

PRODUCTION OF METALLURGICAL COAL

*479. SHRI M. VALIULLA: Will the Minister for PRODUCTION be pleased to state what is the increase, if any, in the production of metallurgical coal in the beginning of the current year?

THE MINISTER FOR PRODUCTION (SHRI K. C. REDDY): There has been no appreciable increase in the production of metallurgical coal in the current year.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: May I know whether the consumption of metallurgical coal is increasing or decreasing?

SHRI K. C. REDDY: Output of metallurgical coal is pegged to certain levels every year and no increase above that level is allowed. There is no question of increase or decrease of consumption as it is related to output.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: There are so many steel plants requiring metallurgical coal. Was not the production of metallurgical coal on the increase in the first five months of this year?

SHRI K. C. REDDY: The increase in the first five months of this year was very small, about 52 thousand tons. Such slight functions in the output is normal and do not point to any tendency to increase output especially in the case of coking coal the production of which is pegged. We have to preserve our metallurgical coal. When new steel plants come up, we can produce more.

SHRI M. VALIULLA: What are the steps taken to preserve it?

SHRI K. C. REDDY: As I said, we have pegged production of selected grades of coal at a certain level. For example, for 1955, we have pegged production at 7.3 million tons; in 1952 it was 7.9 tons. We are gradually trying to reduce the production of metallurgical coal.

REPRESENTATION FOR ASIAN PEOPLE IN THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT

*480. SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken to get increased representation in the United Nations Secretariat for Asian people; and

(b) what measure of success has been achieved so far in this matter?

THE PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARY TO THE MINISTER FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON): (a) The Indian Delegation to the last two sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, has drawn pointed attention to and pressed the need for greater and more equitable representation of Asian countries in the staff of the United Nations Secretariat.

(b) The Secretary-General of the United Nations has accepted the need for more equitable representation, and to some extent the overall position has improved. But Asian countries are still under represented in the higher grades, for the improvement of which efforts will continue to be made.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: How many representatives of Asian countries are there in the Secretariat?

SHRIMATI LAKSHMI MENON: 170, of whom 48 are Indians.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: In the higher grades?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: In the higher grade, I believe there is one. Possibly in other grades, on the border line.

SHRI M. GOVINDA REDDY: May I know whether the Bandung Conference considered this question and

it urged the United Nations Secretariat to have more Asians?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: I have no recollection. As far as I remember, they did not consider it. At least I do not remember it.

SHRI KANHAIYALAL D. VAIDYA: How are the representatives selected?

SHRI JAWAHARLAL NEHRU: There, in the United Nations Secretariat.

NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS FACTORY

*481. MOULANA M. FARUQI: Will the Minister for PRODUCTION be pleased to state:

(a) what is the progress with regard to the construction of the building, electrical installation and provision of machinery etc., for the new National Instruments Factory at Jadavpur in Calcutta.

(b) what is the expenditure so far incurred on the various items;

(c) what is the total estimated cost of the new Factory; and

(d) when this Factory is scheduled to go into production?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER FOR PRODUCTION (SHRI SATISH CHANDRA): (a) The Workshop, Foundry, Carpentry and Smithy blocks (including electrical installations) are expected to be ready by December, 1955. The remaining buildings are expected to be completed by 31-8-1956.

Indents have been placed on the Central Purchasing Organisation for practically all the machinery required. A few machines have been supplied and a few more are expected to be received by December next. The major portion of the machinery will be received in 1956.

(b) About Rs. 18.57 lakhs on buildings (including acquisition of land) and about Rs. 6.25 lakhs on machinery.

(c) About Rs. 71 lakhs.

(d) It is proposed to start shifting the factory to the new buildings early next year. The shifting is expected to be completed by March 1957.

مولانا ایم - فاروقی : اس فیکٹری

میں جو اوزار بنائے جاتے ہیں وہ امریکی اوزاروں کی قیمت کے اعتبار سے کیا سستے ہوتے ہیں۔

†[مولانا ایم۔ فاروقی : اس فیکٹری میں جو اوزار بنائے جاتے ہیں، وہ ایمپورٹڈ اوزاروں کی قیمت کے اعتبار سے کیا سستے ہوتے ہیں؟]

श्री सतीश चन्द्र : इसके लिए नोटिस चाहिये ।

MR. CHAIRMAN: He speaks in a low tone. You answer in a low tone. Nobody hears anything.

مولانا ایم - فاروقی : کب امید کی

جا سکتی ہے کہ جتنے اوزاروں کی ہمیں ہلدوستان میں ضرورت ہوتی ہے وہ اس فیکٹری سے پوری کی جا سکیں گی۔

†[مولانا ایم۔ فاروقی : کب उम्मीद की जा सकती है कि जितने औजारों की हमें हिन्दुस्तान में जरूरत होती है, वह इस फॅक्टरी से पूरी की जा सकेगी?]

श्री सतीश चन्द्र : यह फॅक्टरी औजारों की तमाम जरूरतों को पूरा नहीं कर सकेगी, शायद इस तरह की कई और फॅक्टरियों की जरूरत होगी। एक एक्सपर्ट कमेटी बनाई गई थी जिसने एक बड़ी और एक छोटी योजना इस फॅक्टरी को बढ़ाने के लिए दी। छोटी योजना के मुताबिक इस वक्त अमल किया जा रहा है और फॅक्टरी को बढ़ाया जा रहा है। बाद में इस योजना को और बढ़ाया जायेगा। इस तरह की शायद और फॅक्टरियों की जरूरत पड़ेगी।

مولایم ایم - فاروقی : اس یوجلا کے

سلسلہ میں آپ کی رپورٹ میں یہ

†Hindi transliteration.