

THE MINISTER FOR REHABILITATION (SHRI MEHR CHAND KHANNA): Yes. Permanent rights are being conferred.

(b) These rights are being conferred on all displaced persons having claims verified on the basis of Jama-bandis received from West Pakistan irrespective of the fact whether they are from West Punjab, Sind or Bahawalpur.

DIWAN CHAMAN LALL: May I know the number of claims that remain to be satisfied in regard to this matter?

SHRI MEHR CHAND KHANNA: The number of claims received, I believe, is 44,000 consisting of 1,40,000 property sheets. Out of this, about 74,000 have been verified.

DIWAN CHAMAN LALL: How many from West Pakistan?

SHRI MEHR CHAND KHANNA: It was 4,75,000. That number was very large.

DIWAN CHAMAN LALL: How many remain to be satisfied?

SHRI MEHR CHAND KHANNA: Does the hon. Member refer to the transfer of permanent rights?

DIWAN CHAMAN LALL: Yes, Sir.

SHRI MEHR CHAND KHANNA: I can give that figure. In the case of 2,33,934 people, permanent rights have been transferred, covering a land area of 17,41,860 standard acres. The number of houses is a little over 70,000.

श्री राम सहाय : क्या मंत्री महोदय यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि जमाबंदियां सही हैं या नहीं, इस बारे में कोई जांच की गई है ?

श्री मेहर चंद खन्ना : जी हां । बात यह है कि जहां तक वैस्ट पंजाब का ताल्लुक था उनकी तो जमाबन्दी शुरू में हमारे पास आ गई थी लेकिन जहां तक बहावलपुर, बिलोचिस्तान,

सिंध और सूबा सरहद का ताल्लुक था वहां से बहुत थोड़ी जमाबन्दी आई थी। तो हमने उन लोगों को उनकी जवानी शहादत पर या एफिडेविट पर जमीनें एलाट कर दी थीं। अब जमाबंदियां आई हैं और उनसे पता चलता है कि बाज भाइयों के नाम बिलकुल नहीं हैं और बाज में मुबालिगा आमेजी से काम लिया गया है। इससे हमें यह करना पड़ता है कि पेश्वर इसके कि किसी को मुकम्मल हकूक दिये जायें यह देख लिया जाय कि कहीं गलती तो नहीं है।

INSTALLED CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION OF FERRO-MANGANESE FACTORIES

*230. **SHRI M. VALIULLA:** Will the Minister for HEAVY INDUSTRIES be pleased to state the present installed capacity and actual production of the ferro-manganese factories so far licensed by Government?

THE MINISTER FOR HEAVY INDUSTRIES (SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH): The present installed capacity of the ferro-manganese industry is 1800 tons per year. The Tata Iron and Steel Co., also produce ferro-manganese in their blast furnace for their own use.

Seven firms with an estimated installed capacity of 133,800 tons have been licensed to produce ferro-manganese. One firm has gone into production in April 1956 and is producing about 150 tons per month.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: May I know the total need of the country at present and at the end of the second Five Year Plan?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: The present demand is 25,000 tons and at the end of the Five Year Plan it is expected to go up to 60,000 to 80,000 tons.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: Therefore it follows that the installed capacity of the firms that have been licensed is not enough to cover our requirements.

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: I have already said that the installed capacity is 1,33,800 tons. The requirements of the country are going to be 60,000 to 80,000 tons, and there will be surplus capacity as a matter of fact for export.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know how many factories have been licensed and where those factories are situated?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: Two factories in Orissa, one in Mysore, one in Bombay, one in Andhra and two in Madhya Pradesh.

SHRI MAHESWAR NAIK: May I know what steps are being taken for utilising the surplus capacity of ferro-manganese from these factories?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: We want to promote export. Just now we are exporting Manganese ore; in future we shall be exporting a part of it as ferro-manganese. It is estimated to earn us about Rs. 8 crores; that is the present estimate.

SHRI KISHEN CHAND: May I know from the hon. Minister whether there is any scheme for utilising the surplus ferro-manganese in the production of tool steel?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: The requirements of ferro-manganese for tool steel are very little. As a matter of fact, ferro-manganese is directly used for the manufacture of steel and only in a very few categories of alloy steel. The ratio is one per cent. or $1\frac{1}{4}$ per cent of ferro-manganese to 100 per cent of steel and that ratio will be maintained in the country.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: The hon. Minister was pleased to say that there was very good export market for ferro-manganese if and when we have surplus for export. Will he then consider enlarging the capacity because

I feel that even if we double the target we will have enough for export?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: That will be our constant endeavour.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: Which are the factories which are actually producing?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: The Mysore Iron and Steel Works are producing 150 tons per month or 1,800 tons per year.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: That is the only factory?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: That is the only factory that has gone into production.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: Have not the others gone into production? Has not the Mysore factory asked for increasing their production of ferro-manganese?

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: Not Yet.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: When will these other factories go into production? They were given licences two years back.

SHRI MANUBHAI SHAH: Four factories will go into production in 1957, one in 1958 and the other one will take a little more time.

FALL IN PRODUCTION OF MATS AND MATTINGS IN KERALA

*209. **SHRI PERATH NARAYANAN NAIR** (ON BEHALF OF **SHRI GOVINDAN NAIR** AND **SHRI N. C. SEKCHAR**): Will the Minister for COMMERCE AND CONSUMER INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been a fall in the production of mats and mattings in the State of Kerala; and

(b) if so, what steps Government have taken to stabilise this industry in Kerala?

THE MINISTER FOR CONSUMER INDUSTRIES (SHRI N. KANUNGO):
(a) Yes, Sir.