

(f) the details of steps taken to maintain and improve current growth rate of export in future?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JYOTIRADITYA MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) to (e) Details of exports to various countries including Bahamas both in terms of volume and value is available in the DGCI&S publication in CD form namely 'Monthly Statistics of Foreign Trade of India' Volume-I, which is regularly sent to Parliament library by DGCI&S.

Exports to Bahamas during 2008-09 to 2010-11 alongwith major items exported at 2-digit level in Rs. crores is given below:—

(Rs. crores)					
Sl. No.	HS Code (2 digit)	Description	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
1.	27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; Bituminous substances; Mineral waxes.	2.2	4011.0	9073.1
2.	29	Organic chemicals	0.02	0.02	697.3
3.		Others	8.1	101.4	159.7
TOTAL EXPORTS TO BAHAMAS:			10.3	4112.4	9930.1

Source: DGCI&S, Kolkata.

(f) Under the Foreign Trade Policy 2009-2014, various schemes are being implemented to boost exports by way of duty neutralization/remission schemes, incentive schemes and Schemes for Technological/Equipment Upgradation by Exporters. To boost performance of the export sectors, various measures have been taken by the Government and RBI in the form of stimulus packages including the announcements made in the Budget 2009-10 and 2010-11; in the Foreign Trade Policy (FTP), 2009-14; thereafter in January/March, 2010; in the Annual Supplement to FTP released on 23rd August, 2010; announcements made in February, 2011; and in October, 2011. Some of the various measures undertaken include fiscal incentives, primarily for enhanced market access across the world and diversification of export markets; concessional export credit, interest subvention; procedural rationalization; and facilitation of technological upgradation.

#### Action against import of hazardous wastes

1562. SHRI BHARATSINH PRABHATSINH PARMAR:  
SHRI PARSHOTTAM KHODABHAI RUPALA:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state the details of stringent action taken by the Ministry in coordination with Ministry of Environment and Forests and State

Governments to stop import of hazardous medical wastes, electronic wastes, used plastic items for recycling purpose from various developed countries as their is sharp increase of these types of dumping and this is extremely damaging our environmental system and health of our people?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JYOTIRADITYA MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): The import of hazardous wastes including e-waste, plastic scrap, clinical and related wastes into India is subject to the provisions of Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules. As per the, Rules, import of recyclable wastes, such as plastic scrap, e-waste, is permitted only for recycling or recovery or reuse. Import for clinical and related wastes (hazardous medical waste) listed at the entry A 4020 in Schedule-VI of these Rules is prohibited into the country.

#### Slow down of industrial output

1563. SHRI VIJAY JAWAHARLAL DARDA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that industrial output in the April-August period was 5.6 per cent compared to 8.7 per cent growth in the same period in the last fiscal;

(b) if so, whether this slow-down is particularly related to goods and consumer durables or there are other areas also facing similar downward trend; and

(c) what remedial steps are taken to control this continuous slow-down so that the industrial production may not adversely affect the GDP?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JYOTIRADITYA MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) and (b) Industrial growth, measured in terms of Index of Industrial Production (IIP) moderated during the period April-August, 2011-12 compared to the corresponding period of previous year. The slowdown was particularly felt in Capital goods, Intermediate Goods and Consumer Durables as shown in the table given below:—

(in per cent)			
Sectors	Weight	April-August 2010-11	April-August 2011-12
1	2	3	4
Basic Goods	35.6	4.9	7.4
Capital Goods	9.3	18.9	7.4
Intermediate Goods	26.5	9.2	1.4
CONSUMER GOODS (TOTAL)	28.7	8.9	4.7