

State Universities, Registered Private Institutions, NGOs etc. for providing coaching for various examinations conducted by Union Public Service Commission, Staff Selection Commission, various Railway Recruitment Boards, State Public Service Commissions, Banks, Insurance Companies and PSUs and for Premier Entrance Examinations for admission in Engineering, professional courses like Management and Law, etc.

Central Assistance released under the Scheme and number of beneficiaries covered for the last three years and the current year is as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year	Free coaching for SC and OBC students		Free coaching for Scheduled Tribes	
	Amount released	No. of beneficiaries	Amount released	No. of beneficiaries
2009-10	279.43	3013	300.00	1136
2010-11	943.02	8220	152.74	520
2011-12	696.44	7359	249.93	720
2012-13*	312.00	3408	13.95	80

*upto 30-11-2012.

Change in criminal law in anti-dowry laws

2920. SHRIMATI JAYA BACHCHAN: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government expert panel has recommended a change in the criminal law in the anti-dowry laws;

(b) whether it is also a fact that section 498A of the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and enabling laws require amendments following reports of their misuse;

(c) whether courts and other Committees have emphasized the need for caution in exercising the drastic power of arrest under section 498A of IPC; and

(d) if so, the details in this regard and the action likely to be taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRI PORIKA BALRAM NAIK): (a) to (d) The Law Commission of India, in its 243rd Report, has recommended amendments to section 498A, making it non-bailable and compoundable. The Hon'ble Committee on Petitions of Rajya Sabha, in its 140th Report also recommended, inter-alia, effective steps to be taken by State Governments to curb misuse of section 498A of IPC. As the subject matter comes under the ambit of the Concurrent List of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India, the matter has to be consulted with the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations. The Report of the Law Commission has, therefore, been referred to all the State Governments/UT Administrations for their views. Accordingly, an advisory has been issued to all the State Governments/UT Administrations on 16.01.2012.

Drug use among children

2921. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH MAHRA: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) how many children have been found to use drugs under the Juvenile Justice Act, 2000;
- (b) what action has been taken thereafter;
- (c) whether they have been sent for treatment for drug de-addiction and rehabilitation; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof and where they have been sent for treatment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRI PORIKA BALRAM NAIK): (a) to (d) The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 as amended in 2011 provides for in-patient treatment of children, who are addicted to any narcotic drug or psychotropic substance, in Integrated Rehabilitation Centres for Addicts being run under the "Central Sector Scheme of Assistance for Prevention of Alcoholism and Substance (Drug) Abuse and for Social Defence Services" of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment or any other corresponding scheme for the time being in force. However, the information regarding the number of children who have been found to use drugs under the said Act is not maintained.

Survey for assessment of drug addicted children

2922. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH MAHRA: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state: