

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO UNSTARRED QUESTIONS**Promotion of industrial activity**

1086. SHRI D. KUPENDRA REDDY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the details of steps taken by Government during the last ten years for the promotion of industrial activity in the country to make India a manufacturing hub in various sectors like automobiles, textiles, pharmaceuticals, food processing, etc.;

(b) the sectors which were identified for the purpose and the number of new cities decided to be developed as investment centres; and

(c) the details of the changes contemplated in the existing schemes under the new 'Make in India' programme launched by the Prime Minister recently ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI NIRMALA SITHARAMAN): (a) The details of steps taken by Government during the last 10 years for the promotion of Industrial Activities in the country to make India a manufacturing hub in following Sectors:

(i) **Automobiles :**

“The Government has drawn a ten year Automotive Mission Plan (AMP) 2006-16 for the Indian Automotive Industry to maintain high rate of growth and to retain the attractiveness of Indian market and for further enhancing the competitiveness of Indian companies. Apart from this, the Government has also taken several other initiatives to strengthen this sector; such as setting up of Automotive Skill Development Council (ASDC) , support to R&D projects through automotive cess funding, starting of National Automotive R&D Infrastructure Project (NATRIP) for setting up of world class infrastructure for homologation and testing, setting up of the National Automotive Board(NAB) as a repository of auto R&D expertise and an apex coordinating body to address the need of collaborative R&D and synergizing the activities of NATRIP. The Government has also taken initiative for introducing Electric/Hybrid transportation in the country under National Electric Mobility Mission Plan (NEMMP) 2020 to provide clean mobility solutions to the people while reducing the country’s dependence on fossil fuel. The Government has also recently reduced excise duty rates on vehicles which has helped boost sales in the past several months.”

(ii) Food Processing :

With a view to reduce post-harvest losses and increase level of processing, Government has been promoting creation of infrastructure and Research and Development in food processing sector. For creation of supportive infrastructure in food processing sector, Government has been extending grant-in-aid for creation of Cold Chain, Mega Food Park and setting up/ modernization of Abattoirs. The Ministry of Food Processing Industries has also been implementing a Plan Scheme namely 'Quality Assurance, Codex, R&D and Other Promotional Activities' under which financial assistance is provided as Grants-in-aid for demand driven R&D work for product and process development, improved packaging, value addition etc.

(iii) Pharmaceutical :

Department of Pharmaceutical after wide ranging stakeholder's consultation came out with the National Pharmaceutical Pricing Policy, 2012 on 7.12.2012 with the objective of putting in place a regulatory framework for pricing of drugs so as to ensure availability of "Essential Medicines" at reasonable prices even while providing sufficient opportunity for innovation and competition to support the growth of industry, thereby meeting the goals of employment and shared economic well being for all.

Three Task forces have been constituted on 31.10.2014 under the Chairmanship of Secretary (Pharmaceuticals) with representation from all concerned Departments / Institutions and Industry Associations.

(iv) Textile :

In order to develop various sectors of textile industry Govt. has launched various policy initiatives and schemes. Some of the schemes / measures are Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS), Scheme for development of Technical Textiles, Schemes for the development of the Power-loom Sector, Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks (SITP), Integrated Skill Development Scheme. These schemes are potential of generating large employment opportunities.

(b) Twenty five sectors as given in Statement (*See below*) have been identified for which detailed information has been provided in 'Make in India' web portal and brochures. The cities/regions identified for development in the Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor in partnership with the State Governments are:

- (i) Ahmedabad-Dholera Investment Region, Gujarat;
- (ii) Shendra-Bidkin Industrial Park city near Aurangabad, Maharashtra;
- (iii) Manesar-Bawal Investment Region, Haryana;

- (iv) Khushkhera-Bhiwadi-Neemrana Investment Region, Rajasthan;
- (v) Pithampur-Dhar-Mhow Investment Region, Madhya Pradesh;
- (vi) Dadri-Noida-Ghaziabad Investment Region, Uttar Pradesh; and
- (vii) Dighi Port Industrial Area, Maharashtra.

(c) The components of 'Make in India' programme include simplification of process, introduction of online single window system for obtaining permissions in the existing schemes and delicensing and deregulation. Special emphasis is put on development of infrastructure through industrial corridors, smart cities and industrial clusters. This programme aims at change in mindset by making Government a partner with Industry in economic development of India instead of working as a regulator.

Statement

List of Sectors

- (i) Auto Components
 - (ii) Automobiles
 - (iii) Aviation
 - (iv) Biotechnology
 - (v) Chemicals
 - (vi) Construction
 - (vii) Defence Manufacturing
 - (viii) Electrical Machinery
 - (ix) Electronic System Design and Manufacturing
 - (x) Food Processing
 - (xi) IT and BPM
 - (xii) Leather
 - (xiii) Media and Entertainment
 - (xiv) Mining
 - (xv) Oil and Gas
 - (xvi) Pharmaceuticals
 - (xvii) Ports
 - (xviii) Railways
 - (xix) Roads and Highways
 - (xx) Renewable Energy
 - (xxi) Space
 - (xxii) Textiles
 - (xxiii) Thermal Power
 - (xxiv) Tourism and Hospitality
 - (xxv) Wellness
-