets supplied to institutions under the Community Listening Scheme in different States so far; and

(b) the proportion of the cost borne by the Central and State Governments and the institutions?

**THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI SHAM NATH):**

(a) Under the Community Listening Subsidy Scheme, community listening sets are supplied to the State Governments and Union Territories for installation in rural areas and not to any particular institutions. Upto 1961-62, 74,698 sets have been supplied to the State Governments.

(b) Under the Subsidy Scheme, Government of India grant subsidy to State Governments upto 50 per cent. of the cost of the sets and auxiliaries or Rs. 125 per set, whichever is less. The State Governments are supposed to recover not less than 25 per cent of the cost of the sets from the villagers and the rest is borne by the State Governments concerned.

**SHRI LOKANATH MISRA:** May I know if there is any particular brand or model of radio for distribution, if there is any particular type of radio?