

In order to boost the production of pulses in the country, the ICAR and DAC&FW under the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, have jointly prepared roadmap and action-plan with two-pronged approach of productivity enhancement and increasing production through area expansion under various ongoing Central schemes. The strategy includes increasing productivity of pulses by reducing the yield gap at the farmers' fields through a mission mode programme for promoting improved technology of pulses, improving seed replacement rate (SRR), provision for life saving irrigation, ensuring availability of critical inputs with corresponding policy support in the form of attractive MSP, procurement, credit, insurance, subsidies, etc. to protect the interest of pulse growers.

Production of rice

652. SHRI K. R. ARJUNAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of rice production in the country during last three years, State-wise; and
- (b) the details of centrally sponsored schemes in force for enhancement of rice production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE (SHRI MOHANBHAI KALYANJIBHAI KUNDARIYA): (a) The State-wise details of the production of rice in the country during the last three years *i.e.* 2012-13 to 2014-15 are given in the Statement (*See* below).

(b) In order to increase production and productivity of rice in the country, Government of India has been implementing through State Governments, various Crop Development Schemes / Programmes such as National Food Security Mission on Rice (NFSM-Rice), Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY), Bringing Green Revolution to Eastern India (BGREI) as a sub-scheme of RKVY, Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana, National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA), Soil Health Card Scheme, etc.

Under these Schemes/Programmes, funds are provided to States for implementation of State-specific agricultural strategies including incentives to farmers for use of quality seeds, Integrated Nutrient Management (INM), Integrated Pest Management (IPM), farm mechanization, etc. The States are also provided support for creation of agricultural infrastructure for optimal use of water and other natural resources.

Statement*State-wise production of rice during 2012-13 to 2014-15*

State	Production ('000 Tonnes)		
	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
Andhra Pradesh	6862.4	6969.7	7233.9
Assam	5128.5	4927.1	5222.7
Bihar	7529.3	5505.8	6356.7
Chhattisgarh	6608.8	6716.4	6322.1
Gujarat	1541.0	1636.0	1830.9
Haryana	3976.0	3998.0	4006.0
Himachal Pradesh	125.3	120.8	125.2
Jammu and Kashmir	818.1	610.9	517.2
Jharkhand	3164.9	2810.6	3361.9
Karnataka	3364.0	3572.6	3541.0
Kerala	508.3	509.2	562.1
Madhya Pradesh	2775.0	2844.8	3625.3
Maharashtra	3057.0	3120.0	2946.0
Odisha	7295.5	7613.4	8298.2
Punjab	11374.0	11267.0	11107.0
Rajasthan	222.5	312.6	366.7
Tamil Nadu	4049.9	5349.8	5727.8
Telangana	4647.6	5755.0	4440.8
Uttar Pradesh	14416.0	14636.0	12167.9
Uttarakhand	579.8	578.6	603.7
West Bengal	15023.7	15370.7	14677.2
Others	2173.9	2420.5	2441.7
ALL INDIA	105241.4	106645.5	105482.1

Coconut and groundnut production

653. SHRI K. R. ARJUNAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of coconut and groundnut production in the country during last three years, State-wise; and