

تجویز ہوئی تھی کہ یہ کام اسٹیٹس  
کے سپرد کر دیا جائے ؟

†[**मौलाना एम० फारूकी :** क्या सेमिनार की जो तजवीजें थीं उनके सिलसिले में वहां डिपार्टमेंट ने तमाम हिन्दुस्तान के वाइस चांसलर्स की एक कांफ्रेंस की थी और उस सिलसिले में यह तजवीज हुई थी कि यह काम स्टूड्स के सुपुर्द कर दिया जाय ?]

**डा० कै० एल० श्रीमाली :** जहां तक मुझे इल्म है अभी तक हमारे पास इसकी रिपोर्ट नहीं आयी है। मरें ख्याल में आपका दूसरी कांफ्रेंस से मतलब है जो कि श्रीनगर में हुई थी। वह जनरल एजुकेशन के सिलसिले में थी और उससे इसका सम्बन्ध नहीं है।

**DR. RAGHUBIR SINH:** How are the Germans going to advise us how to write our Indian history?

**DR. K. L. SHRIMALI:** Sir, it was not a question of Germans advising India. It was a seminar convened mainly to find out to what extent German history is being taught in Indian schools and what can be done to teach Indian history in Germany. That was a sort of mutual examination of history text-books in both the countries.

مولانا ایم - فاروقی : اس کانفرنس  
میں ہندوستان کا کون نمائندہ تھا ؟

†[**मौलाना एम० फारूकी :** इस कांफ्रेंस में हिन्दुस्तान का कौन नुमाइन्दा था ?]

**डा० कै० एल० श्रीमाली :** हिन्दुस्तान के थे डा० मजसदार ।

**SHRIMATI VIOLET ALVA:** Since this question deals mainly with text-books of Indian history, why do we need the help of any foreigner to write our history or even to advise us about our history books?

tHindi transliteration

**DR. K. L. SHRIMALI:** I am afraid the position is not clear to the hon. Member. This seminar was called and an Indian representative was also invited to participate in the seminar with a view to examine Indian history text-books and And out to what extent German history could be included, whether adequate justice was being done to German history in our textbooks; and similarly to find out whether adequate justice was being done to Indian history in the German text-books.

**DR. RAGHUBIR SINH:** But how does German history come into a scheme of Indian history?

**DR. K. L. SHRIMALI:** Well, our text-books on history not only deal with India, but with the whole world, and as such we have to deal with all the countries.

**SHRI J. V. K. VALLABHARAO:** Under whose auspices was this conference held?

**DR. K. L. SHRIMALI:** This conference was convened under the auspices of the International School Textbooks Institute, Brunswick, in cooperation with the UNESCO.

**SHRI R. U. AGNIBHOJ:** Have we got standard history books on India in our universities on the basis of which history text-books for high schools could be written?

**MR. CHAIRMAN:** That is a different question.

#### RURAL HIGHER EDUCATION COMMITTEE

\*452. **SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY:** Will the Minister for EDUCATION be pleased to state what steps have been or are being taken towards the implementation of the recommendations of the Committee on Rural Higher Education?

**THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR EDUCATION (DR. K. L. SHRIMALI):** The

recommendations of the Rural Higher Education Committee are under the consideration of the Government, and steps are being taken for their implementation.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: May I know, Sir, whether any scheme has been called for from any institution in the country?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: Yes, Sir.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: From which States or institutions have these schemes been called for?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: They have been selected from all over the country, and we recently held a conference of the heads of these institutions and nearly twelve institutions from all over the country came.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Who selected those institutions?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: When the report was submitted, it was sent to the various institutions which were doing work in rural education and they were selected on the recommendation of the Rural Higher Education Committee.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Is it a fact that schemes were called for only from those areas which this Committee visited and not from other areas?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: This Committee visited practically all the States. Of course, it was not possible for the Committee to visit all the institutions in the country, but as far as possible, most of the important institutions which are doing rural education work were visited.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Was Andhra visited by this Committee?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: No, Sir. We wrote to the Andhra State and we did not get any response from that State, as far as I remember.

