

College, Salem has been upgraded in the first phase of PMSSY. 139 bedded Super Speciality Block and 122 bedded Trauma Centre have been built under the Upgradation Programme. Procurement of medical equipment for the Institute is undertaken by the Institute/State Government.

(c) to (e) Government of India has decided to upgrade Thanjavur Medical College, Thanjavur and Tirunelveli Medical College, Tirunelveli in the third phase of PMSSY at an approved cost of Rs.150 Crore (Central contribution-Rs. 120 Crore and State share - Rs. 30 Crore) for each institution.

In addition, work for upgradation of Government Rajaji Medical College, Madurai has been awarded under second phase of PMSSY.

#### **Infrastructure under NRHM**

2553. SHRI G.N. RATANPURI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of facilities created under NRHM, including infrastructure and human resource, in Jammu and Kashmir;

(b) the ratio of availability of doctors to patients in different States by the end of the financial year 2012-13; and

(c) the criteria adopted for new health centres at different places?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) The details are given in Statement (*See* below).

(b) No doctor to patient ratio is maintained in the Ministry. However, the ratio of doctor to population in the State of J&K is 1:1983

(c) The criteria for setting up public health facilities *viz.* SHCs, PHCs, and CHCs have been as follows:

Health Centre	Population Norms	
	Plain Area	Hilly/Tribal/ Difficult Area
Sub-Centre	5000	3000
Primary Health Centre	30,000	20,000
Community Health Centre	1,20,000	80,000

Recently, approval has been accorded to support setting up of Sub-centres on time to care basis within 30 minute's reach of a habitation.

**Statement**

*Details of facilities created under NRHM as provided by the State*

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- The following facilities have been provided under NRHM in the State:
    - 1. Establishment of Neonatal Care Units at different levels**
      - (a) Sick Neonatal Care Units (SNCUs) have been sanctioned for 15 district hospitals and 2 other hospitals of the level of district hospitals against which 15 SNCUs have been established so far.
      - (b) Newborn Stabilization Units (NBSUs) have been sanctioned for 83 CHCs/SDHs against which NBSUs have been set up in 75 CHCs/SDHs.
      - (c) Newborn Care Corners have been established in 273 CHCs/SDHs/PHCs.
    - 2. Infrastructure Development**
      - Funds to the tune of Rs.350.65 crores have been provided under NRHM for infrastructure development of the health facilities including two maternity hospitals against which Rs.321.94 Crores have been spent. The details of hospital buildings are as under:
        - (a) 70 CHCs have been provided funds for strengthening Labour room, maternity wards, providing Blood Bank Links etc.
        - (b) 20 District hospitals have been provided funds for construction/upgradation including 8 district hospitals in newly created districts.
        - (c) 78 CHCs/SDHs have been provided funds for construction/upgradation.
        - (d) 106 PHCs have also been provided financial support under NRHM for construction/upgradation hospital buildings.
        - (e) 224 Sub Centres have been provided funds for construction of buildings.
        - (f) In addition, two Maternity hospitals are under construction with financial support under NRHM.
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**3. Human Resources**

- 57 Specialists, 466 MBBS doctors, 471 ISM doctors have been engaged on contract basis under NRHM.
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**Free testing facilities for diabetic patients**

2554. DR. PRABHAKAR KORE:

SHRIMATI RAJANI PATIL:

SHRI K.C. TYAGI:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware that the number of diabetic patients is about 65 million in the country;

(b) if so, whether Government is also aware of the fact that people in rural areas and those belonging to BPL category are facing difficulties to get treatment and control the problem due to lack of testing facilities for diabetes;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether Government proposes to provide free testing facilities for diabetic Patients; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and, if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) According to report published by International Diabetes Federation (IDF) (the 6th edition of IDF Atlas published in November, 2013) the number of diabetic patients is about 65 million in the country. The data available from the Indian Council of Medical Research, India Diabetes (INDIAB) Study estimates the number to be 62.4 million approximately.

(b) to (e) Government of India launched National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) in July, 2010 with the aim to prevent and control these diseases thorough awareness generation, behaviour and life-style changes, early diagnosis of persons with high levels of risk factors. During the Eleventh Five Year Plan, the focus was on 100 districts in 21 States for prevention and control of Cancer, Cardiovascular Diseases, Diabetes and Stroke. In the Twelfth Five Year Plan, the programme has been expanded to all the States in the country. As on 31st January, 2014, a total number