80

[Shri M. C. Shah.]

These estimates include Rs. 13:84 crores for scheme included in the Second Five Year Plan, representing the target envisaged for the first year of the Plan. This has been assessed, for the residuary area of the former Travancore-Cochin State, on the basis of the original budget estimates that State, and similarly, for the Malabar district, on the basis of the estimates for that district in the budget estimates of the Madras State.

Sir, the total requirements of the State are thus estimated at Rs. 10.42 crores, which are proposed to be met by loans from the Centre, Rs. 3.77 -crcres, sale of State holdings of Government securities, Rs. 2 crores, running down of the State cash balance, Rs. 2.55 crores and the balance Rs. 2.1 crores from the net receipts under Other Debt and Remittance Heads.

The amounts of expenditure, both on revenue and on capital account, as also of disbursements of loans, which a vote is being sought, are those authorised under the States Reorganisation Act. The final results of the year are likely to show some savings, which will help to improve the State's budgetary position for 1957-58.

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS FOR GRANTS FOR EXPENDITURE OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT ON RAILWAYS FOR 1956-57

. THE MINISTER FOR RAILWAYS TRANSPORT (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a statement showing the Supplemen-Demands for Grants Expenditure of the Central Government on Railways for the year 1956-57.

Mr. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The House stands adjourned till 2-30.

> The House adjourned for lunch at four minutes past one of the clock.

The House reassembled after lunch at half past two of the clock DEPUTY CHAIRMAN in the Chair.

MOTION OF THANKS ON PRESI-DENT'S ADDRESS—continued

SHRI KISHEN CHAND: Mr. Deputy Chairman, before we adjourned for lunch I was trying to point out that representative to the United Nations has spoiled a very good case by a lengthy speech. I would go a step further and say that although we are fully agreed about the stand that the Indian Government has taken regard to Kashmir at the present moment, the same cannot be said of the past policy of our Government. I want to know why the Indian Government and the Prime Minister referred the question of Kashmir, which was entirely in Indian territory once it had acceded, to the Nations. An internal matter should never have been referred to the United Nations. What right did the Indian Government have to agree to a cease-fire line with Pakistan when Pakistan was saying that they were not involved? They were raiders not belonging to a friendly neighbouring country but just freebooters. should never have agreed to cease fire. I should like to know from our Government why they offered to hold a plebiscite. Sir, in a democracy of our type, the States can opt in but they cannot opt out. Once they have joined, once Kashmir has joined the Indian Union, they cease to have any right to go out of the Indian Union. Therefore I submit that the attitude of the Government of India and of our Prime Minister matter of Kashmir has been a series of blunders. The result of that series of blunders is that we have created this difficulty for ourselves and then our representative makes matters worse by his bad advocacy.

Sir, the Press in India and the leaders of the Congress Party tried to din day in and day out into the ears of India citizens and