SHRI N. D. M. PRASADARAO: i When was this report submitted and how long did it remain under the consideration of the Government?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: The report was submitted last January and we have been considering it. We have already called a conference and we propose to set up a National Council of Rural Education. So steps are being taken to implement the report.

PROF. G. RANGA: Is it not a fact, Sir, that in Andhra there is a rural library organisation of forty years standing and a number of adult education centres have been organised there? And what is more, Members of Parliament themselves were not aware of the appointment of this Committee and its activities.

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: We did write to all the State Governments but, so far as I remember, Andhra did not suggest any institution of the kind referred to by the hon. Member.

SHRI H. C. MATHUR: Now that we have set up a Rural University in Rajasthan, may I know whether that Rural University fits in with the scheme of things?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: There is no Rural University. In fact, the President made it very clear in his speech that he was laying the foundation stone of a Rural Institute, not a University.

DR. SHRIMATI SEETA PARMANAND: Is not a Rural University going to be set up in Kolhapur near Bombay?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: Government have no proposal to set up any Rural University; they have proposals only to set up Rural Institutes.

DR. RAGHUBIR SINH: May I know how much more time the Education Ministry will take, in addition to the nine months that have already been taken, to conceive its own plans?

DR. K. L. SHRIMALI: The plans have already been conceived; probably my hon. friend did not know it. The implementation is being proceeded with.

#### NAVAL ATTACHES IN INDIAN MISSIONS ABROAD

\*453. SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Will the Minister for DEFENCE be pleased to state whether there are any Naval Attaches in the Indian Embassies abroad; and if so, in which Embassies?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR DEFENCE (SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA): Yes, in U.K.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: What are the functions of the Naval Attache in U.K.?

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: His functions are to keep in touch with the latest developments in the Navy of that country and to get other information which we might be interested in.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Has the Naval Attache in U.K. any responsibility in the matter of making purchases for India?

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: No, Sir.

PROF. G. RANGA: Was there a Naval Attache in our Embassy in U.S.A.? If so, when was that appointment given up?

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: There is no Naval Attache now; our Military Adviser is acting for the Navy also.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: Is there any proposal to appoint any more Naval Attaches in other Embassies?

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: Yes; Moscow is under consideration.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: Is this appointment on a reciprocal basis? Can we appoint Naval Attaches in every place?

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SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: So far as we are concerned, we appoint our own Naval Attaches as and when we can afford and the same holds good for the other countries. They can appoint their own Attaches as and when they like.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: May I know whether there are any Naval Attaches in the foreign Embassies in India?

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: Yes, Sir. There are Naval Attaches in the foreign Embassies.

PROF. G. RANGA: He has given wrong information. I want to know when the post of Naval Attache in our Embassy at Washington was abolished. There was such a post there.

SARDAR S. S. MAJITHIA: I may say that our Military Adviser there is working as our Naval Attache.

#### माध्यमिक तथा उच्च माध्यमिक विद्यालयों का बहु-उद्देशीय विद्यालयों में परिवर्तन

\*४५४. श्रीमती सावित्री देवी निगम : क्या शिक्षा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) इस वर्ष कितने माध्यमिक तथा उच्च माध्यमिक विद्यालय बहु-उद्देशीय विद्यालयों में बदले गये ; और

(ख) प्रत्येक राज्य को इस प्रयोजन के लिए कितनी रकम दी गई ?

#### CONVERSION OF SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOLS INTO MULTI-PURPOSE SCHOOLS

\*454. SHRIMATI SAVITRY DEVI NIGAM: Will the Minister for EDUCATION be pleased to state:

(a) the number of secondary and higher secondary schools that have been converted into multi-purpose schools this year; and

(b) the amount granted to each State for that purpose?]

tEnglish translation.