

**Steps taken to reduce urban poverty**

1217. SHRI K. T. S. TULSI: Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of urban poor in the country, category-wise, *i.e.* SC, ST, OBCs and others, State-wise; and

(b) steps taken by Government and the outcome thereof, for reducing urban poverty, by the Government in last two years including the current year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (RAO INDERJIT SINGH): (a) The number and percentage of population below poverty line by States (2011-12) and at all India level as released by *erstwhile* Planning Commission in July, 2013 is given in the Statement (*See* below). The Category-wise details are not available in this Ministry.

(b) The Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation has been implementing, *inter-alia*, a Centrally Sponsored Scheme “Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM)” in all statutory towns to reduce poverty and vulnerability of urban poor households by providing them opportunities for earning their livelihoods on a sustainable basis. Under DAY-NULM, during the last two years including current year, 95,856 beneficiaries have been assisted for setting up of Individual/Group micro enterprises, 5,74,495 beneficiaries have been provided skill training, 1,12,909 Self-Help Groups (SHGs) have been formed, 57,528 SHGs have been given Revolving Funds (RF), 1,01,351 SHGs have been disbursed loans under the SHG Bank Linkage Programme, and 815 Shelter for urban homeless have been sanctioned.

***Statement***

*Number and Percentage of Population below poverty line by States 2011-12  
(Tendulkar Methodology)*

Sl. No.	States	Rural		Urban		Total	
		%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)	%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)	%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	10.96	61.80	5.81	16.98	9.20	78.78
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	38.93	4.25	20.33	0.66	34.67	4.91

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3.	Assam	33.89	92.06	20.49	9.21	31.98	101.27
4.	Bihar	34.06	320.40	31.23	37.75	33.74	358.15
5.	Chhattisgarh	44.61	88.90	24.75	15.22	39.93	104.11
6.	Delhi	12.92	0.50	9.84	16.46	9.91	16.96
7.	Goa	6.81	0.37	4.09	0.38	5.09	0.75
8.	Gujarat	21.54	75.35	10.14	26.88	16.63	102.23
9.	Haryana	11.64	19.42	10.28	9.41	11.16	28.83
10.	Himachal Pradesh	8.48	5.29	4.33	0.30	8.06	5.59
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	11.54	10.73	7.20	2.53	10.35	13.27
12.	Jharkhand	40.84	104.09	24.83	20.24	36.96	124.33
13.	Karnataka	24.53	92.80	15.25	36.96	20.91	129.76
14.	Kerala	9.14	15.48	4.97	8.46	7.05	23.95
15.	Madhya Pradesh	35.74	190.95	21.00	43.10	31.65	234.06
16.	Maharashtra	24.22	150.56	9.12	47.36	17.35	197.92
17.	Manipur	38.80	7.45	32.59	2.78	36.89	10.22
18.	Meghalaya	12.53	3.04	9.26	0.57	11.87	3.61
19.	Mizoram	35.43	1.91	6.36	0.37	20.40	2.27
20.	Nagaland	19.93	2.76	16.48	1.00	18.88	3.76
21.	Odisha	35.69	126.14	17.29	12.39	32.59	138.53
22.	Punjab	7.66	13.35	9.24	9.82	8.26	23.18
23.	Rajasthan	16.05	84.19	10.69	18.73	14.71	102.92
24.	Sikkim	9.85	0.45	3.66	0.06	8.19	0.51
25.	Tamil Nadu	15.83	59.23	6.54	23.40	11.28	82.63
26.	Tripura	16.53	4.49	7.42	0.75	14.05	5.24
27.	Uttarakhand	11.62	8.25	10.48	3.35	11.26	11.60
28.	Uttar Pradesh	30.40	479.35	26.06	118.84	29.43	598.19
29.	West Bengal	22.52	141.14	14.66	43.83	19.98	184.98
30.	Puducherry	17.06	0.69	6.30	0.55	9.69	1.24
31.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1.57	0.04	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.04
32.	Chandigarh	1.64	0.004	22.31	2.34	21.81	2.35

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
33.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	62.59	1.15	15.38	0.28	39.31	1.43
34.	Daman and Diu	0.00	0.00	12.62	0.26	9.86	0.26
35.	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	3.44	0.02	2.77	0.02
ALL INDIA		25.70	2166.58	13.70	531.25	21.92	2697.83

*Notes:* 1. Population as on 1st March, 2012 has been used for estimating number of persons below poverty line. (2011 Census population extrapolated)  
 2. Poverty line of Tamil Nadu has been used for Andaman and Nicobar Island.  
 3. Urban Poverty Line of Punjab has been used for both rural and urban areas of Chandigarh.  
 4. Poverty line of Maharashtra has been used for Dadra and Nagar Haveli.  
 5. Poverty line of Goa has been used for Daman and Diu.  
 6. Poverty line of Kerala has been used for Lakshadweep.

### **Sewage systems and sewage treatment plant in Rajasthan**

†1218. SHRI RAM NARAIN DUDI: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the roadmap formulated by Government to put in place the sewerage systems in urban areas of Rajasthan; and

(b) the number of cities in Rajasthan where sewerage system and sewerage treatment plant are in place and the number of cities in which this system is proposed to be built during the current financial year, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (RAO INDERJIT SINGH): (a) and (b) Sanitation is a State subject, however, Ministry of Urban Development supplements the efforts of States/Cities in providing sewerage systems in urban areas under various schemes. The Ministry of Urban Development has launched Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) on 25.06.2015. The Mission has first focus on universal coverage of water supply and sewerage in the mission cities. 29 cities of Rajasthan have been selected under the scheme, details are given in the Statement.

### **Statement**

#### *Selected cities under AMRUT in State-Rajasthan*

Sl. No.	Name of City/Town	Sl. No.	Name of City/Town
1.	Jaipur (M Corp)	3.	Kota (M Corp)
2.	Jodhpur (M Corp)	4.	Bikaner (M Corp)

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.