166	Written Answers to	[RAJYA SABHA]		Unstarred Questions	
1	2	3	4	5	6
3.	Chhattisgarh	2694.36	54.00	 :	,
4.	Goa	391.05	70.00	% 1−0 2	10-18
5.	Gujarat	4410.12	70.00	8 <u></u> 3	<u></u> x
6.	Haryana	1029.29	42.00	-	Y
7.	Jharkhand	3973.73	51.00	::	-
8.	Karnataka	3413.00	60.00	:—:	-
9.	Kerala	1665.75	96.00	42 	<u></u>
10.	Madhya Pradesh	6091.07	70.00	8_3	625.09
11.	Maharashtra	7799.63	90.00	\$ <u></u> 7	F <u></u> -F
12.	Odisha	4805.34	50.00	2 1	250.00
13.	Punjab	1944.56	144.00	:—:	
14.	Rajasthan	3476.95	60.00	43	<u>—.</u>
15.	Tamil Nadu	3473.48	160.00	\$ 1	S-Id
16.	Uttar Pradesh	12254.50	269.56	9 <u>***</u> 9	2205.91*
17. —	West Bengal	7298.33	141.00	·—	2000.00
	Total GCSs:	77787.13	1568.56		6581.00
	Total States (28):	124042.49	1568.56	8389.00	6581.00

^{*}Rs. 800 crore Special Assistance Package for Kumbha Mela and Rs. 05.91 crore for Bundelkhand Package.

#Includes assistance under the Prime Minister's Reconstruction Plan (PMRP).

Source: Scheme of Financing of the respective States.

Fixing of growth rate

†3947. SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that annual growth rate was fixed at 9 per cent

[†]Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

to 9.5 per cent for the development of the country at the time of planning in the initial stage during Twelfth Five Year Plan, which was brought down from 8 per cent to 8.5 per cent at later stage;

[2 MAY, 2013]

- (b) if so, the facts thereof;
- whether it is also a fact that at present this growth rate is being assessed (c) at 5 per cent which has reached to 4.5 per cent in the last quarter of the year; and
- if so, whether it would be possible to achieve the target of annual growth (d) rate during Twelfth Five Year Plan in the country in these circumstances?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI RAJEEV SHUKLA): (a) and (b) The Approach Paper to the Twelfth Five Year Plan as approved by the National Development Council (NDC) had projected a target of an average annual growth rate of 9 per cent during the Twelfth Plan period. However, due to increased economic uncertainty around the globe and its impact on the domestic economy, the growth target for the Twelfth Five Year Plan has been revised to 8 per cent in the finally approved Twelfth Plan.

- As per the Advance Estimates of National Income released by the Central Statistics Office (CSO) on 7th February, 2013, the growth rate of GDP is estimated to be 5.0 per cent in 2012-13 and as per the Quarterly Estimates of GDP for the Third Quarter (October-December) of 2012-13 released by CSO on 28th February, 2013, the growth rate of GDP in the third quarter of 2012-13 is estimated to be 4.5 per cent.
- The overall target of 8.0 per cent annual average growth rate of GDP during (d) the Twelfth Five Year Plan does seem challenging and ambitious and requires substantial improvement in the growth rate of the GDP during the later years of the Twelfth Plan. The current slowdown in the growth rate of GDP can be reversed through strong corrective action, including especially an expansion in Investment with a corresponding increase in Savings and fiscal consolidation to keep the inflationary pressures under control. The global economy is expected to remain weak for the first half of the Twelfth Plan Period; it will therefore be required to work towards bringing GDP growth back to 9 per cent in the last two years of the Plan. For achieving the overall target, two sub-targets are very vital. First, 4 per cent growth for the agriculture sector over the Twelfth Plan Period and second the growth of manufacturing to reach around 10 per cent in the last two years of the Plan. Another important facet of the Twelfth Plan's Strategy for growth is that there is an endeavor to increase

the productivity as one of the key drivers of the growth. As the traditional sources of growth are not likely to be enough in the coming years, therefore, the focus has to be shifted to raising the overall productivity of the economy. Higher productivity leads to more efficient use of labour and capital and therefore is desirable for putting the economy on a higher growth trajectory.

Annual plan proposed by Andhra Pradesh

3948. SHRI DEVENDER GOUD T.: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of Annual Plans proposed by the State Government of Andhra Pradesh for approval of Planning Commission during the last five years, year-wise;
- (b) the annual plans fixed by the Planning Commission against the proposal for Andhra Pradesh during the last five years, year-wise;
- (c) the increase/decrease of annual plans of Andhra Pradesh in percentage and in monetary terms during the above period, year-wise; and
- (d) the reasons for decreasing the Annual Plan by Planning Commission during each of the last five years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI RAJEEV SHUKLA): (a) to (c) The Annual Plan Outlays proposed by the Government of Andhra Pradesh for approval of Planning Commission and the plan outlays fixed by the Planning Commission during the last five years is given below in the table along with increase/decrease of plan outlay in monetary and percentage terms.

Plan Outlays of Andhra Pradesh during the last five years (2008-09 to 2012-13)

(Rs. in crore) Year Proposed Approved by Change in % change in by State Planning approved approved Government Commission outlay over outlay over the previous the previous year's approved year outlay 1 2 3 4 5 2008-09 43191.61 44000.00 13500.00 44.26