

श्री राम सहाय : ये जो २३ व्यक्ति भारत में आये हैं उनमें से कितने ले लिये गये हैं और कितने बाकी रह गये हैं ?

श्री गोविन्द बल्लभ पन्त : इसमें मैंने कहा है कि ११ पूल में सम्मिलित हुए हैं और बाकी जो हैं उनमें से २ के बारे में अभी लिखा-पढ़ी हो रही है या उनकी कहीं पर नियुक्ति करने का प्रश्न देखा जा रहा है। २ ने कोई जवाब नहीं दिया, ४ और जगह कामों में लग गये, १ का मामला खत्म हो गया क्योंकि उनकी तरफ से कोई स्वाहिश मालूम नहीं हुई और ३ से अभी लिखा-पढ़ी हो रही है।

श्री राम सहाय : जो अभी वापिस आये हैं उनमें से साइन्स जानने वाले या इंजीनियरिंग जानने वाले कुछ व्यक्ति हैं क्या ?

श्री गोविन्द बल्लभ पन्त : मेरा खयाल है कि ज्यादातर ऐसे ही लोग होंगे।

SHRI T. S. AVINASHILINGAM CHETTIAR: This scheme works for the reason that many of our scientists and technologists have settled in the U.S.A. and this is to attract them back to our country. So I cannot understand how out of 123, only 66 persons have been selected for appointment in this country. May I know whether all people who applied have not been selected?

SHRI GOVIND BALLABH PANT: All people who applied for the pool have not been selected. The selections have been made at the spot, in some cases by the Chairman of the U.P.S.C. himself and in some others, in collaboration with the experts in our Embassies and others in the countries concerned.

BOOKS PUBLISHED IN INDIA DURING THE YEAR 1959

*626. **SHRI BAIKAGI DWIBEDY:** Will the Minister of SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether, according to the United Nations Statistical Year Book 1960, India published 17,433 books in the year 1959 out of which 16,117 were first editions;

(b) if so, whether this number of books, including first editions, includes translations of foreign books also; and

(c) if the answer to part (b) above be in the affirmative, what is the number of such foreign books translated into various Indian languages?

THE MINISTER OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS (SHRI HUMAYUN KABIR): (a) These figures relate to the year 1958 and were published in the United Nations Statistical Year Book 1959 (not 1960).

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) 439, including 429 first editions.

SHRI BAIKAGI DWIBEDY: May I know in how many languages the books are published in India?

SHRI HUMAYUN KABIR: The bibliography published is in English and includes all the languages recognised in the Constitution. We have also included English and Sindhi.

SHRI FARIDUL HAQ ANSARI: How many in Urdu have been published in India during this period?

SHRI HUMAYUN KABIR: That question requires notice for answer, because I have the list of only the total here but I would refer the hon. Member to the bibliography which we have published and which is available in the Library in which lists are given both subject-wise and language-wise.

श्री पा० ना० राजभोज : क्या मैं यह जान सकता हूँ कि इन किताबों में से सरकार की तरफ से कितनी किताबें प्रकाशित हुई हैं और किताबों के विषय के अनुसार क्लासिफिकेशन कैसा है ?

SHRI HUMAYUN KABIR: I said just now that the number I have given is the total of books excluding serials, periodicals and ephemeris. All of these have been included in the number and since we are now publishing the National Bibliography, the answer to all these questions will be found in it.

SHRI BAIRAGI DWIBEDY: Who is the supplier of the statistics to the U.N.?

SHRI HUMAYUN KABIR: The National Library, Calcutta, which is working on behalf of the Central National Reference Library is the organisation which supplies this information.

MANUFACTURE OF SPECIAL STEEL SECTIONS FOR FABRICATION BY M/S. MAN INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LTD., JAIPUR

*627. **SHRI MULKA GOVINDA REDDY:** Will the Minister of STEEL, MINES AND FUEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether M/s. Man Industrial Corporation Limited, Jaipur has been licensed to manufacture special steel sections for the fabrication of steel doors and windows;

(b) if so, since when they are manufacturing these sections; and

(c) by whom the special steel sections manufactured by M/s. Man Industrial Corporation Limited, Jaipur are distributed to the fabricators of these sections?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL, MINES AND FUEL (SARDAR SWARAN SINGH):

(a) This firm is a recognised re-roller and has been authorised to roll special sections for fabrication of doors and windows.

(b) April, 1953.

(c) As the window sections are not a controlled category, there is no control over sale and distribution of these items.

SHRI MULKA GOVINDA REDDY: May I know what is the quantity of steel sections manufactured by this concern per year?

SARDAR SWARAN SINGH: The production figures of window sections during the last few years are as follows—

1960 (up to June 1960)	1,459 tons.
1959	3,450 tons.
1958	2,981 tons.
1957	1,528 tons.

SHRI MULKA GOVINDA REDDY: What is the selling price of a standard section per ton?

SARDAR SWARAN SINGH: As I have already stated, there is no control over it and I am not aware of the price at which it is being sold in the market.

SHRI MULKA GOVINDA REDDY: Has it come to the notice of the Government that these steel sections are not easily available and that they are being sold at blackmarket prices?

SARDAR SWARAN SINGH: In the absence of control they will be sold normally at what is known as the commercial price. For instance, on other articles like buckets boxes and other things made out of steel, there is no control of their selling price. I do not know whether we can call it a black-market price. If they are making an unconscionable profit and if the hon. Member can take this matter up with the Commerce and Industry Ministry, they might see what they can do.

SHRI MULKA GOVINDA REDDY: Has the fact come to the notice of the Government that the price fixed by the Man Industrial Corporation is Rs. 1,000 per ton for these sections whereas they are sold at Rs. 1,500 per ton?

SARDAR SWARAN SINGH: No, I have no knowledge. Who fixed the price?