

Appointment of Orthopaedics and Ophthalmists in CGHS dispensaries

†2892. SHRI ISHWARLAL SHANKARLAL JAIN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government proposes to appoint orthopaedicians and eye specialists (ophthalmists) in CGHS dispensaries;
- (b) whether CGHS beneficiaries are facing a lot of problems due to absence of these doctors in the dispensaries and especially the senior citizens;
- (c) whether there is a shortage of orthopaedicians and ophthalmists; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. HARSH VARDHAN): (a) to (d) As per existing policy GDMOs are posted in CGHS Wellness Centres. However, in selected Wellness Centres, specialists visit such Wellness Centres on earmarked days. Whenever required, CGHS beneficiaries are referred to these specialists in the Wellness Centre (including orthopaedic and eye) or to specialists posted in Government hospitals and at times also to specialists of empanelled private hospitals.

Pre-natal care facility for expecting mothers

2893. SHRIMATI KANIMOZHI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the proportion of expecting mothers in the country who receive pre-natal care within two weeks of delivery, State-wise;
- (b) whether Government is considering any changes to Janani Suraksha Yojana to improve the provision of pre-natal care to the expecting mothers; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. HARSH VARDHAN): (a) The proportion of mothers who received check up within two weeks of delivery (post natal care) as per the District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS-III in 2007-08) is 49.5%. State wise data is given in Statement (*See* below).

(b) and (c) Incentive to ASHAs (Accredited Social Health Activists) for promoting institutional delivery under Janani Suraksha Yojana has been made uniform and composite from financial year 2013-14 wherein ASHAs are incentivised for facilitating antenatal care and institutional delivery of pregnant mothers as under:

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

- (i) ₹ 600 per delivery in rural areas: ₹ 300/ for antenatal component during pre-natal period and ₹ 300/ for facilitating institutional delivery.
- (ii) ₹ 400 per delivery in urban areas: ₹ 200/ for antenatal component during pre-natal period and ₹ 200/ for facilitating institutional delivery.

Statement*District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS-III - 2007-08)*

Sl. No.	States/UTs	% of currently married women (aged 15-49) who have received any checkup within two weeks after delivery in %
1	2	3
All India		49.5
Major States		
1.	Andhra Pradesh*	79.4
2.	Assam	32.8
3.	Bihar	26.1
4.	Chhattisgarh	41.5
5.	Gujarat	59.4
6.	Haryana	49.4
7.	Jharkhand	30.8
8.	Karnataka	69.3
9.	Kerala	99.4
10.	Madhya Pradesh	37.5
11.	Maharashtra	79.7
12.	Odisha	30.5
13.	Punjab	78.9
14.	Rajasthan	38.2
15.	Tamil Nadu	89.2
16.	Uttar Pradesh	33.7
17.	West Bengal	56.9
Smaller States/UTs		
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	38.1
2.	Delhi	78.5

1	2	3
3.	Goa	97.1
4.	Himachal Pradesh	50.5
5.	Jammu and Kashmir	54.1
6.	Manipur	42.8
7.	Meghalaya	32.6
8.	Mizoram	47.1
9.	Nagaland	Not Available
10.	Sikkim	49.3
11.	Tripura	28.5
12.	Uttarakhand	31.6

Union Territories

1.	A and N Islands	79.2
2.	Chandigarh	77.7
3.	D and N Haveli	61.2
4.	Daman and Diu	80.0
5.	Lakshadweep	96.6
6.	Puducherry	92.8

*Separate data for Telangana during the period is not available

Target of reducing TFR

2894. SHRI AJAY SANCHETI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has set a target to reduce Total Fertility Rate (TFR) to 2.1 by the end of the Twelfth Five Year Plan;

(b) if so, the progress made during the first two years of the Twelfth Five Year Plan *i.e.* 2012-2014 towards achieving this goal; and

(c) the details of challenges being faced by Government in realising the goal?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. HARSH VARDHAN): (a) Yes.

(b) The latest estimates brought out by the Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India, indicate that the TFR of the Country in 2012 was 2.4.