

- The partial funding of incentive from MGNREGS has been stopped. The entire assistance now being provided under one programme.
- Demand is sought to be created by triggering 'Behaviour change' by intensifying Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and Inter Personal Communication (IPC) campaigns.
- Partnerships of various stakeholders working on rural sanitation including Multilateral organisations, Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs), Civil Society Organisations, Self Help Groups (SHGs), Institutions etc. is being promoted.
- Both Outputs (Construction) and Outcomes (usage) to be monitored.

Funds for drinking water in rural areas

1943. SHRI ARVIND KUMAR SINGH:

SHRI NEERAJ SHEKHAR:

Will the Minister of DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION be pleased to state:

(a) the details of target for supply of safe and potable drinking water in rural areas of the country, State-wise and district-wise in case of U.P. during the current financial year;

(b) the details of targets achieved during 2014 and 2015 so far, State-wise and district-wise in case of U.P.;

(c) the details of fund allocated for setting up of plants for safe and potable drinking water in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal, district-wise during the current financial year; and

(d) the details of funds utilized, so far, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION (SHRI RAM KRIPAL YADAV): (a) and (b) The details of target and achievements for supply of safe and potable drinking water in rural areas of the country as provided by States on Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) State-wise and district-wise in case of U.P. during the current financial year 2014-15 are given in the Statement-I and Statement-II (*See* below).

(c) Under National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) the Ministry is assisting the States technically and financially in providing safe drinking water facility to the rural population in the country. The execution of different types of schemes to provide safe drinking water to the rural populations is done by the States. Under NRDWP, funds allocated to States can be utilized for coverage and tackling water

quality problems which *inter-alia* may include setting up of water purification plants for providing safe drinking water in water-quality affected rural habitations including small villages/habitations.

(d) State-wise details of funds utilized so far during the current financial year 2014-15 are given in the Statement-III.

Statement-I

The targets and achievements for supply of safe and potable drinking water

Sl.No.	State	Targeted	Covered (As on 11.03.2015)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2763	2187
2.	Bihar	13354	8696
3.	Chhattisgarh	10900	9007
4.	Goa	0	0
5.	Gujarat	2292	1524
6.	Haryana	534	490
7.	Himachal Pradesh	2509	2117
8.	Jammu and Kashmir	804	379
9.	Jharkhand	16532	6200
10.	Karnataka	10381	10382
11.	Kerala	985	184
12.	Madhya Pradesh	12446	9102
13.	Maharashtra	4200	1884
14.	Odisha	19538	14020
15.	Punjab	726	431
16.	Rajasthan	5848	2048
17.	Tamil Nadu	5017	7623
18.	Telangana	2085	1854
19.	Uttar Pradesh	6429	6623
20.	Uttarakhand	1056	606
21.	West Bengal	6297	4994
22.	Arunachal Pradesh	248	138

Sl.No.	State	Targeted	Covered (As on 11.03.2015)
23.	Assam	9908	2919
24.	Manipur	200	199
25.	Meghalaya	411	99
26.	Mizoram	81	22
27.	Nagaland	120	124
28.	Sikkim	200	84
29.	Tripura	1382	1142
30.	Andaman and Nicobar	10	0
31.	Chandigarh	0	0
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0	0
33.	Daman And Diu	0	0
34.	Delhi	0	0
35.	Lakshadweep	0	0
36.	Puducherry	0	0
TOTAL		137256	95078

Statement-II

The targets and achievements for supply of safe and potable drinking water

1.	Agra	0	1
2.	Aligarh	147	147
3.	Allahabad	7	0
4.	Ambedkar Nagar	0	0
5.	Amethi	0	0
6.	Auraiya	0	0
7.	Azamgarh	0	0
8.	Baghpat	45	46
9.	Bahraich	0	0
10.	Ballia	170	165
11.	Balrampur	0	0
12.	Banda	0	0
13.	Barabanki	0	0

