

1	2	3	4
3.	Karnataka	Bangalore	2
4.	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	1
5.	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	r
6.	Rajasthan	Jaipur	i
7.	West Bengal	Kolkata	i
8.	Maharashtra	Mumbai-2, Nagpur-2, Pune-1	5
9.	Bihar	Patna	1
10.	Kerala	Thiruvananthapuram	1
11.	Delhi	Delhi & NCR	13
12.	Odisha	Bhubaneshwar	1
TOTAL:			33

Implementation of funds received from international bodies

879. DR. PRADEEP KUMAR BALMUCHU: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of any programmes of the Ministry which receive funds from international bodies for their implementation during the last three years;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the norms adopted to receive funds from international bodies for implementation of national programmes?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) and (b) There are various schemes/programmes in the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare under which funds from international bodies are received for their implementation. The details of funds received during the last three years are given in Statement (*See* below).

(c) Funds are received from the international funding agencies like WHO, World

Bank, DFID etc. as part of their international initiatives and the norms like nature of funding, term of funding and other conditions *inter-alia* depend upon the goals and purposes of such programmes/schemes.

Statement

Details of funds received from international bodies for implementing various schemes/programmes

I. Reproductive and Child Health Programme II and Pulse Polio Immunization Programme

Financial assistance (funds) has been received from World Bank, Department for International Development (DFID), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), European Union (EU), United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and ENTWICKLUNGSBANK (KfW) for implementation of Reproductive and Child Health Programme II and for Pulse Polio Immunization Programme. Details of funds received from above international bodies during the last three years are as under:

(Rs. in crores)

Sl. No.	Name of the agencies	Funds received in last three years		
		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
1	2	3	4	5
1	World Bank (IDA) - Reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II	115.90	454.37	476.55
2.	World Bank (IDA) - National Vector Borne Disease Control and Polio Eradication Support Project	39.81	374.55	307.78
3.	Department for International Development (DFID) - Reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II	234.15	284.09	0.00

1	2	3	4	5
4.	United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), Reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II	14.25	17.14	11.50
5.	European Union (EU), Reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II	0.00	210.34	0.00
6.	United States Agency for International Development (USAID), Innovations in Family Planning Services Project	3.14	12.00	22.86
7.	ENTWICKLUNGSBANK (KfW) Pulse Polio Immunization Programme	53.24	35.51	0.87

II. Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP)

The Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP) widely known as DOTS, which is WHO recommended strategy, is being implemented as a 100% Centrally Sponsored Scheme in the entire country among the urban as well as rural people. The International assistance that has been given to RNTCP in past 3 year and current year is as per table below:

(Rs. in crores)

Project	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
World Bank	127.80	150.80	173.00	111.65*
GFATM	80.00	95.00	110.00	351.50
DFID	40.00	40.00	40.00	-
UNIT AID	-	-	-	36.50
TOTAL:	247.80	285.80	323.00	499.65

*The world Bank project was funded till 30th Sep., 2012.

III. National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP)

National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP) has not received any fund from

international body during the last three years. However, WHO has supplied leprosy drugs free of cost for NLEP during the last three year. The details are as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year	Cost of drugs
2010-11	635.38
2011-12	580.95
2012-13	442.09

IV. National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP)

National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme receives funds from two International organizations as per details given below:

- (i) World Bank - for malaria control and Kala-Azar elimination.
- (ii) Global Funds - for malaria control.

World Bank support project is implemented for control of malaria in 124 high malaria endemic districts of States namely Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, West Bengal and for Kala-Azar elimination in 46 districts of States of Bihar, Jharkhand and West Bengal with a financial support of US \$ 250 million for 5 years from 2009 to 2013 and finally at Phase-II it was reduced to US \$ 180 million.

Global Fund support Intensified Malaria Control Project-II implemented in 86 districts of Seven North Eastern States namely Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland and Tripura from 2010 to 2015 with financial support of US \$ 87.78 million.

V. National AIDS Control Programme (NACP)

Under National AIDS Control Programme, foreign assistance has been received by the Government of India. Major contribution to the programme has come from World Bank, Global Fund for AIDS, Malaria and Tuberculosis (GFATM) and Department for International Development (DFID). Funds have also been

received from United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The details of funds received from international agencies to implement the above programme are as under:

(Rs. in crores)

Year	World Bank	DFID	USAID	UNDP	Global Fund
2010-11	251.60	205.71	24.73	5.33	310.64
2011-12	251.75	-	11.55	3.86	605.15
2012-13	305.00	-	-	7.94	587.99

VI. Programmes/Schemes Under Department of Ayush

The Department of AYUSH is not implementing any programme for which funds are received from international bodies. However funds were received from WHO for the following:

- (i) Rs. 7,539,000/- were sanctioned to various institutions under the WHO-GOI (AYUSH) work plan for the biennium 2010-11.
- (ii) Rs. 7,17,333/- were received for organising interactive workshops on IPR and Patenting issues in Traditional medicine and Regulatory issues in Traditional Medicine on 10th - 11th October, 2011 and 12th - 13th October, 2011 at India Habitat Center, New Delhi.

Shortage of medical personnel in rural areas

†880. SHRI THAAWAR CHAND GEHLOT: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that as per one of the reports on the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) there is a huge shortage of doctors, nurses and para-medical staff in the rural areas;

(b) if so, the details of shortage of doctors, nurses and para-medical staff, State-wise;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.