

हो, सब जगह बढ़ाया जाये। लेकिन यह काम धीरे धीरे होगा और इसके लिये सरकार जो भी हो सकता है, कर रही है।

SHRI ARJUN ARORA: May I know, Sir, what stands in the way of extension of this scheme to all public sector enterprises quite speedily?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: As hon. Member knows, there must be peaceful industrial relations in the unit before we can have the scheme experimented in that unit. We have tried a number of places and we are trying it in other places. So far the results have been encouraging but there are some difficulties which we are trying to overcome.

SHRI ARJUN ARORA: May I know, Sir, what steps the Government is taking to improve industrial relations in the public sector undertakings, so that this very useful scheme may be put into practice in those undertakings?

SHRI L. N. MISHRA: The whole thing depends upon the attitude and approach of the trade union organisations and the management. The Ministry of Labour and Employment have been trying their best to improve the relations between the two, since as a result of the improvement in relations alone this experiment will succeed.

A.I.R. BROADCAST OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY'S DRAFT PROGRAMME

•626. SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether any mention of the Draft Programme of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union was included in the All India Radio news Bulletins of July 30, 1961; and

(b) whether he will be pleased to lay on the Table of the House the transcript of the All India Radio news bulletin for the AH India Radio broadcasts in English at 9 P.M. on the 30th July, 1961?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (DR. B. V. KESKAR): (a) Yes, Sir, in the morning bulletins of All India Radio.

(b) The desired transcript is placed on the Table of the Sabha.

Transcript of 9 P.M. AIR News
Bulletin of 30th July, 1961

THIS IS ALL INDIA RADIO: HERE IS THE NEWS READ BY NEEL BATRA.

The United Arab Republic is to send armed forces and military equipment to Tunisia to support here efforts for the evacuation of French troops.

Liberia has called for a special session of the UN General Assembly to discuss Bizerta.

In Vientiane, the Laotian National Congress has approved a constitutional amendment seeking to confer wider powers on King Savang Vathana.

The Union Minister of Industry, Mr. Manubhai Shah, has said the third machine-tools factory will be set up near Pinjore in Punjab.

The Planning Commission has convened a meeting in Delhi on Tuesday to consider the situation arising from the recent floods.

In Kashmir, steps are being taken to raise additional revenue from timber.

The United Arab Republic has begun despatching military equipment to Tunisia to support her efforts for the withdrawal of French troops from Tunisian territory. This has been announced by the Tunisian Foreign

Minister who has returned from Cairo after talks with President Nasser. He said the United Arab Republic was giving Tunisia full support.

Earlier, it was announced in Cairo that the United Arab Republic would immediately send armed forces to Tunisia to help her face all eventualities.

At United Nations Headquarters, Liberia has called for a special session of the U.N. General Assembly to discuss Bizerta following the Security Council's failure to reach any decision on the question.

The Council which resumed its debate on Bizerta last night had three resolutions before it. Two of them sponsored by the United Arab Republic, Liberia and Ceylon and the other by Turkey. The three-nation to express serious ench refusal to with. to their previous posit, in Bizerta. The second resolution sponsored by the same countries said it ion represented a threat to ;d peace. Tt called for immediate - i ween France and Tunisia for nation of French forces. The third resolution tabled by Turkey urged that negotiations be he.d for a peaceful settlement including a definite solution of the question of Bizerta having due regard for Tunisian sovereignty.

All the three resolutions failed to get the requisite number of votes for adoption by the Council.

Tunisia, Morocco and Saudi Arabia are to send troops to Kuwait to form an inter-Arab force to safeguard the Sheikdom's independence and to relieve British troops there. The inter-Arab contingent is expected to take charge of protecting Kuwait's independence by the middle of September.

In Vientiane, the Laotian National Congress has approved a constitutional amendment seeking to confer wider powers on King Savang Va-thana. It has authorised the King to take over the Government or to no-ite a Prime Minister.

It is reported that leaders of the Right Wing Government in Laos are likely to offer the Prime Ministership to the neutralist leader, Prince Sou-vanna Phouma. Prince Souvanna Phouma is however quoted as saying that he would not present himself to the King until the decisions taken by three Laotian leaders at Zurich were implemented.

