- (iii) A representative of the Institute of Indian Foundry-men, Calcutta.
- (iv) A representative of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
- II, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore—

The selection will be made by the Senate of the Institute on the recommendations of the Head of the Department/Professor in-charge of the Foundry Section.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: From the statement, I find that there are only two institutions in which this training in Foundry Engineering is given, one at Kharagpur and the other at the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore. May I know the strength of each class or section relating to Foundry Engineering?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: So far as the Kharagpur Institute is concerned, there will be three courses, a Postgraduate course, a Diploma course and a Refresher course for three months. So far as the Post-Graduate course is concerned, ten students are proposed to be admitted annually. Classes have not yet been opened because arrangements have not yet been completed. Twenty students are proposed to be admitted to the Diploma course and for the three months Refresher course, about twenty to thirty students are taken.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: The hon. Minister has not said anything about the number of students to be admitted in the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.

Dr. MONO MOHAN DAS: In Bangalore, there will be only the Postgraduate course and fifteen students are proposed to be admitted in this course.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: What exactly are the requirements of this country so far as Foundry Engineering graduates are concerned?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: No survey has yet been made about this particular matter.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: Is it not obvious that we want a great many more training centres with reference to Foundry Engineering?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: Government is fully conscious of the requirements of our country in regard to technical hands and the hon. Member may be informed that we are going to increase the number of our technical institutions.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: May I know as to how many more centres are going, to be opened in the next Five Tear Plan?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: For the time being only these two Institutes.

SHRI BUPESH GUPTA: The hon. Minister said that he is conscious of the requirements but may I know as to whether he is aware of the fact that some of the people trained in these institutions find it difficult to get employment under the various undertakings?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: No, Sir. So far as our information goes almost all of them get employment.

COMMITTEE ON THE TEACHING OF GANDHIAN PHILOSOPHY

*228. SHRI R. V. DANGRE: (ON BEHALF OF SHRI D. NARAYAN): Will the Minister for EDUCATION be pleased to refer to the answer given on the 19th September 1955 to my Starred Question No. 511 and state whether the Committee appointed last year to frame a syllabus for the teaching of Gandhian philosophy and literature to students has since submitted its report?

DEPUTY MINISTER THE FOR EDUCATION (Dr. K. L. SHRIMALI): Committee No. Sir. The was appointed consider the to of question introducing Gandhian Philosophy and way of life in the

curricula of Educational Institutions at various stages) and not to frame courses.

CONSTRUCTION OF HOSTEL BUILDINGS AT BHOPAL

*229. Shri R. V. DANGRE (ON BEHALF OF MOULANA M. FARUQI): Will the Minister for EDUCATION be pleased to state whether the construction of (i) the additional hostel accommodation for the Polytechnic and (ii) the hostel buildings of Janata College and Basic Training Institute of Bhopal has been completed?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR EDUCATION (DR. K. L. SHRIMALI): The requisite information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House when ready.

DR. RAGHUBIR SINH: When these items are sanctioned from here, are not specific instructions issued from the Ministry in respect of this hostel?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: As regards the hostel for the Polytechnic, no grant or loan was given by the Centre. As regards the hostel for the Janata College, no grant was given by Government; however, loans to the tune of Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 15,000 were sanctioned by the Government of India during the years 1954-55 and 1955-56 respectively.

INDO-GERMAN INDUSTRIAL COOPERATION SCHEME

"230. DR. RAGHUBIR SINH: (ON BEHALF OF MOULANA M. FARUQI): Will the Minister for EDUCATION be pleased to refer to page 51 of the Report of the Ministry of Education for 1955-56 and state whether candidates under the Indo-German Industrial Cooperation Scheme for 1956-57 have since been selected?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOP. EDUCATION (Dr. Mono Mohan Das): No. Sir.

DR. RAGHUBIR SINH: May ,1 know the time by which the details^egard to this scholarship will be finalised?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: We hope that it will be done very soon. Sir. We are expecting the approval of the Finance Ministry.

SHRI S. MAHANTY: Since when is this proposal under consideration?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: The hon. Member may realise that this is an i offer made by the West German Government. The first offer was made in 1952-53 and it has been repeated every alternate year.

SHRI S. MAHANTY: My question is this: When did the Government of India invite applications? In view of the earlier reply of the hon. Minister relating to the shortage of technical manpower in this country, I would like to know since when this particular matter is under consideration of the Government.

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: We have not yet invited applications. The scheme involves an expenditure of more than a lakh of rupees and we have to take the approval of the Finance Ministry. We have written to them and as soon as the Finance Ministry gives approval, we will invite applications.

SHRI S. MAHANTY: When did my hon. friend's Ministry write to the Ministry of Finance for getting the sanction for a petty sum of a lakh of rupees?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: I would like to have notice.

SHRI S. N. MAZUMDAR: When the 'hon. Minister says that the scheme is jat a preliminary stage, what is the use of mentioning it in the Annual j Report of the Ministry of Education?

DR. MONO MOHAN DAS: It is not at the preliminary stage. The first offer was made in 1952-53 and the second offer was made in 1954-55. We have sent students to Germany for taking advantage of these offers. j This is the third offer that has been made.