RISE IN THE PRICES OF FOODGRAINS m ANDHRA PRADESH

- *18. SHRI V. C. KESAVA RAO: Will the Minister for FOOD AND AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that Government have sent an expert to Andhra Pradesh to investigate into the causes for the rise in prices of foodgrains there; and
- (b) if so, whether any report has been submitted by him?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR FOOD (SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

SHRI V. C. KESAVA RAO: May I know, Sir, whether the Government is aware that the prices of foodgrains in Andhra are the highest in the country?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: No, they are the lowest. Andhra is a highly surplus State, in fact No. I surplus State and in the delta areas generally lowest prices exist. But in some parts of Andhra, in Telangana and Rayala-seema prices generally tend to be higher, and there we have started fair price shops.

SHRI KISHEN CHAND: May I know, Sir, whether it is a fact that in Hyderabad State the price of rice and wheat has gone up tremendously causing great hardship to the poor people?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: In Hyderabad last week, the price of rice was Rs. 18/9/- per maund.

SHRI KISHEN CHAND: May I know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that in the fair price shops only a part of the grains supplied to them is sold at the fair price and the rest goes into the black market?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: Sir, we intend that the foodgrains at the fair

price will reach the needy and the poor people.

SHRI PYDAH VENKATA NARAYANA: May I know if it is a fact that in East and West Godavari districts, the best paddy producing centres, the price of paddy is very

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: Compared with the previous year, it is high, but compared with the rest of the country lowest prices obtain except in some pockets of Andhra.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know whether any investigation has been made in other States also as to the cause of the rise in prices of foodgrains?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: It is a routine work for us. In our Ministry we have got the marketing intelligence and the economics and statistics directorate. The officers go round and check, make routine inspection every

SHRI B. B. SHARMA: Does not the high price benefit the agriculturists?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: That is-what is now actually happening and at the time of the harvest the agriculturists are getting the benefit of the high prices. Formerly the prices used to be low at the time of the harvest and to go up after the harvest.

SHRI KISHEN CHAND: The hon. Minister said that the price of rice in Hyderabad last week was Rs. 18/9/-per maund. Is he aware that the actual price is about Rs. 22 per maund?

SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA: That is the superior variety of rice.' I am talking of the common variety, the coarse rice eaten by the common man.

ALL-INDIA RAILWAY STATION MASTERS' ASSOCIATION

•19. SHRI V. C. KESAVA RAO: Will the Minister for RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have received any notice from the All-India Railway Station Masters' Association to the effect that the Station Masters will not take their salary for the month of February in case their demands are not fulfilled; and
- (b) whether any of the Station Masters refused to take their salary in the month of March?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR RAILWAYS AND TRANSPORT (SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN): (a) A communication was received on 18th January, 1957 from the unrecognised All India Station Masters and Assistant Station Masters Association purporting to give notice to refrain from drawing their salary on 1st February 1957.

(b) Some did not draw their salaries for the month of January in the month of February, but information as to whether any of them did not receive it during March is not yet available.

SHHI V. C. KESAVA RAO: May I know, Sir, whether the new pay scales announced recently by the Railway Ministry have benefited the railway station masters?

SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN: Yes, of course.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC

- *14. SHRI M. VALIULLA (ON BEHALF OF SHRI TAJAMUL HUSAIN): Will the Minister for RAILWAYS be pleased to state:
- (a) what was the extent of traffic carried on by Railways in the year 1956; and
- (b) how it compares with that in each of the years 1954 and 1955?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER. FOR RAILWAYS AND TRANSPORT (SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN): (a) and (b). Statistics of originating goods and

passenger traffic for the financial years 1954-55, 1955-56 and 1956-57 are set out in a statement placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT

Traffic carried by Indian Government Railways during 1954-55, 1955-56 and 1956-57

Traffic carried (originating)

	Tons of goods in thousands	No. of passengers in thousands
1954-55 •• 1955-56 •• 1956-57* ••	105>813 114,062 • 126,000	1,236,182 1,275,285 1,370,000
	◆Estimated.	

SHRI M. VALIULLA: May I know, Sir, whether it is not a fact that on 34,000 miles of our railway lines 137 crores of people are travelling and are Government aware that the trains are overcrowded?

SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN: There is overcrowding on our railways; we don't deny that

SHRI M. VALIULLA: May I know, Sir, what is the load of passengers that we expect in the next year?

SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN: It is very difficult to give exact figures but I think there will be an increase of about 7 per cent.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know whether any improvement has so far been made in respect of the goods traffic?

SHRI SHAH NAWAZ KHAN: Yes, we have made very considerable improvement.

Mr. CHAIRMAN: Questions are over.