

(a) whether Government has formulated any new policy to rehabilitate the displaced people, particularly tribals due to new mining excavation in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the number of tribals likely to be affected with new mining policy and the steps Government has taken or going to take to rehabilitate them, State-wise;

(d) whether any financial assistance would be extended to States for rehabilitation, etc. of tribals; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF MINES (SHRI DINSHA J. PATEL): (a) and (b) The Government has formulated the National Rehabilitation and Resettlement Policy, 2007, which addresses the concerns of persons displaced by mining projects. The Government has also introduced the Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Bill, 2011 in the Lok Sabha, presently referred to Department Related Standing Committee.

(c) The data is not centrally maintained.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Does not arise in view of (d) above.

Presence of iron ore in Uttar Pradesh

2869. SHRI JAI PRAKASH: Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that early signs of presence of iron ore have been reported in some areas of Uttar Pradesh;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the details of programmes conducted in the country for the discovery of iron ore?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF MINES (SHRI DINSHA J. PATEL): (a) and (b) As per Directorate of Geology and Mining (DGM), Uttar Pradesh presence of low grade iron ore has been discovered in Girar Area, District Lalitpur. Geological Survey of India (GSI) has not investigated for Iron ore in the State of Uttar Pradesh in the recent past. The Iron ore formation of Girar is located about 400 km south-west of Lucknow in Mehrauni Tehsil of Lalitpur District.

(c) GSI has carried out number of Iron ore investigations in the country during the field V season 2007-08 to 2010-12. The State-wise investigations are as under :

Mineral		States		
commodity	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-12
Iron ore	Orissa,	Orissa,	Orissa,	Orissa,
	Chhattisgarh,	Chhattisgarh,	Chhattisgarh,	Jharkhand,
	Karnataka,	Tamil Nadu,	Andhra Pradesh,	Karnataka,
	Rajasthan	Rajasthan	Karnataka, Meghalaya, Rajasthan	Rajasthan

DGM, Uttar Pradesh has carried out preliminary investigations in Girar area from 1972 to 1975 and detailed investigations from 1976 to 1978 for iron ore.

Iron ore in Karnataka

†2870. SHRI SHREEGOPAL VYAS: Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

- the percentage of iron ore found in Karnataka out of the total iron ore in the country;
- the percentage of iron ore produced illegally in Karnataka;
- whether mining has been banned completely;
- if not, to what extent it has been banned;
- to what extent it has affected the overall works relating to iron industry; and
- the number of workers affected by this ban?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF MINES (SHRI DINSHA J. PATEL): (a) As per the National Mineral Inventory maintained by the Indian Bureau of Mines, 34.91 per cent of total iron ore resources in the country is found in Karnataka.

(b) As per available information, State Government of Karnataka detected 12891 cases of illegal mining of minor and major minerals for the period June, 2006 till December, 2009, and for the

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.