

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO STARRED QUESTIONS**PG medical seats in the country**

*97. SHRI T.K. RANGARAJAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of medical colleges in India, State-wise;
- (b) the total number of seats available for admission in these colleges in a year;
- (c) the number of seats available in post graduate diploma and degree courses after completing the graduation in medicine;
- (d) whether the available number of seats are adequate to meet the growing demand for post graduate education; and
- (e) if not, proposal of Government to overcome the bottle neck?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGAT PRAKASH NADDA): (a) and (b) As per information available, there are 422 medical colleges in the country with 57,138 available seats for admission in a year. State/UT wise details are given in Statement-I (*See below*).

(c) Total numbers of post graduate diploma and degree courses seats available are 26,350. State/UT wise details are given in Statement-II (*See below*).

(d) There has been consistent increase in the intake capacity of post graduate diploma and degree courses in the country. The intake capacity PG level has increased from 18972 in 2010-11 to 26350 in 2016-17.

(e) A number of measures have been taken in order to meet the shortage of doctors and expand medical education; these include:-

- (i) The ratio of teachers to students has been revised from 1:1 to 1:2 for all MD/MS disciplines and 1:1 to 1:3 in subjects of Anaesthesiology, Forensic Medicine, Radiotherapy, Medical Oncology and Surgical Oncology and Psychiatry.
- (ii) DNB qualification has been recognized for appointment as faculty to take care of shortage of faculty.
- (iii) Enhancement of maximum intake capacity at MBBS level from 150 to 250.
- (iv) Enhancement of age limit for appointment/extension/re-employment against posts of teachers/dean/principal/ director in medical colleges from 65-70 years.

- (v) Relaxation in the norms for setting up of a medical college in terms of requirement for land, faculty, staff, bed/ bed strength and other infrastructure.
- (vi) Strengthening/upgradation of State Government Medical Colleges for starting new PG courses/Increase of PG seats.
- (vii) Establishment of New Medical Colleges by upgrading district/referral hospitals preferably in underserved districts of the country.

Statement-I

State-wise details of medical colleges for AY 2015-16 (As on 01.01.2016)

Sl. No.	State	Government		Private		Total	
		No. of Colleges	Seats	No. of Colleges	Seats	No. of Colleges	Seats
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	17	2700	30	4450	47	7150
2.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1	100	0	0	1	100
3.	Assam	6	726	0	0	6	726
4.	Bihar	9	950	4	400	13	1350
5.	Chandigarh	1	100	0	0	1	100
6.	Chhattisgarh	5	550	1	150	6	700
7.	Delhi	5	800	2	200	7	1000
8.	Goa	1	150	0	0	1	150
9.	Gujarat	11	1830	13	1400	24	3230
10.	Haryana	4	500	4	400	8	900
11.	Himachal Pradesh	2	200	1	150	3	350
12.	Jammu and Kashmir	3	400	1	100	4	500
13.	Jharkhand	3	350	0	0	3	350
14.	Karnataka	15	1950	35	5405	50	7355
15.	Kerala	9	1250	21	2400	30	3650
16.	Madhya Pradesh	6	800	8	1200	14	2000
17.	Maharashtra	21	2950	27	3645	48	6595
18.	Manipur	2	200	0	0	2	200

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
19.	Meghalaya	1	50	0	0	1	50
20.	Odisha	3	550	5	600	8	1150
21.	Puducherry	1	150	7	1050	8	1200
22.	Punjab	3	450	7	845	10	1295
23.	Rajasthan	8	1400	5	750	13	2150
24.	Sikkim	0	0	1	100	1	100
25.	Tamil Nadu	22	2815	24	3300	46	6115
26.	Tripura	2	200	0	0	2	200
27.	Uttar Pradesh	15	1949	21	2750	36	4699
28.	Uttarakhand	2	200	2	300	4	500
29.	West Bengal	14	2050	3	400	17	2450
30.	AIIMS	7	673	0	0	7	673
31.	JIPMER	1	150	0	0	1	150
TOTAL		200	27143	222	29995	422	57138

Statement-II

State-wise details of total PG seats in the country available as on 28.04.2016

Sl. No.	State/UT	MD	MS	MCH	DM	Diploma	Total
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1485	804	113	102	473	2977
2.	Assam	218	118	10	7	63	416
3.	Bihar	267	148	3	2	60	480
4.	Chandigarh	50	23	0	0	0	73
5.	Chhattisgarh	46	28	0	0	18	92
6.	Delhi	598	321	81	56	147	1203
7.	Goa	56	25	2	0	20	103
8.	Gujarat	930	434	51	29	298	1742
9.	Haryana	237	93 1	6	0	49	385
10.	Himachal Pradesh	101	153	2	2	13	171
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	165	124	10	12	69	380

Sl. No.	State/UT	MD	MS	MCH	DM	Diploma	Total
12.	Jharkhand	82	43	1	0	61	187
13.	Karnataka	1904	867	108	97	670	3646
14.	Kerala	628	278	81	93	224	1304
15.	Madhya Pradesh	390	233	8	9	122	762
16.	Maharashtra	1754	867	109	81	496	3307
17.	Manipur	87	36	0	0	6	129
18.	Meghalaya	8	0	0	0	0	8
19.	Odisha	370	171	13	16	4	574
20.	Puducherry	254	125	7	2	39	427
21.	Punjab	582	309	60	60	56	1067
22.	Rajasthan	632	314	55	40	55	1096
23.	Sikkim	18	4	0	0	0	22
24.	Tamil Nadu	1173	633	167	150	563	2686
25.	Tripura	19	11	0	0	0	30
26.	Uttar Pradesh	864	451	60	81	213	1674
27.	Uttarakhand	110	50	0	0	15	175
28.	West Bengal	566	318	66	75	214	1239
TOTAL		13594	6881	1013	914	3948	26350

Central assistance to drought affected States

*98. SHRIMATI RAJANI PATIL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the funds allocated to the States which are currently affected by drought;

(b) the number of centrally sponsored schemes/financial assistance provided by the Government to the drought affected States, particularly for Maharashtra; and

(c) whether Government is formulating any policy to hand over Central assistance directly to the drought affected people and if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI ARUN JAITLEY): (a) to (c) The primary responsibility for disaster management rests with the States. To meet the expenditure on relief of immediate nature, a State Disaster Response Fund (SDRF) has been created for