is the position now. They have provided some details. Further, more are being asked for. Now, when the Second Five Year Plan is being finalised, no doubt, all these factors will be taken into consideration.

SHRI B. C. GHOSE: Now, Sir, there is a very important issue involved and I should like to have an answer to that, because even though the Plan may be financed by a State Government, the finances are a total con-If large schemes sideration. financed by the State Governments for which ad hoc sanctions are given, it might affect the over-all financial position. So, I should like to ask this: if any State Government submits a plan and suggests that it is prepared to find the finances, is it the Government's policy that they will consider it ad hoc and give sanction without taking the whole picture into consideration?

MR. CHAIRMAN: Please do not make a long speech.

Shri S. N. MISHRA: Sir, I have already said that when the Second Five Year Plan of the State Government comes to be considered by the Planning Commission, then the entire resources for financing all the schemes would be taken into consideration; and then also we would decide about the amount of Central assistance available.

SHRI B. C. GHOSE: The Government of West Bengal have already called for tenders in connection with the scheme; that means that they are going ahead with the scheme.

## REQUIREMENT AND MANUFACTURE OF ELECTRICITY METERS

- \*99. SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: Will the Minister for Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:
- (a) the estimated requirement of the country in electricity meters in 1954-55;
- (b) how much of this requirement was met from indigenous manufacture and how much from imports; and

(c) the annual manufacturing capacity of the indigenous factories in electricity meters?

THE MINISTER FOR INDUSTRIES (SHRI N. KANUNGO): (a) About 2,25,000 numbers.

- (b) Indigenous production amounted to about two-thirds of this quantity.
  - (c) 2,53,000 meters a year.

SHRI BHUPESH GUPTA: May I know, Sir, what steps Government is taking to increase the indigenous production; whether they are contemplating to start more factories for producing these?

Shri N. KANUNGO: At present the capacity is quite enough, considering our demands in the near future.

Shri H. C. MATHUR: Is the hon. Minister aware that the price of the meter has gone up in the market from Rs. 35 per piece to Rs. 45 per piece and that the demands even of the State Governments are not being met?

Shri N. KANUNGO: It is not that the price has gone up everywhere. In some places, it might have gone up and the State Government's requirements are also not met, as and when they want them; and, therefore, imports are necessary.

Shri H. C. DASAPPA: May I know, Sir, how the prices of the indigenous meters compare with the price of imported ones?

Shri N. KANUNGO: The indigenous prices and imported prices are almost the same.

SHRI H. C. DASAPPA: May I know, Sir, where the factories which are manufacturing these electricity meters are located? The term, I may add, should be energy meters.

Shri N. KANUNGO: There are five factories manufacturing these meters: one in Bangalore; one in Jaipur; one in Trivandrum; one in Calcutta; and one in Bombay.

DASAPPA: Is it not expand the capacity of n order to meet all our

KANUNGO: Expansion is possible, but the factories have eached their total capacity of protion.

SHRI H. C. MATHUR: Is the hon. Minister aware that even to meet the requirements of the State Governments, the time required by these factories is 6 to 8 months?

Shri N. KANUNGO: May be in the case of certain factories on account of their internal organisation.

Shri H. C. MATHUR: May I know, Sir, whether the hon. Minister is aware to what extent the price of these meters has gone up during the last six months?

SHRI N. KANUNGO: I require notice.

हिमालय प्रवृंश में अखबारी कागज की फैंक्टरी

\*१००. श्री कृष्णकान्स न्यास : क्या वाणिज्य और उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करींगे कि :

- (क) हिमालय प्रदृश में अखबारी कागज की फर्वेक्टरी की स्थापना के सम्बन्ध में अब तक क्या प्रगति हुई हैं , और
- (स) क्या इस सम्बन्ध में उन अमरीकी विशेषज्ञों से कोई प्रतिवेदन प्राप्त हुआ हैं, जो इस चैत्र का निरीचण करके इस फॉक्टरी की स्थापना का स्थान निश्चित करने वाले थे ?
- †[Newsprint Factory in Himalayan Region
- \*100. SHRI KK(SHNAKANT VYAS: Will the Minister for COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:
- (a) the progress made so far regarding the establishment of a newsprint factory in the Himalayan region;
  and

(b) whether any report has been received from the American experts who were to determine the site for the factory after surveying the region?

उच्योग मंत्री (श्री नित्यानंद कान्नगा): (क) हिमालय प्रदंश में असवारी कागज की फॉक्टरी स्थापित करने की कोई ठोस योजना नहीं हैं ।

(स) सरकार को जितनी जानकारी प्राप्त हैं, उसके अनुसार कोई भी अमरीकी विशेषझ यह निश्चित करने के लिए यहां नहीं आया कि हिमालय प्रदंश में अखबारी कागज की फैंक्टरी किस स्थान पर स्थापित की जाए।

†[The MINISTER FOR INDUSTRIES (Shri N. Kanungo): (a) There is no concrete scheme for establishment of a newsprint factory in the Himalayan region.

(b) As far as the information of Government goes, no American expert came over here to determine the site for a newsprint factory in the Himalayan region.]

श्री कृष्णकान्त ज्यास : क्या किसी अन्य देव में इस सम्बन्ध में कोई जांच की गई हैं ?

श्री नित्यानन्य कान्नगा : एक फॅक्टरी चल रही हैं. और किसी दूसरी फॅक्टरी के बार में कोई ठाँस प्रस्ताव नहीं आया हैं।

श्री कृष्णकान्त स्थास : क्या में जान सकता हूं कि अभी तक किन किन राज्यों में कागब निर्माण का काम हो रहा हैं ?

श्री नित्यानन्द कान्नगा : सवाल ता अखबारी कागज के बार में हैं । अखबारी कागज बनाने की एक ही नेपा फ<sup>म</sup>क्टरी मध्य अदंश में हैं ।

श्री कृष्णकान्त व्यास : असवारी कागज कें उत्पादन के सम्बन्ध में हमार दंश की स्थिति केंसी हैं ?

श्री नित्यानन्द कान्नगां : अभी विल्कुल नहीं बनता हैं, सार्र का सारा इम्पोर्ट होता हैं।