क्यादा तहकीकात हुई और उस तहकीकात में और ज्यादा कार्यवाही हुई लेकिन फिर भी आखरी हदबन्दी तो वह होती हैं जब कि एक निशान लगा दिया जाय नहीं तो बगैर निशान के कोई कैंसे कह सकता हैं कि १० गज इधर या १० गज उधर। यह तो किसी कायदें कान्न में इतना दिया नहीं होता और उसमें हमेशा बहस होती हैं, चुनांचे सासकर जहां कोई भगड़ं का मौंका हो तो वहां सम्बे लगाये जाते हैं तािक कोई बहस न रहे। यह सम्बे लगाना किसी तरह एक पेचीदा चींज होती हैं. उसमें खर्च भी काफी होता हैं और उसमें जरा जरा सी बात पर दहसें होती हैं कि कौन इलाका १० गज इधर या ४ गज उधर हो।

مولانا ایم: فاروقی: کیا مشرقی پاکستان او مغربی بنگال میں بھی یہی چیز چل رھی ہے?

†[मॉलाना एम० फारूकी: क्या मिश्रकी पाकिस्तान और मगरवी वंगाल में भी बही चीज चल रही हैं?]

श्री जबाहरलाल नेहरू: जी हां, खास तार से वहीं।

Shri KI9HEN CHAND: Is the hon. Minister aware that due to the shift in river beds some parts of Indian territory have gone over to Pakistan and if so what steps have been taken to demarcate those areas?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: Some such difficulties have arisen and they sometimes arise when the river beds shift in that way. I cannot answer the hon. Member's question as to vhat has been done in a particular •case where that has happened.

SHRI S. MAHANTY: If I remember correctly, the demarcation between Western Pakistan and North-Western India was along the MacMohan Line.

tHindi transliteration.

May I know, Sir, if there has been any modification in the original demarcation between Western Pakistan and North-Western India?

Hfe. CHAIRMAN: It has no reference to MacMohan Line.

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: Yes, Sir, that has nothing to do with this matter, it is the North-Western frontier.

There have been no changes, but there are a few spots still where there has not been complete agreement, small areas, of a rield whether it is on this side or that side or a little bit of a village on this side or that. That is why it is necessary to finalise it. In the main, of course, there is no dispute.

SHRI H. C. MATHUR: Are there major points of dispute?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: Every little dispute may become a major one although it may refer to a hundred square yards. The areas involved are very small, may be just a few hundred square yards or so, but whatever it is, this sometimes leads to a little trouble.

JOINT COMMITTEE'S REPORT ON HOLY SHRINES

- *282. MOULANA M. FARUQI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Joint Committee consisting of the representatives of the Governments of India and Pakistan constituted in May, 1955 to report on the proprietary and other matters relating to holy shrines in the two countries has since submitted its report;
- (b) if so, what are its main recommendations; and
- (c; what action Government have taken on those recommendations?

DEPUTY MINISTER EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI ANIL K. CHANDA): (a), (b) and (c). The Agreement reached in May 1955 between the Minister for Home Affairs and the Pakistan Minister for he Interior in this matter has notiDeen ratified by the Government of Pakistan. The Joint Committee on Shrines and Holy Places will be constituted as soon as the ratification of the Government of Pakistan is received.

مولانا ايم فاروقي: ان هولي بلیسیو کی کوئی لسٹ بھی بتائی جا سکتی 🙇 🤅

ामिनाना एए० फारूकी: इन होली प्लेसेंब कों कोई लिस्ट भी बताई जा सकती हैं ?]

SHRI A. K. CHANDA: We have a list of holy places and it runs to about 1100-800 and 300.

مولانا أيم فاروقي: كيا اس مسئله پر بھی کبھی گفتگو کی گئی کہ جو بعض ہولی پلیسیز ایسے میں که جلکے وقف کی زمینیں پاکستان میں هیں انکی آمدنی هندوستان میں آنا طے ہو ہے اور اسی طریقہ پر پاکستان میں جو زمیلیں ہیں اولی ہلیسز میں ان کے جو وقف مندوستان میں میں ان کا روپیہ وہاں جا نا طے هوا هے ?

† [मॉलाना एम० फारूकी: क्या इस मसले पर भी कभी गुफरूतगुकी गर्ड कि जो बाज होंली प्लंसंब एंसे हैं कि बिनके वक्फ की जमीनें पाकिस्तान में हैं उनकी आमदनी हिन्दुस्तान में आना तय हुआ है. और इसी तरीकं पर पाकिस्तान में जो जमीनें हैं. होली प्लेसेंब हैं उनके जो वक्फ हिन्द्स्तान में हैं टनका रुपया वहां जाना तय हुआ हैं ?]

†Hindi transliteration.

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू: रुपये पॅसे के इधर से उधर और उधर सं इधर आनं में शुरू से दिक्कतें रही हैं। चुनांचे जिधर हैं वहीं रह जाता

to Questions

PROF. G. RANG A: How many of them, are on our side and how many on the other side out of the 1100?

SHRI A. K. CHANDA: All the 1100 are on the other side.

PROF. G. RANGA: How many are on our side?

SHRI A. K. CHANDA: I have not got the figures.

FOREIGN TECHNICIANS IN HINDUSTAN MACHINE TOOL FACTORY

*283. MOULANA M. FARUQI: Will the Minister for PRODUCTION be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of foreign cal and supervisory personnel ing in the Hindustan Machine Too1 Factory at present; and
- (b) by what time the factory iff expected to be totally Indianised?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR PRO-DUCTION (SHRI SATISH CHANDRA): (a) Eighty-four.

(b) According to the agreement with the Technical Consultants, not less than 85 per cent, of the technical posts are to be filled by trained Indian personnel within 10 from the starting of the factory. The aim of the Company, however, is to further expedite the pace of Indianisation. The foreign technicians have been engaged on short term contracts, ranging from two to three years.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: Are there any understudies for these foreign experts?