

Instructions already exist that concerted efforts should be made by the Central Ministries/Departments concerned to fill up the backlog reserved vacancies as soon as possible including through the Special Recruitment Drive. The Department of Personnel and Training has also reiterated the instructions.

Problems in the infrastructure sector

*92. SHRI D.P. TRIPATHI: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that infrastructure sector is facing financial as well as less buyer problems, especially in big cities;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the steps Government is taking to help this sector?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) and (b) The High Powered Expert Committee (HPEC) set up by the Government of India has assessed the investment requirements for Urban Infrastructure and Services to be of the order of Rs. 39.2 lakh crore at 2009-10 prices over 20 year period, while the O & M requirement has been assessed at Rs. 19.9 lakh crore.

(c) The responsibility for development of infrastructure in the cities and towns lies with the State Governments. However, Government of India provides supplementary assistance to the State Governments through the Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), which has been launched in December, 2005. The JNNURM covers 65 big cities under the sub-Mission of Urban Infrastructure and Governance (UIG). The list of the cities is given in Statement (*See below*). So far 552 projects with an approved cost of Rs. 62,039.26 crore with Government of India commitment of Rs. 28,696.93 crore have been approved. The remaining funds are to come from contribution of State Governments, local bodies and user charges.

Statement

List of cities included under UIG/BSUP of JNNURM

Sl. No.	City/Urban Agglomeration	Name of the State	Population as per 2001 census (in lakh)
1	2	3	4
(a) Mega Cities			
1.	Delhi	Delhi	128.77
2.	Greater Mumbai	Maharashtra	164.34

1	2	3	4
3.	Ahmedabad	Gujarat	45.25
4.	Bangalore	Karnataka	57.01
5.	Chennai	Tamil Nadu	65.60
6.	Kolkata	West Bengal	132.06
7.	Hyderabad	Andhra Pradesh	57.42

(b) Million-plus Cities

1.	Patna	Bihar	16.98
2.	Faridabad	Haryana	10.56
3.	Bhopal	Madhya Pradesh	14.58
4.	Ludhiana	Punjab	13.98
5.	Jaipur	Rajasthan	23.27
6.	Lucknow	Uttar Pradesh	22.46
7.	Madurai	Tamil Nadu	12.03
8.	Nashik	Maharashtra	11.52
9.	Pune	Maharashtra	37.60
10.	Cochin	Kerala	13.55
11.	Varanasi	Uttar Pradesh	12.04
12.	Agra	Uttar Pradesh	13.31
13.	Amritsar	Punjab	10.03
14.	Visakhapatnam	Andhra Pradesh	13.45
15.	Vadodara	Gujarat	14.91
16.	Surat	Gujarat	28.11
17.	Kanpur	Uttar Pradesh	27.15
18.	Nagpur	Maharashtra	21.29

1	2	3	4
19.	Coimbatore	Tamil Nadu	14.61
20.	Meerut	Uttar Pradesh	11.61
21.	Jabalpur	Madhya Pradesh	10.98
22.	Jamshedpur	Jharkhand	11.04
23.	Asansol	West Bengal	10.67
24.	Allahabad	Uttar Pradesh	10.42
25.	Vijayawada	Andhra Pradesh	10.39
26.	Rajkot	Gujarat	10.03
27.	Dhanbad	Jharkhand	10.65
28.	Indore	Madhya Pradesh	16.40

(c) Identified cities/Urban Agglomerations (UAs) with less than one million population.

1.	Guwahati	Assam	8.19
2.	Itanagar	Arunachal Pradesh	0.35
3.	Jammu	Jammu and Kashmir	6.12
4.	Raipur	Chhattisgarh	7.00
5.	Panaji	Goa	0.99
6.	Shimla	Himachal Pradesh	1.45
7.	Ranchi	Jharkhand	8.63
8.	Thiruvananthapuram	Kerala	8.90
9.	Imphal	Manipur	2.50
10.	Shillong	Meghalaya	2.68
11.	Aizawal	Mizoram	2.28
12.	Kohima	Nagaland	0.77
13.	Bhubaneswar	Orissa	6.58

1	2	3	4
14.	Gangtok	Sikkim	0.29
15.	Agartala	Tripura	1.90
16.	Dehradun	Uttaranchal	5.30
17.	Bodh Gaya	Bihar	3.94
18.	Ujjain	Madhya Pradesh	4.31
19.	Puri	Orissa	1.57
20.	Ajmer-Pushkar	Rajasthan	5.04
21.	Nainital	Uttaranchal	2.20
22.	Mysore	Karnataka	7.99
23.	Pondicherry	Pondicherry	5.05
24.	Chandigarh	Punjab and Haryana	8.08
25.	Srinagar	Jammu and Kashmir	9.88
26.	Mathura	Uttar Pradesh	3.23
27.	Hardwar	Uttaranchal	2.21
28.	Nanded	Maharashtra	4.31
29.	Porbander	Gujarat	1.58
30.	Tirupati	Andhra Pradesh	2.28

Tourism industry in the country

†*93.DR. PRABHA THAKUR: Will the Minister of TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether tourism centres in the country are incurring heavy losses every year due to occurrence of some disease or epidemic or natural calamity post monsoon or terror incidents over the last few years;

(b) whether in such a situation Government has made any plan or proposes to make one to protect and encourage tourism industry in the country; and

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.