The Katanga leader, Mr. Tshombe, has gone to Brazzaville in the former ch Congo and is likely to have s with the Congolese President Mr. Kasavubu. Reports say the talks will concern the possible representation of Katanga in the Congolese Parliament now meeting near Leopoldville.

The Congolese Parliament has agreed to form a coalition Government but there is still disagreement on who should become the Prime Minister. The Stanleyville and the Leopi groups in Pai I to share the ministerial portfolios. Political circles in Leopoldville believe that President Kasavubu may invite Mr. Kazitato, President of the Leopoldville Province to head the coalition.

The American State Department has rejected Cuba's move to bring before the Security Council the question of the seized U.S. airliner. It says this is an attempt to divert attention from the incident; and added that the United States is still pressing its demand for the immediate release of the airliner. The airliner was seized in mid-air a few days ago and was forced at gun point to land in Cuban territory.

THIS NEWS BOARDCAST COMES TO YOU FROM ALL INDIA RADIO

The Third Machine-Tools Factory in the country is to be set up near Pinjore in Punjab. It is expected to cost about eight to ten crores of rupees. Disclosing this, the Union Minister of Industry, Mr. Manubhai Shah has said that East Germany has agreed to provide technical assistance for setting up the factory. The Punjab Government would make available the land required.

Mr. Manubhai Shah was inaugurating the All India Hand Pounding Workers Conference at Pinjore today.

Test drilling is proposed to be started in Uttar Pradesh where a big oil-bearing structure has been located near Shahjahanpur.

Surveys has indicated the presence of sediments in the Western and south-western portions of Jaisalmer in Rajasthan also. Further exploration is to be carried out in this region.

Mr. Shriman Narayan, Member of the Planning Commission, said in Poona today that the Commission would convene a meeting in Delhi on Tuesday to consider the situation arising from the recent floods in various parts of the country. The meeting would be of a preliminary nature and would examine whether any changes are required in the flood-control schemes in the Third Plan. It will be attended, among others, by representatives of the Union Ministry of Irrigation and Power and the Central Water and Power Commission.

The major breach on the right bank of the Coleroon river below the grand Anicut in the Tanjore district of Madras State has been completely closed. The breach, one thousand foot wide, occurred on the seventh of this month, following heavy floods in the Cauvery and the Coleroon. Services of the army had been requisitioned for plugging the breach.

In Orissa, the Kalasri-Gopalpur bridge which has been damaged by floods is to be repaired within ten days. Seven hundred persons are working to repair the bridge; one thousand or more will join them immediately.

It has been officially stated that taccavi loans will be granted to agriculturists in the flood affected area. Foodgrains are to be supplied at concession rates. Gratuitous relief to the sick, the landless and the invalid, will be continued until test relief works begin.

Above five hundred instruments to record earthquakes are to be installed in the Himalayas, right from Jammu and Kashmir State to Assam. These instruments are being manufactured at the school of Earthquake Engineering of Roorkee University. The instruments, are made mostly of indigenous material.

The School at Roorkee is conducting experiments on the resistance to earthquake shocks of buildings made of different materials. This work is financed by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. The services of a Japanese expert have been obtained for this purpose under the Colombo Plan.

In Kashmir, steps are being taken to forest resources in the north west and to haul timber to Kashmir Valley over the Tunkian Pass without any unloading on the way. Conveyor to be installed at several places for the purpose. Additional revenue of core rupees a year is expected from timber.

The General Secretary of the Kashmir Front, Mr. M. M. Hashim, has issued a statement in New Delhi describing the Pakistan President's stand on, Kashmir as a stupefying example of lack of policy. He says the fact that President Ayub Khan has lost all relations with reality has been proved beyond all doubt.

The Revolutionary Socialist Party which has ended a six-day Conference in New Delhi, has passed a resolution calling for a change in Government's policy on Goa so that the liberation of the Goan people could be hastened. The resolution urges the people of the country to extend all possible help to the Goan people in their struggle against the Portuguese.

In a resolution on linguistic minorities, the Revolutionary Socialist Party says that the safeguards provided in the Constitution are inadequate to meet the rights of these minorities.

