

1	2	3	4
Hooghly	Chaditala-II	Garalgachha	
Hooghly	Chinsurah-Mogra	Chandrahati-I	
Hooghly	Pandua	Jyer-Dwarbasini	
Howrah	Panchla	JalaBiswanathpur	
Howrah	Domjur	Parbatipur	
Bankura	Hirbandh	Malian	

Implementation of SAGY

2211. SHRI RONALD SAPA TLAU: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) how many model villages were selected by MPs in the 1st Phase of Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY);

(b) whether after two years of its implementation Government is satisfied with its overall implementation;

(c) if not, what are the underlying problems;

(d) how many MPs have identified a village for the 2nd Phase;

(e) whether a large number of MPs have not selected a model village for 2nd Phase and if so, the reasons therefor; and

(f) what is Government's remedial action plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAM KRIPAL YADAV): (a) The number of Members of Parliament who have identified Gram Panchayats under the Phase-1 of Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY) is given below:

Identified		
500	Phase I	Lok Sabha
205		Rajya Sabha
705		TOTAL

(b) and (c) Progress of implementation is satisfactory as could be gauged from the fact that so far out of 705 Gram Panchayats (GP) adopted by Member of Parliaments in Phase-I of the scheme, 666 GPs have uploaded their Village Development Plan (VDP) on

the web-site (saanjhi). Further out of total 40984 number of projects undertaken in these 666 GPs, 20178 projects(53%) have either been completed or in progress.

The Ministry has developed a 35 point impact monitoring tool named Panchayat Darpan to gauge the impact of SAGY in the GPs. As per the Panchayat Darpan data uploaded by 541 Gram Panchayats on the Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana portal, many remarkable achievements have taken place in the SAGY GPs. 283 Gram Panchayats under SAGY have achieved 100% of Children Immunization(0-6 age group), 252 Gram Panchayats have reported 100% Institutional delivery, 378 Gram Panchayats have 100% of Days Mid Day Meal (MDM) coverage to schools. Similarly 171 Gram Panchayats reported electricity connection to all Households, 91 Gram Panchayats have safe and secure Housing facility to all Households in the SAGY villages, 87 Gram Panchayats have full piped drinking water supply.

Likewise 131 Gram Panchayats have become ODF, 160 Gram Panchayats have now E Panchayat Service available at Gram Panchayats Office. Similarly, many Gram Panchayats have made I efforts in the area of ensuring social and financial security in their respective Gram Panchayats by enrolling every eligible individual to Government Schemes like Jan Dhan Yojana (101 GPs), Atal Pension Yojana (25 GPs), Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (26 GPs), Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojna (37 GPs), Widow Pension (211 GPs), Old Age Pension (210 GPs).

(d) to (f) The number of GP adopted by M.Ps in 2nd phase is as under:

Identified		
132	Phase II	Lok Sabha
37		Rajya Sabha
169		TOTAL

Since the scheme intends to achieve its objectives through convergence and implementation of existing Government Schemes and Programmes without allocating additional funds, MPs are proactively tapping the resource from various sources for successful implementation of the Village Development Plan.

Further the Ministry has also taken various initiatives for effective implementation of the scheme, which are as under:-

- (i) 21 Schemes have been amended by various Ministries /Departments of Government of India to give priority to SAGY Gram Panchayat projects.

- (ii) The Ministry of Rural Development has brought out 'SAMANVAY' - Compilation of 223 Central Sector/ Centrally Sponsored and 1806 State Schemes for convergence under SAGY for the benefit of Members of Parliament, District and Village level officials about the different schemes for multitude of purposes at the GP level.
- (iii) The Ministry has developed 35 point indicators to gauge the impact of SAGY in the GPs. Progress is measured through outcome indicators broadly covering basic amenities, education, health, sanitation, livelihood, women empowerment, financial inclusion, food security, social security and e-governance. The impact is measured on quarterly (22 indicators), half yearly (7 indicators) and yearly basis (6 indicators).
- (iv) The Central Government sent teams to a few of the SAGY Village Panchayats to understand the convergence process and to learn from good practices. Through a review of progress on 35 indicators, efforts have been made to ascertain the performance of SAGY in a particular Gram Panchayat.
- (v) With the intent to tap the resources and the strengths of the Private, Voluntary and Cooperative sectors (PVC Sectors), the Ministry has circulated suggestive template to State Governments for preparing proposals.
- (vi) The Ministry has prepared a document named 'SAHYOG' which is an indicative guidance document with the essential information on the existing social security schemes collated from respective ministries. It will enrich the knowledge of villagers and village level functionaries to achieve 100% enrollment into the social/financial Security Schemes in SAGY GPs.
- (vii) The Ministry of Rural Development is coordinating with other Central Ministries/ Departments to ensure provision of four key basic services viz. power, drinking water, roads and education in all SAGY GPs.
- (viii) SAGY is reviewed by the Ministry every Quarter in the Performance Review Committee (PRC) meeting with State Secretaries. The Central Govt. has also constituted the District Development Coordination and Monitoring Committee where the performance of programmes are monitored every quarter under Chairmanship of Hon'ble MPs.

Financial assistance under NRLM

2212. SHRI RIPUN BORA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government proposes to provide financial assistance through the National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM);