

1	2	3	4	5
	Assam	3077.09	4299.84	4365.22
	Manipur	409.63	372.44	639.84
	Meghalaya	899.28	863.15	981.61
	Nagaland	146.15	165.15	245.71
	Tripura	3295.05	3824.44	2366.49
NER TOTAL		8935.97	10634.5	9579.81
IMPORT	Bhutan (IMP)	5036.82	5007.74	5597.9
IMPORT TOTAL		5036.82	5007.74	5597.9
GRAND TOTAL		739915.3	1048673	967150.34

* Provisional based on actual-cum-assessment

Note: 1. Generation from conventional sources (Thermal, Hydro and Nuclear) stations of 25 MW and above only.

2. Generation from stations below 25 MW are not being monitored since 01.04.10.

3. Figures given above indicate gross generation of all power stations (Central, State and Private Sector) located geographically in the respective State/UT.

Enhancing hydro-electric power generation

†2488. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH MAHRA: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

- the existing demand for power in megawatt in the country;
- whether power generation is in accordance with the demand;
- if not, whether Government would consider enhancing hydro-electric power generation to meet the shortage of power in States, especially in hilly States;
- if so, whether Government has set a target for increasing generation of hydro electric power; and
- if not, how the rising demand for power would be met?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI PIYUSH GOYAL): (a) The peak Demand for Power in the country during 2015-16 (April–November) was 1,53,366 MW.

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir.

(d) and (e) The requirement of power is met through different types of generating sources including hydro generation. The power is available to a state including a hilly

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

state, not only from the sources located in the state but also from other resources located outside the state, to meet its demand. To meet the projected demand of power as per 18th Electric Power Survey (EPS), generation capacity addition target of 88,537 MW has been planned from conventional sources during 12th Five Year Plan which includes 10897 MW Hydro capacity also. In addition, the capacity addition planned from Renewable sources is 30,000 MW during Twelfth Five Year Plan. With this capacity addition on All India basis, the projected demand for power as per 18th EPS is likely to be fully met by the terminal year of the Twelfth Five Year Plan.

Providing power at cheaper rates

†2489. DR. SANJAY SINH: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of sources of energy in the country, State-wise;
- (b) the details of per kilowatt cost of power generation or power purchase being borne by Government/State Governments;
- (c) the charges being recovered, per kilowatt, *vis-à-vis* supply of power to consumers in urban/rural areas and whether the consumers have to pay any additional taxes also besides payment of electricity bills;
- (d) whether Government has any scheme to provide electricity to all the consumers at cheaper rates; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI PIYUSH GOYAL): (a) The details of sources of energy in the country, State-wise is given in Statement (*See* below).

(b) As per the data compiled on the basis of the annual accounts (audited/provisional) of State power utilities and published by PFC in 'Report on Performance of State Power Utilities', the Average Cost of Supply, the Average revenue and Gap for utilities selling directly to consumers for the year 2013-14 is as under:

	(₹/kWh)
	2013-14
Average Cost of Supply	5.15
Average Revenue on subsidy booked basis	4.42
Gap on subsidy booked basis	0.73

Article 246 of the Constitution has empowered the State Governments to make

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