Pradesh, Karnataka and Kerala. The peak shortage in Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka is 19.2% and 13.5% respectively which is more than Tamil Nadu.

The power shortage is likely to be reduced in Tamil Nadu with commissioning of Mettur Extension Unit-1 (600 MW), North-Chennai Extension Unit-2 (600 MW) and Bhawani Kattalai-III Unit-1 (15 MW) in State Sector and Tuticorin Unit-1 (150 MW) in Private Sector. Further, Tamil Nadu would also benefit from Central Generating Stations of NTPC i.e. Vallur TPP Phase-I Unit-2 (500 MW) commissioned on 28th February, 2013.

(c) and (d) Before the Government of India could allocate the surplus power surrendered by Delhi, a suit was filed by the Government of Tamil Nadu in the Hon'ble Supreme Court for re-allocation of entire power surrendered by NCT of Delhi. As the matter is sub-judice, re-allocation of the surplus power of NCT of Delhi to other States is not possible at this stage.

Krishnaganga Hydroelectric Project

2475. SHRI T.K. RANGARAJAN: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

- whether delay in Krishnaganga Hydroelectric Project due to legal battle has led to power shortage in the regions that are projected to benefit from this project;
 - if so, the details thereof; and
- the time of completion of the project and the benefits to be accrued from it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI JYOTIRADITYA MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) to (c) No, Sir, as the Kishanganga hydro project is targeted for completion by 2016-17 only.

The project will provide energy generation of 1350 MU in 90% dependable year. The Installed Capacity of the Project is 330 MW.

Pending applications for disposal under the RTI Act in NTPC Ltd.

2476. SHRI SALIM ANSARI: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that several application under "Appeal" are pending with the NTPC Ltd. for disposal under the RTI Act;