[Shri Lal Bahadur.]

बिटिश गवर्नमेंट के जमाने में जो हमारे एडिमनिस्ट्रेशन की नीति थी और वह जिस
मशीनरी से काम करती थी उस में जनता और
अफसरों के बीच में एक बहुत बड़ी खाई थी।
में यह चाहता हूं कि वह खाई बिल्कुल खत्म
हो जाये।

:901

आज समय बदला है और इस बदले हुए समय में हम सब इस हैमोकेटिक रिपब्लिक में इन तमाम करोड़ों जनता के सरवेंट्स (servants) हैं जिनके बदौलत हम रेलवे एडिमिनिस्ट्रे-

काम कर रहे हैं या बहैसियत मिनिस्टर के या मैम्बर के इस हाउस में काम कर रहे हैं। इसलिये जरूरत इस बात की है कि एक नया दिष्टिकोण, एक ई नया आउटलुक (outlook) हमारे अफसरों में, हमारे. रेलवे कर्मचारियों मे आवे और साथ ही साथ अवाम का, जनती का. लोगों का, यह भी फर्ज़ है कि वह अफसरों को या रेलवे में काम करने वालों को अपना एक काम का नौकर समझें। अक्सर मैंने देखा है कि हमारी तरफ से भी ज्यादती होती है, हम ज़रूरत से ज्यादा शान दिखलाते]हैं और डाट-फटकार से काम लेते हैं और समझते हैं कि ये हमारे नौकर है। आपक समझने और हमारे समझने हैं से यह ज्यादा अच्छा है कि जो नौकर है वह समझें कि वह नौकर हैं और जरूरत यह है कि हिमारा काम उनकी मदद करना हो और उनका काम हम।री मदद करना हो। अगर इस तरह से मिलजुल कर काम करें तो कोई सन्देह नही है कि आगे आने वाला जमाना अच्छा होगा, हमारा देश आगे बढ़ेगा और खास कर इस बहुत बड़े संगठन रेलवे के ज़रिये हम अपने देश का और अपने अवाम का भला करेंगे।

: (ابها الله (Bihar) (الله (ابها) : خواجة عنايت لله (ابها) : الهي آثربيل منستر نے شروع شروع ميں فرمايا هے كه پيسنجر كى امينيتيز كے

لئے کچھ کہیتیاں ھر ریاوے میں بنائی جائیں گی -میں یہ پوچھنا چاھتا ھوں کہ اُن کہیتیوں میں کس طرح کے لوگ ھوں گے اور کیا اس میں اس ھاؤس بھی ممبر ھوں گے یا نہیں ؟

SHRI LAL BAHADUR:

श्री लाल बहादुर: अभी तो मेरे पास इसका ब्यौरा नहीं है कि मैम्बरों में कौन-कौन होंगे लेकिन इस में सन्देह नही है कि अगर माननीय सदस्य चाहेंगे तो बहुत खुशी से मैं इस हाउस के मैम्बरों को शामिल करूंगा।

DR. P. C. MITRA (Bihr) डाक्टर पी० सी० मित्रा (बिहार) : टी० बी० के ट्रीटमेंट के वास्ते तीन सौ बैड्स का हास्पिटल खोलने जा रहे है तो वह नया सैनेटोरियम होगा या हास्पिटल में ही सीट्स रिजर्व रहेंगी ?

SHRI LAL BAHADUR:

श्री लाल बहादुर : जहां तक मैं समझता हूं, नया सैनेटोरियम खोला जायगा और वह तीन सौ बैड्स का सैनेटोरियम होगा।

Dr. P. C. MITRA

डाक्टर पी० सी० मित्राः वह सैनेटोरियम किस स्थान पर बनाने का निश्चय हुआ है ?

SHRI LAL BAHADUR:

श्री लाल बहादुर : अभी इस का निश्चिय नही हुआ है ।

MR. CHAIRMAN: All these questions might be put later. The speech is over now and the Budget debate is closed.

STATEMENT RE. ADVERSE TRADE BALANCE

MR. CHAIRMAN: There was a motion the other day regarding the huge adverse balance of trade resulting in a deficit of 40 crores in the month of April alone. The hon. Minister has agreed to make a statement on that question now.

THE MINISTER FOR COMMERCE (SHRI T. T. AND **INDUSTRY** speaking Krishnamachari): Sir, technically, the subject falls within the purview of my hon. colleague the Finance Minister, as if it were a question of regulation of foreign exchange but I would inform the House that trade deficits in a month, drawn away from the context of trade over a period, often reveal a picture which has no bearing with the reality of the situation. I do not know if the hon. Members of this House have read that portion of the speech of my hon. colleague, the Finance Minister, when he introduced the Budget in the other House, where I think he has mentioned that he had planned for a deficit for the period prior to the month which is mentioned in this motion. We do sometimes plan for a deficit but so far as this particular month is concerned, it might be the one month where we might have had a deficit of 40 or even 80 crores. That does not mean that the overall deficit over a period would be something of the same magnitude. Even if it were so, I would like to say that the foreign exchange resources of this country are adequate enough to cover an unforeseen contingency of that category, unfortunate as it may be. It is not a matter of great public interest and if my hon. friend who has tabled this motion would wait and see, he might find that in the course of the next seven months after April, the position might definitely improve, other things being equal.

SHRI B. GUPTA (West Bengal): Is it or is it not a fact, may I ask on a point of clarification, that during the five years of the Congress rule, except for one year, every year we have had a deficit in the balance of payments? Even in the Government's publication "India in World Economy" it is clearly stated that in the first year of India's freedom—that is how they call it—there was an overall deficit balance to the extent of 150 crores. It is there in the Government publication and it is no use making such statements to mislead the public. The fact remains

that you are running into deficits and to meet it you are exhausting our foreign exchange assets.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question was about the adverse balances in the month of April and the answer was "Wait for some time, and you will see that these adverse balances are not real ones." The other question as to what happened five years ago is not a matter for our consideration now.

THE INDIAN TARIFF (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL

THE MINSTER FOR COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI T. T. KRISHNAMACHARI): Sir, I move:

That the Bill further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, as passed by the House of the People be taken into consideration.

Sir, this Bill is a non-controversial and innocuous measure. Protection is sought to be granted to seven groups of industries and with the exception of one, namely the zip fastener industry all the other industries now enjoy protection or rather have been enjoying protection.

In regard to the details covered by this Bill I will take up the first group. of items, namely, sago flour, starch and The Tariff Board have examinfarina. ed the case for protection for this. group and have come to the conclusion that protection should be granted to starch industry till December 1954. Hon. Members might have read the report of the Tariff Board in this connection and I think it would be unnecessary for me to detail the reasons why the Government have thought it fit to accept the recommendation of the Tariff Board.

Speaking about this industry, the capacity of this industry for producing starch is much greater than its actual output. The vicissitudes that this industry has been undergoing have been largely due to the fact of our inability to supply maize, because of