The meeting also passed a resolution condemning French aggression in Bizerta.

THIS IS ALL INDIA RADIO,
GIVING YOU THE NEWS

A medical bulletin on the President's health issued this evening says that Dr. Rajendra Prasad has had a very comfortable day and is feeling cheerful. Progress is encouraging and satisfactory.

Assam's Minister for Agriculture and Supply, Mr. Moin-ul-Haq Chau-dhury, met the Prime Minister Mr. Nehru today. Later, he said he had informed Mr. Nehru of the general situation in Cachar, the hill areas and other parts of the State. He added that conditions in Assam were settling down. He said he hoped that the All-Party Hill leaders' Conference would reconsider its decision to begin an agitation for separation.

The Union Home Minister, Mr. Lai Bahadur Shastri, has called upon Government employees to adopt a constructive and not an agitational approach to their problems. An agitational approach, he said, would only hamper work, without solving any problem. Mr. Lai Bahadur Shastri was addressing a meeting organised by Government Servants Colonies

Associations in New Delhi this evening.

He referred to the Government's decision to upgrade Delhi to an 'A' class city and said this had been done even before the final census figures were available. Government had taken this step not because of pressure from any quarter but because they were aware of the difficulties faced by Government employees in the Capital.

The Union Government have appointed a Committee to prescribe standards of post graduate medical education. The Committee consists, among others, of Dr. B. C. Roy, chief Minister of West Bengal, Dr. C. S. Patel, President of the Medical Council and Dr. Jivaraj Mehta, Chief Minister of Gujerat.

A Standing Commission for scientific and technical terminology is to be set up shortly. It will be headed by Dr. D. S. Kothari, Chairman of the University Grants Commission. The Commission will formulate principles relating to coordination and evolution of scientific and technical terminology in Hindi and other languages.

Mineral production in the country last year showed an increase of about 15 per cent, over that of the previous year. According to provisional estimates, minerals worth nearly 160 crores of rupees were produced. This does not include atomic minerals and petroleum. The increase was mainly due to the expansion of the output of coal, iron ore, copper ore, and some other minerals.

The output of foodgrains in Madhya Pradesh during the second Plan increased by fourteen lakh tons. Six and a half lakhs acres of land were brought under irrigation. Power output also went up.

Talks are beginning in Tokyo on Wednesday between representatives of Japan and India on the terms of the

Japanese loan to India. The aid will be extended as part of the two thousand two hundred and twentyfive million dollar assistance to be given to India by the International Consortium of friendly countries.

In Singapore, several former members of the Ruling People's Action Party have formed a new party called the Socialist Front. The new party, it is reported, includes three former Parliamentary Secretaries and several members of, the Assembly. All of them were expelled from the People's Action Party.

The Weather:

The forecast until tomorrow evening is that heavy to very heavy rain is likely in Punjab, Himachal Pradesh and Kumaon hills. A few heavy showers are also forecast in the Sub-Himalayan, West Bengal, the Bihar Plateau, plains of Uttar Pradesh, Konkan and coastal Mysore.

AND NOW BEFORE WE END THE NEWS, HERE ONCE AGAIN ARE THE MAIN POINTS:

(REPEAT HEADLINES)

AND THAT IS THE END OF THE NEWS.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: This Draft Programme of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union was published on the morning of the 30th July, and it became the leading news next day in almost all the papers in England, the U.S.A., France, and so on. May I know what sense of news led the All India Radio to completely black out this thing which had become a news in all the capital seven of the Western countries and was broadcast from there, when such minor items like those you find on page 5 of the annexure, "In Singapore, several former members" . . .

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: You put a question.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: When you see such items at page 5, why was this news blacked out? I am not asking it from an ideological angle. As I said, London, Washington, Paris, all gave it.

SHRI P. N. RAJABHOJ: The hon. Member is making a speech. He is not asking a question.

DR. B. V. KESKAR: The importance of an item of interest is to be judged by us and not by Mr. Bhupesh Gupta.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Yes, yes.

DR. B. V. KESKAR: You need not say "yes", "yes". I am replying to the Chair.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Yes, it is judged by him.

