

بعد کم سے کم ایک آرڈینری کال دو  
 بھی موقع ملنا چاہئے - تو اس  
 سلسلہ میں حکومت کیا رعایت دینا  
 چاہتی ہے ؟

†[**श्री ए० एम० तारिक :** मेरा सवाल  
 यह नहीं था कि मशीन में क्या किया गया है ।  
 मेरा सवाल यह है कि जो प्रेफरेंस का सवाल  
 है कि बहुत बड़ी तादाद अर्जेंट काल्स की होती  
 है और सरकारी काल्स की होती है उसके  
 मुकाबले में जो आम जनता-गरीब जनता-  
 आर्डिनरी काल करती है उसको भी कम से  
 कम कुछ रियायत मिलनी चाहिये । आपकी  
 दस अर्जेंट काल या पांच इम्पार्टेंट काल के  
 बाद कम से कम एक आर्डिनरी काल को भी  
 मौका मिलना चाहिये । तो इस सिलसिले  
 में हुकूमत क्या रियायत देना चाहती है ?]

**SHRI B. BHAGAVATI:** It is under consideration.

**SHRI BABUBHAI CHINAI:** In view of the fact that the hon. Minister has said that this thing would only take place provided the required resources are there, may I know whether the Government has made any arrangement to start any factory for the making of telephones or are they planning to have any telephone manufacturing concern besides the one which they have in Bangalore?

**MR. CHAIRMAN:** Have you other plans?

**SHRI B. BHAGAVATI:** We have proposals to augment the production in our telecommunication production centres and we have proposals also to have more factories if resources are made available.

\*215. [The questioner (Shri J. H. Joshi) was absent. For answer, vide col. 1217 infra.]

**TUBERCULIN INJECTIONS TO CASHEW WORKERS AT ENATH (KERALA)**

\*216. **SHRI M. M. S. SIDDHU:** Will the Minister of HEALTH be pleased to state:

†[ ] Hindi transliteration.

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the report published in "The Mail" of 6th June, 1962 that 44 cashew workers in a cashew factory at Enath (Kerala) were removed to hospital after they were given injections of tuberculin on the 5th June, 1962;

(b) if so, what were the reasons for such a severe reaction of the injections;

(c) what was the strength of tuberculin used and why there was preponderance of reaction in women; and

(d) what steps Government propose to take to prevent such reactions?

**THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH (DR. D. S. RAJU):** (a) Yes.

(b) These are being investigated but are presumed to be functional.

(c) Tuberculin used was Rt 23 with between 80 in 1 TU strength. Functional symptoms are mostly in women and so it is likely that this was the cause.

(d) The tuberculin used is being analysed and the whole episode is being fully investigated and the action to be taken will be decided on the result of the enquiry.

**SHRI M. M. S. SIDDHU:** I would like to draw the attention of the Minister to the "Times of India", June 18, in which it is alleged that tuberculin was locally contaminated. Has the attention of the Government been drawn to it?

**DR. D. S. RAJU:** The tuberculin was sent to Guindy for investigation and it has been found that it was non-toxic but it was found that there was some contamination.

**SHRI M. M. S. SIDDHU:** I would like to know whether the policy of the Government has been changed in regard to B.C.G. because adults usually give positive non-specific re-action. Formerly B.C.G. was being applied to the children age group where the number of persons negative to tuberculin

were more who could profit by the B.C.G.

DR. D. S. RAJU: There is no change in the policy. Tuberculin is injected to non-reactors.

SHRI M. M. S. SIDDHU: In this factory there were about 50 persons, women mostly, who were tested. Are they of the children age group?

DR. D. S. RAJU: All ages are tested.

SHRI T. S. AVINASHILINGAM CHETTIAR: May I know if there was contamination found in the Guindy factory, have they investigated as to where the contamination began?

DR. D. S. RAJU: That is being investigated now.

गार्डिनरी काल को भी कोई इम्पार्टेंट

स्वीडिश रेड क्रॉस द्वारा स्वीडिश क्राउनों की पेशकश

\*१५७. श्री राम सहाय: क्या स्वास्थ्य मंत्री वैदेशिक कार्य मंत्रालय के १९६१-६२ के प्रतिवेदन के पृष्ठ ५७ को देखेंगे और यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) स्वीडिश रेड क्रॉस द्वारा ३ लाख स्वीडिश क्राउन देने की जो पेशकश की गई थी उसका क्या परिणाम निकला और उससे क्या लाभ उठाया गया ; और

(ख) क्या इस सहायता के आधार पर कुछ संबंधी कोई प्रयोग किये जा सके हैं ?

†[OFFER OF SWEDISH CROWNS BY SWEDISH RED CROSS

\*157. SHRI RAM SAHAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH be pleased to refer to page 57 of the Report of the Ministry of External Affairs for the year 1961-62 and state:

(a) what has been the outcome of the offer of 3 lakh Swedish crowns

made by the Swedish Red Cross, and how it has been availed of; and

(b) whether it has been possible to undertake any experiments on leprosy on the basis of this assistance?]

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH (DR. D. S. RAJU): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha in due course.

§†[स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (डा० टी० एस० राजू) : (क) और (ख) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और यथा समय सभा-पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ।]

श्री राम सहाय : क्या मैं यह जान सकता हूँ कि इस कुष्ठ रोग के संबंध में आपने इस प्रकार का सर्वे किया है कि जिससे यह मान्य हो सके कि भारत में यह रोग घट रहा है या बढ़ रहा है ?

DR. D. S. RAJU: The information is that this amount of 3 lakh Swedish crowns was offered to the Vellore Christian Medical College, and it is intended for research and expansion, research on tuberculosis and leprosy. There is no evidence that the disease is increasing.

‘सहकारी समाज’

\*२१७. श्री राम सहाय : क्या सामुदायिक विकास, पंचायती राज और सहकार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि क्या ‘सहकारी समाज’ नामक ग्रंथ अब बिक्री के लिये उपलब्ध हो गया है और यदि नहीं, तो यह कब तक उपलब्ध हो जायेगा और इसका क्या मूल्य रखा गया है ?

†[“SAHKARI SAMAJ”

217. SHRI RAM SAHAI: Will the Minister of COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, PANCHAYATI RAJ AND CO-OPERATION be

†Transferred from the 20th June, 1962.

†[ ] English translation.

§†[ ] Hindi translation.

†[ ] English translation.