

**Statement**

*The State-wise details grants released under the NCLP Scheme  
during 2010-11 and 2011-12*

(in crore)

Sl. No.	State/NCLP District	2010-11	2011-12 (Upto 21.11.11)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	7.06	6.19
2.	Assam	3.79	2.98
3.	Bihar	7.27	6.26
4.	Chhattisgarh	3.65	3.38
5.	Gujarat	1.65	0.29
6.	Haryana	1.87	0.66
7.	Jammu and Kashmir	0.26	0.35
8.	Jharkhand	0.48	2.77
9.	Karnataka	0.64	0.55
10.	Madhya Pradesh	6.08	6.78
11.	Maharashtra	4.33	4.50
12.	Nagaland	0.41	0.36
13.	Orissa	11.68	6.30
14.	Punjab	1.31	1.12
15.	Rajasthan	3.96	2.57
16.	Tamil Nadu	5.04	4.42
17.	Uttar Pradesh	17.73	8.18
18.	West Bengal	15.38	11.84

**Unemployed persons in urban and rural areas**

1660. SHRI D. RAJA:  
SHRI R.C. SINGH:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has made any assessment about the total unemployed persons in the country including both urban and rural areas;

(b) if so, the details thereof with a State-wise number of unemployed persons for last three years;

(c) whether Government is actively considering to take measures to reduce the number of the unemployed; and

(d) if so, the details thereof with specific schemes?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI MALLIKARJUN KHARGE): (a) Reliable estimates of employment and unemployment are obtained through quinquennial labour force surveys conducted by National Sample Survey Office in the country in both rural and urban areas. Last such survey was conducted during 2009-10.

(b) State-wise details of unemployment rates as per usual status basis during 1999-2000, 2004-05 and 2009-10 are given in Statement (See below).

(c) and (d) Government have taken several steps to reduce unemployment in the country. The focus is on creation of productive employment at a faster pace in order to raise incomes of masses to bring about a general improvement in their living conditions. The job opportunities are created on account of growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP), investment in infrastructure development, growth in exports, etc. Government of India has also been implementing various employment generation programmes, such as, Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana; Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme; Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana and Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act besides entrepreneurial development programmes run by the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

#### ***Statement***

*State-wise unemployment rates during 1999-2000, 2004-05 and 2009-10*

Sl. No.	State/UTs	1999-2000		2004-05		2009-10	
		Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.8	3.9	0.7	3.6	1.2	3.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0.5	2.9	0.9	1.2	1.3	3.4
3.	Assam	3.9	9.7	2.6	7.2	3.9	5.2
4.	Bihar	1.8	7.4	1.5	6.4	2.0	7.3
5.	Chhattisgarh	0.0	0.0	0.6	3.5	0.6	2.9

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6.	Delhi	4.7	3.3	1.9	4.8	1.7	2.6
7.	Goa	9.3	18.5	11.1	8.7	4.7	4.1
8.	Gujarat	0.4	2.0	0.5	2.4	0.8	1.8
9.	Haryana	0.8	2.7	2.2	4.0	1.8	2.5
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1.2	6.6	1.8	3.8	1.6	4.9
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	1.1	5.0	1.5	4.9	2.5	6.0
12.	Jharkhand	0.0	0.0	1.4	6.5	3.9	6.3
13.	Karnataka	0.7	3.3	0.7	2.8	0.5	2.7
14.	Kerala	8.2	10.2	10.7	15.6	7.5	7.3
15.	Madhya Pradesh	0.5	3.5	0.5	2.8	0.7	2.9
16.	Maharashtra	1.4	5.8	1.0	3.6	0.6	3.2
17.	Manipur	1.9	6.7	1.1	5.5	3.8	4.8
18.	Meghalaya	0.4	4.6	0.3	3.5	0.4	5.1
19.	Mizoram	0.9	3.0	0.3	1.9	1.3	2.8
20.	Nagaland	2.4	9.1	1.8	5.5	10.6	9.2
21.	Orissa	1.9	6.7	5.0	13.4	3.0	4.2
22.	Punjab	1.8	2.7	3.8	5.0	2.6	4.8
23.	Rajasthan	0.4	2.5	0.7	2.9	0.4	2.2
24.	Sikkim	2.8	7.5	2.4	3.7	4.3	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	2.0	4.0	1.2	3.5	1.5	3.2
26.	Tripura	1.2	5.8	13.3	28.0	9.2	17.1
27.	Uttarakhand	0.0	0.0	1.3	5.4	1.6	2.9
28.	Uttar Pradesh	0.8	4.1	0.6	3.3	1.0	2.9
29.	West Bengal	2.8	7.6	2.5	6.2	1.9	4.0
30.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	3.4	6.9	6.2	8.8	8.0	8.4
31.	Chandigarh	0.7	4.8	2.6	4.0	24.7	3.4

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	1.0	1.4	3.3	3.0	4.8	5.3
33.	Daman and Diu	1.0	3.0	0.3	3.0	4.0	2.4
34.	Lakshadweep	19.4	10.0	7.5	25.0	9.7	5.7
35.	Puducherry	4.0	4.1	7.0	8.1	3.0	3.1
	ALL-INDIA	1.5	4.7	1.7	4.5	1.6	3.4

**Decline in employment rate**

1661. SHRI M.P. ACHUTHAN:

SHRI K.E. ISMAIL :

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the employment rate in the country has declined in the five year period ending 2009-10 to 39.2 per cent from 42 per cent in 2004-05 according to the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) data; and

(b) if so, the details of the employment rate during the period 2004-05 and 2009-10 both in agriculture and non-agriculture sector and what is the Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI MALLIKARJUN KHARGE): (a) Reliable estimates of employment and unemployment are obtained through quinquennial labour force surveys conducted by National Sample Survey Office. Last such survey was conducted during 2009-10. As per last two most recent surveys, estimated employment rate as per usual status basis has declined to 39.2 per cent in 2009-10 from 42.0 per cent in 2004-05.

(b) The details of the employment rate during the period 2004-05 and 2009-10 both in agriculture and non-agriculture sector are as follows:—

<i>Employment Rate (%)</i>		
	2004-05	2009-10
Agriculture	58.44	53.20
Non-Agriculture	41.56	46.80

Government of India aims at creating more and more employment in non-agricultural sector in both rural and urban areas through implementing various wage paid and self-employment generation programmes in order to absorb the persons who are being pushed off from agricultural sector.