DR. B. V. KESKAR: Certainly. We generally do not give the details unless we consider them extremely necessary. We do not give generally programmes of foreign political parties. The item was given as soon as we thought it necessary. I do not see any reason for it to be given in other bulletins simply because some papers here and there have published it.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: When I say "yes", "yes", you judge it. You correct him, Sir. I say "yes" in support of him.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: He does not need any support.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Now, Sir, it is a fantastic answer which the hon. Member has given to the question as to why the All India Radio has not given it. When it has some news value that the ruling party of one of the greatest countries in the world . . .

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: No argument.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Then how can I explain to him?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: This is not the place for you to explain. The question hour is not for you to explain.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: It is for what?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: It is for you to elicit information.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: But I must elicit information from him, not from you. But he does not understand the question.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: It is not eliciting information.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Then how can I ask him?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: You put a question.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: The question is this. Does the hon. Minister think that such a programme or such aspects of a programme of this kind have no news value whatsoever and may I, know why in view of the fact that various other radio stations in the Western world, the Indian press and the press of the western countries treated this as a news item of very great importance, the hon. Minister did not reconsider the news bulletin of that day to find out the reason for its being left out in this manner, and whether it was due to political prejudice?

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Order, order.

DR. B. V. KESKAR: The question is no reason. As I said, we do not give generally details of programmes of political parties in foreign countries whether it is the U.S.A. or whether it

is the U.S.S.R. or other countries. Where the programmes or decisions of any party are of sufficient interest to our readers, we give them to the extent that we consider necessary. I do not see any ground to give particular or detailed reasons why we have given it once only and why we have not repeated it.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: That is not my question.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Order, order.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know what purpose is going to I.) what particular purpose. Mr. Bhupesh Gupta wants to

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: You, must . Bhupesh Gupta.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: Sir, let me complete my question.

What, particular purpose is going to be mentioned in the news bulletin of the programmes of the Soviet Union broadcasted by Mr. Bhupesh Gupta?

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: Please, I am not asking him. I know the importance of this thing. In a few minutes you will know why it is being given. I have given details. Why the Soviet Union programme is being broadcasted by Mr. Bhupesh Gupta?

DR. B. V. KESKAR: It is just for us to decide the importance of the news.

SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Was there any desire on the part of the All India Radio to black out this, news for any reason whatsoever?

DR. B. V. KE3KAR: The news was given, and the hon. Member wants that the news should be repeated in two or three different bulletins on different days.

**SETTING UP OF FOREIGN CONSULTANT
ENGINEERING FIRMS**

*627. SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are at present examining proposals received from some American, Swiss and Italian firms for setting up consultant engineering concerns in India with Indian collaboration;

(b) if so, what are the main features of the proposed consulting firms: and

(c) what is Government's reaction towards those proposals?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MANUEHAI SHAH): (a) Yes, Sir).

(b) and (c) The proposals are still under examination and discussion with the parties concerned. It would therefore be early to mention the details of these proposals or Government's decisions on them at the present stage.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know whether the Government are considering the possibility of setting up such firms in the present stage?

SHRI MANUEHAI SHAH: At the moment we are not in a position to say anything about it. We are at present studying the possibility of setting up such firms in the present stage.

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: These are most important questions. Will the Minister be pleased to answer them?

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We have got a tremendous advantage and they have also collected

knowledge. There are seven proposals wesent under cons:deration. and details are being considered with every individual party.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know whether the Government are considering the possibility of setting up such firms in the present stage?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: No, Sir, on the contrary we will help us. So far as the Government are concerned:

We want to develop indigenous technical "know-how" and technical skill through consulting, bureaus of this type.

**ACCIDENT IN THE NEWTON CHICKLI
COLLIERY**

*62R. SHRI NIRANJAN SINGH: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

whether it is a fact that recently an accident occurred in the Newton Chickli Colliery in the District of Chhindwara, Madhya Pradesh; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF NB EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING (SHRI L. N. M.

is being laid on the Table of the House.

• M.TAN SINGH: May I know when this accident took place?

HRA: We have not ally. We have A report has been submitted.

TRANJAN SINGH: In how soon is it expected to be completed? Within three or four months?