

Tertiary Cancer Centres (TCC) for providing comprehensive Cancer care services. These institutions are eligible for financial assistance upto Rs. 6.00 crore (Rs. 4.80 crore from Central Government and Rs. 1.20 crore from State Government).

Central Government also supplements the efforts of the State Governments by focusing on early detection of cancer, promoting health education and creating awareness.

Nation-wide survey on diabetic persons

*31. SHRI N. BALAGANGA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware that diabetes has become a major disease in the country;

(b) whether Government has undertaken any survey to find out the total number of persons reported to have been suffering from diabetes in the country;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to supply cheap testing kits to diabetic patients and also to create awareness in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) Yes Sir,

(b) and (c) According to diseases burden study on Non Communicable disease published by ICMR in 2006, the prevalence of Diabetes was 62.47 cases per thousand. Under National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS), launched in 21 States in 2010, screening for diabetes and hypertension has been taken up for persons aged 30 years and above. As on 20th February, 2013, 1.57 crore persons in 21 States have been screened out of which 11.48 lakh (7.30%) are found suspected for Diabetes.

(d) Under NPCDCS, the ministry has supplied glucometers, glucostrips and lancets (testing kits for diabetes) to 96 districts of 21 states.

Awareness generation activities undertaken by the State Governments have also been supplemented by the Ministry. In addition, Information, Education and

Communication (IEC) activities through Prasar Bharati under the 'Swasth Bharat Programme' are also being carried out for various non-communicable diseases including Diabetes.

Impact of price rise and high interest rates on economy

†*32. SHRIMATI MAYA SINGH: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to price rise in the country a major decline in the demands of consumer durables has been witnessed and the financial condition of consumers is behind this constraint;

(b) the present rate of food inflation and the rate of economic growth for the last one year; and

(c) whether due to high interest rates in the country, new small and big industries have been hit badly, resulting in decline in production?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The Share of durables in Private Final Consumption Expenditure (PFCE) in domestic market and their rate of growth in last two years is indicated below. The decline in the rate of growth of expenditure on durables may not be entirely attributable to price rise.

Table 1: Private Final Consumption Expenditure (PFCE) and their rate of growth

Year	Private Final Consumption Expenditure in the domestic market (Rs. crore)	Private Final Consumption of durables (Rs. crore)	Percentage share of durables in PFCE	Growth over previous years (%)	
				PFCE	Durables
2010-11	43,73,962	1,71,555	3.9	17.5	17.8
2011-12	50,81,769	1,88,202	3.7	16.2	9.7

(b) Food inflation and rate of growth of economy during 2011-12 and 2012-13 is indicated below:

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.