

(b) whether the scenario of employment sector is signalling further improvement in the coming days owing to emphasis on innovations and skill development by the Central Government; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI BANDARU DATTATREYA): (a) Twenty-six quarterly Quick Employment Surveys on the change in employment in India have been conducted by Labour Bureau attached to the Ministry of Labour and Employment. The surveys covered selected sectors of the economy encompassing exporting and non-exporting units. The sectors covered under the survey were textiles including apparels, leather, metals, automobiles, gems and jewellery, transport, IT/BPO and Handloom/Power loom. According to these surveys, overall employment has shown an increase of 4.42 lakh during the period January, 2014 to June, 2015.

(b) and (c) Government has set up new Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship to coordinate all aspects of Skill Development through various interventions to bridge the demand-supply gap in skilled workforce. National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) launched "Hunar Hai to Kadar Hai" campaign to generate awareness about skills and motivate Indian youth to acquire this for upgrade their skills. To encourage apprenticeship and on the job training, the Government has launched Apprenticeship Protsahan Yojana. In addition, to lay down a comprehensive and holistic road map for all the skilling and entrepreneurship activities across the country, the Government has approved the National Policy for Skill Development and Entrepreneurship, 2015. In order to improve the employability of youth, around 20 Ministries run skill development schemes across 70 sectors. According to the data compiled by National Skill Development Agency (NSDA), about 76.12 lakh persons were given skill development training in the year 2014-15 under these schemes.

Volume of employment in organised and unorganised sectors

742. DR. BHALCHANDRA MUNGEKAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what was the volume of employment in the organised and unorganised sectors of the economy during the years 2012-13, 2013-14 and 2014-15;

(b) what measures were taken to increase the volume of employment in these sector during these years; and

(c) what steps are being planned by the Ministry in this regard during the next five years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI BANDARU DATTATREYA): (a) As per the result of labour force survey on employment and unemployment conducted in 2011-12 by National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, the number of estimated employed persons in 2011-12 on usual status basis were 47.41 crore, of which 17.3% workforce was in organized sector. Moreover, Labour Bureau, Ministry of Labour and Employment conducted quarterly Quick Employment Surveys on the change in employment in India. The surveys covered selected sectors of the economy encompassing exporting and non-exporting units. The sectors covered under the survey were textiles including apparels, leather, metals, automobiles, gems and jewellery, transport, IT/BPO and Handloom/Power loom. As per result of these surveys, 2.76 lakh jobs in 2013-14 and 5.21 lakh jobs in 2014-15 have been added.

(b) and (c) The Twelfth Five Year Plan projects 5 crore new work opportunities to be generated in the non-farm sector and provide skill certification to equivalent numbers. Government has taken various steps for generating employment in the country like encouraging private sector of economy, fast tracking various projects involving substantial investment and increasing public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) run by Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGA), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) scheme run by Ministry of Rural Development and National Urban Livelihoods Mission (NULM) run by Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation. In order to improve the employability of youth, around 20 Ministries run skill development schemes across 70 sectors. According to the data compiled by National Skill Development Agency (NSDA), about 76.12 lakh persons were given skill development training in the year 2014-15 under these schemes.

Government has implemented the National Career Service (NCS) for transforming the National Employment Service to provide a variety of employment related services like career counselling, vocational guidance, information on skill development courses, internships, etc. The NCS Portal (www.ncs.gov.in) is supported by a toll-free call center/helpdesk (1800-425-1514) and has multi delivery channel including employment exchanges to improve the delivery of employment services to all.