## SLAVERY IN NEFA

- S GURUPADA \*137 Shri M SWAMY Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state
- (a) whether it is a fact that a large number of slaves still exist in the North East Frontier Agency.
- (b) whether Government have made efforts to collect the number of slaves there, and
  - (c) if so, what is their number?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON) (a) to (c) Slavery in NEFA heritage from the period when and inter-tribal feuds ter-village were a common feature of the life of the people. Since independence, the Government have been making all possible efforts to eradicate this evil

According to an assessment made during 1961, the number of unliberated slaves was estimated to be about 5,500 Of these, 591 were emancipated between April and September, 1961 and approximately 2 200 between October, 1961 and March, 1962

The NEFA Administration issued orders completely abolishing slavery from the NEFA after the 31st March, 1962

Some slaves in the more remote villages in the interior, however, still remain to be emancipated. The NEFA Administration are taking vigorous steps for their emancipation

SHRI M S GURUPADA SWAMY: In view of the large percentage of slavery, what measure have been taken to punish those people have been employing such slaves?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU The question of punishment hardly arises They were doing something which ac-

cording to them was traditional, customary and lawful Change-over has gradually been made It 1, not very easy to pass a law suddenly and find it understood and practised by everyquestion of Therefore the punishment hardly arises. We try to do these things without creating fresh troubles, but where law has obviou ly violated then some punishment given

to Questions

SHRI M S GURUPADA SWAMY: May I know whether any steps have been taken in regard to educating the people for removing slavery propaganda, education and the like?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: General education is given A large number of schools have been opened there and I suppose some propaganda has been done in regard to thi also

MANUFACTURE OF BALL-POINT PEN INK

- \*138 SHRI A B VAJPAYEE Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state
- (a) whether it is a fact that a factory for the manufacture of ball-point pen ink is being set-up in Rajkot with the collaboration of the United States of America.
- (b) if so, the names of the licences and the collaborators,
- (c) whether it is a fact that raw materials for the factory will also be imported from the United States of America, and
- (d) the total amount of foreign exchange sanctioned for the project?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (Shri N Kanungo):

- (a) Government have approved such a scheme
  - (b) 1 Shri Dhirajlal Mohanlai Joshi, Rajkot (Gujarat)
    - (2) M/s Formulabs Inc Escondido, California, USA.

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- (c) Some raw materials will be imported but the country of origin i; not known at present.
- (d) Some foreign exchange will be required for the import of certain raw materials. No foreign exchange will be required for plant and machinery as these will be imported against foreign investment in the scheme.

श्री ए० बी० शाजियों: क्या सरकार ने इस बात का पता लगाया है कि विना विदेशी सहयोग के इसका निर्माण यहां नहीं हो सकता?

श्री एन० कानूनगो : जी हा, इसकी जाच पड़ताल हुई भ्रीर बिना सहयोग के इसका निर्माण नहीं हो सकता ।

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: How is it that even for manufacturing ball point we have now to invite or import foreign investment in our country, apart from technical know-how?

SHRI N. KANUNGO: It is not ball point; it is only ink.

## पाकिस्तानियों का जलपाईगुड़ी में धुस ग्राना

\*१३६. श्री विमलकुमार मन्नालालजी चौरड़िया: क्या प्रश्नान मंत्री यह बताने की कपा करेगे कि:

- (क) ६ तथा ६ जनवरी, १६६२ को कितने पाकिस्तानी भारत के जलपाईगुडी जिले में घस ग्राये थे;
- (ख) क्या यह सच हैं कि उनको पाकिस्तान की हथियारबंद पुलिस की सहायना प्राप्त थी;
- (ग) बलात् प्रवेश करने वाले इन लोगो को किन कारणो से गिरफ्तार नहीं किया गया:
- (घ) उक्त घटना के बारे में किस किस तारीख़ को राज्य एवं कूटनीतिक स्तर पर विरोध पत्र भेजे गये; ग्रौर

- (ङ) इन विरोध पत्रो काक्या परि-णाम रहा?
- †[Infiltration of Pakistanis into Jalpaiguri
- \*139. Shri V. M. CHORDIA: Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of Pakistanis who infiltrated into Jalpalguri District of jindia on the 6th and 9th January, 1962;
- (b) whether it is a fact that they were assisted by Pakistani armed police;
- (c) what are the reasons for not arresting the intruders;
- (d) what are the dates when protests regarding these incidents were gent on State and Diplomatic levels; and
- (e) what has been the outcome of the protests?]

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON): (a) On the 6th January, 1962 about 50 Pakistani nationals were noticed catching fish in the Indian waters of the river Panga on the border of Jalpaiguri district. On 9th January, 1962 a few Pakistani nationals crossed the river and fixed a bamboo pole on Indian territory.

- (b) Several East Pakistan Rifles personnel were seen standing on the Pakistan bank of the river.
- (c) The intruders fled away to Pakistan as soon as the Indian border police appeared on the scene.
- (d) The West Bengal Government jodged a protest on 11th, January and the Deputy High Commissioner for India, on 19th January, 1962, with the East Pakistan Government.
- (e) The East Pakistan Government in their replies to the West Bengal
  - †[ ] English translation.