Sl.No.	State	Targeted	Covered (As on 11.03.2015)
14.	Bareilly	0	0
15.	Basti	329	333
16.	Bijnor	0	0
17.	Budaun	68	70
18.	Bulandshahr	127	128
19.	Chandauli	8	128
20.	Chitrakoot	0	0
21.	Deoria	253	255
22.	Etah	187	292
23.	Etawah	0	0
24.	Faizabad	0	0
25.	Farrukhabad	3	0
26.	Fatehpur	0	0
27.	Firozabad	158	159
28.	Gautam Buddha Nagar	65	66
29.	Ghaziabad	44	44
30.	Ghazipur	0	124
31.	Gonda	0	0
32.	Gorakhpur	392	388
33.	Hamirpur	0	0
34.	Hapur	30	30
35.	Hardoi	0	0
36.	Jalaun	1	0
37.	Jaunpur	0	0
38.	Jhansi	11	0
39.	Jyotiba Phoole Nagar	108	108
40.	Kannauj	0	1
41.	Kanpur Dehat	5	0
42.	Kanpur Nagar	0	0

Sl.No.	State	Targeted	Covered (As on 11.03.2015)
43.	Kasganj	83	83
44.	Kaushambi	0	0
45.	Kheri	219	189
46.	Kushi Nagar	826	826
47.	Lalitpur	0	0
48.	Lucknow	0	0
49.	Mahamaya Nagar	12	12
50.	Maharajganj	555	562
51.	Mahoba	0	0
52.	Mainpuri	171	172
53.	Mathura	0	0
54.	Mau	0	0
55.	Meerut	128	129
56.	Mirzapur	58	58
57.	Moradabad	136	137
58.	Muzaffarnagar	0	0
59.	Pilibhit	0	0
60.	Pratapgarh	0	0
61.	Rae Bareli	489	217
62.	Rampur	0	129
63.	Saharanpur	407	417
64.	Sambhal	0	0
65.	Sant Kabeer Nagar	484	481
66.	Sant Ravidas Nagar	0	0
67.	Shahjahanpur	0	0
68.	Shamli	64	65
69.	Shravasti	0	0
70.	Siddharth Nagar	615	614
71.	Sitapur	0	1

Sl.No.	State	Targeted	Covered (As on 11.03.2015)
72.	Sonbhadra	20	3
73.	Sultanpur	0	1
74.	Unnao	4	0
75.	Varanasi	0	42
TOTAL		6429	6623

Statement-III*The details of funds utilized*

(₹ in crores)

Sl.No.	State	Utilization (Central) (As on 11.03.2015)
1	2	3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	238.97
2.	Bihar	327.15
3.	Chhattisgarh	97.63
4.	Goa	0
5.	Gujarat	321.78
6.	Haryana	203.22
7.	Himachal Pradesh	79.56
8.	Jammu and Kashmir	204.89
9.	Jharkhand	138.11
10.	Karnataka	451.1
11.	Kerala	117.15
12.	Madhya Pradesh	280.57
13.	Maharashtra	693.6
14.	Odisha	214.73
15.	Punjab	76.2
16.	Rajasthan	1009.5
17.	Tamil Nadu	355.35
18.	Telangana	180.52

1	2	3
19.	Uttar Pradesh	784.19
20.	Uttarakhand	127.98
21.	West Bengal	285.94
22.	Arunachal Pradesh	69.52
23.	Assam	478.23
24.	Manipur	43.42
25.	Meghalaya	48.17
26.	Mizoram	23.77
27.	Nagaland	57.14
28.	Sikkim	20.89
29.	Tripura	52.13
30.	Andaman and Nicobar	0.41
31.	Chandigarh	0
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0
33.	Daman and Diu	0
34.	Delhi	0
35.	Lakshadweep	0
36.	Puducherry	0
TOTAL		6981.82

Hydro-Geo-Morphological maps for drinking water sources

1944. SHRIMATI RAJANI PATIL:

SHRI P. BHATTACHARYA:

Will the Minister of DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has initiated Hydro-Geo-Morphological maps to locate the drinking water sources;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken by Government to curtail the pollution in drinking water sources?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION (SHRI RAM KRIPAL YADAV): (a) and (b) The Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation sought the services of the National Remote Sensing