

Country are run by the public private partnership entity, National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) through private training providers including Non-Government Organizations (NGOs). As on 31st March, 2015, 209 NSDC approved partners, have 3611 Operational Training Centres across the Country (including 256 Operational Training Centres in Karnataka).

Institutes for Skill Development

†1338. SHRI TARUN VIJAY: Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Ministries in which coordination of the programme of Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship is being formulated;

(b) whether any list of different enterprises has been prepared under skill development, if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the number of institutes and youths and the type of skill provided so far in skill development sector and list of skills they have been trained in and the details of amount spent on it, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY): (a) to (c) There are over 20 Central Ministries/Departments involved in implementation of more than 70 Schemes for Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Programmes.

The Government has setup the National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) as a public private partnership entity to promote private training providers to setup Skill Development Centres across the country. As on 31st March, 2015, the 209 NSDC approved partners, have 3611 Operational Training Centres, including 843 Mobile centres with coverage across 28 States and 5 UTs in 497 districts across the Country. Sector-wise details of the training imparted by NSDC approved training partners upto 31st March, 2015 are given in Statement.

Statement

Sector-wise details of the training imparted by NSDC approved training partners

Sl.No.	Sectors	Trainings Reported
1.	IT and ITES (Formal Employment)	494,556
2.	Telecom	454,196
3.	Organized Retail	306,617

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

Sl.No.	Sectors	Trainings Reported
4.	Banking and Financial Services	185,722
5.	Education and Skill Development Services	113,130
6.	Building, Construction and Real Estate Services	151,298
7.	None	58,724
8.	Automobile/Auto Components	129,919
9.	Healthcare	119,038
10.	IT and ITES (Informal Employment)	216,268
11.	Agriculture	66,031
12.	Electronics and IT Hardware	80,119
13.	Tourism and Hospitality Services	75,891
14.	Textiles and Clothing	52,764
15.	Security	46,292
16.	Informal Sectors (Domestic Help, Beauticians, Facility Management)	55,461
17.	Soft Skills and English Communication	20,168
18.	Media and Entertainment	14,259
19.	Manufacturing	12,966
20.	Engineering	13,145
21.	Transportation, Logistics, Warehousing and Packaging	12,489
22.	Entrepreneurial skills	11,612
23.	Handloom and Handicrafts	15,806
24.	Capital Goods	17,457
25.	Chemicals and Pharmaceuticals	4,856
26.	Food Processing/Cold Chain/Refrigeration	4,964
27.	Infrastructure (Transport, Energy, Water and Sanitation, Communication, Social and Commercial)	1,512
28.	Gems and Jewellery	1,019
29.	Government	1,179
30.	Plumbing	896
31.	Leather and Leather Goods	635
32.	Service Sector	77,579

Sl.No.	Sectors	Trainings Reported
33.	Rural Non farm	8,668
34.	Electrical Hardware	4,008
35.	Aviation	1,430
36.	FMCG	407

Requirement of skilled work force

1339. SHRI A. W. RABI BERNARD: Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

(a) whether India will be required around 119 million additional skilled work force for 24 sectors such as construction, retail, transportation, automobile, handlooms etc. by 2022 according to a report commissioned by National Skill Development Corporation, if so, the details thereof; and

(b) the steps taken by Government to plan the skilling of future work force of India on the basis of these reports?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY): (a) As per the sector wise studies done by National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC), employment opportunities in India would increase from 461.1 million in 2013 to 581.9 million in 2022, across the 24 sectors, pointing at an incremental human resource requirement of approximately 120 million. Considering the overlap in the human resource requirement across a number of sectors, the unique number for incremental demand would be 109.7 million by 2022.

(b) Under the Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) for skill development, targets are determined based on assessment of skill demand and the 'Skill Gap Studies', feedback from Central Ministries/Departments, State Governments and Sector Skill Councils.

Skill Development Programmes in Uttar Pradesh and Chhattisgarh

1340. SHRIMATI AMBIKA SONI: Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

(a) the programmes launched by Government under the Ministry in the States of Uttar Pradesh and Chhattisgarh and the tribal regions of India, the area wise details thereof;