

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKHSMI): (a) India's share in export of textiles to the world in 2009 and 2010 were 4.31% and 5.1% respectively while China's share of global exports were 28.34% and 30.7% and respectively.

(b) China's manufacturing base in Textiles is larger than India both in terms of yarn and fabric providing opportunities for higher garment manufacturing and exports.

(c) Government has introduced several provisions in the Foreign Trade Policy 2009-14, further supplemented in June, 2012, for providing incentives to the T and C sector exports. This includes incentives for exports to focus markets and exports of focus products, interest subvention on pre-shipment credit, duty-free import of trimmings etc. required by the garmenting industry and duty-free import of tools by the handicrafts industry. This apart, financial assistance is being provided to the exporters under the Market Development Assistance Scheme and the Market Access Initiative Scheme, for enhancing market share in existing markets and for exploring new markets.

Export of textiles

1990. SHRI PALVAI GOVARDHAN REDDY: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the export of textiles to various countries during the last three years, year-wise and country-wise;

(b) how the Ministry is planning to achieve the ambitious US \$38 billion target set for textiles exports this year in the light of slowdown;

(c) whether the Ministry is searching for new markets in the world so as to achieve the above target; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) Details are given in the Statement (*See below*).

(b) The targets for textiles export have been revised upwards from USD 38 billion to USD 40.50 billion, following the Foreign Trade Policy Annual Supplement in June, 2012. The Export Council-wise targets are (i) Apparel Export Promotion Council (AEPC) - USD 18.00 billion (ii) The Cotton Textiles Export Promotion Council

(Texprocil) and The Poweloom Development Export Promoton Council (PDEXCIL)- USD 9.00 billion (iii) The Synthetic and Rayon Textiles Export Promotion Council (SRTEPC)- USD 7.00 billion (iv) Export Promotion Council for Handicrafts (EPCH)- USD 3.30 billion (v) Handloom Export Promotion Council (HEPC) 0.40 billion (vi) Wool and Woolens Export Promotion Council (W and WEPC) -0.75 billion (vii) National Jute Board (NJB) - 0.50 billion (viii) Carpet Export Promotion Council (CEPC) - 1.05 billion (ix) Indian Silk Export Promotion Council (ISEPC) 0.50 billion.

(c) and (d) Yes Sir, Government has encouraged textiles exporters to enter markets like Japan and Malaysia where free trade agreements have been successfully concluded, in addition to traditional markets like EU and USA. Export shows are also being held in Russian Federation, Israel, Eastern Europe and Latin American countries as part of the New Market Initiatives.

Statement

India Export Statistics

Commodity: Textile and Clothing Ch50 to 63

Millions U.S. Dollars

Partner Country	Calendar year		
	2009	2010	2011
1	2	3	4
World	21787	27188	32642
United States	4226	4946	5780
China	868	2325	2929
United Arab Emirates	1625	1798	2162
United Kingdom	1708	1667	2088
Germany	1604	1528	1960
Bangladesh	500	1105	1101
Italy	743	778	1030
France	916	810	1017
Spain	676	667	813

1	2	3	4
Turkey	399	667	731
Netherlands	512	523	728
Belgium	386	474	615
Brazil	288	497	557
Saudi Arabia	429	473	541
Sri Lanka	307	397	502
Egypt	192	338	492
Canada	358	347	431
Japan	240	261	397
Denmark	279	281	381
Pakistan	565	657	381
Iran	102	174	318
Korea, South	211	378	314
Malaysia	136	279	285
Australia	184	205	285
South Africa	169	199	255
Hong Kong	218	369	255
Portugal	135	229	245
Afghanistan	252	206	241
Sweden	168	189	240
Mexico	110	159	226
Indonesia	112	228	206
Vietnam	102	238	196
Poland	90	128	188
Singapore	142	192	187
Syria	78	99	178

Source of Data: Ministry of Commerce through GTIS