

prevention and control of Non communicable diseases like Diabetes, Hypertension, Dyslipidemia and Cancer through early screening along with lifestyle modifications, Ayurveda and Yoga. Till March, 2017, a total number of 74,086 patients have been screened out of which 34,036 patients are enrolled for the management of selected Non Communicable diseases through Ayurveda and Yoga under this programme; 714 camps have been conducted for awareness generation through IEC and 57,201 patients have attended the camps. 84,418 patients have been enrolled for Yoga classes.

- Ayurgenomics: CCRAS has taken up projects on validation of assessment format for Prakriti.
- AYUSH Ph.D. Fellowship/SRF Scheme

AYUSH-National Eligibility Test (AYUSH-NET) has been conducted at 5 centres namely Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai and Guwahati.

Medicinal plants grown in the country

4319. SHRI TIRUCHI SIVA: Will the Minister of AYURVEDA, YOGA AND NATUROPATHY, UNANI, SIDDHA AND HOMOEOPATHY be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the medicinal plants available in the country; and
- (b) the details of the steps being taken by Government for the farming, conservation, processing and promotion of such medicinal plants?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF AYURVEDA, YOGA AND NATUROPATHY, UNANI, SIDDHA AND HOMOEOPATHY (AYUSH) (SHRI SHRIPAD YESSO NAIK): (a) As per information of the Botanical Survey of India (BSI), an organization under Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Government of India, estimated more than 8,000 species of herbs/medicinal plants are found in India.

(b) The National Medicinal Plants Board (NMPB), Ministry of AYUSH is presently implementing following schemes to encourage farming/cultivation, conservation and promotion of medicinal and herbal plants throughout the country:

1. Centrally Sponsored Scheme of National AYUSH Mission (NAM). Under 'Medicinal Plants' component of the NAM scheme the large scale farming/cultivation of medicinal plants is being supported. As per the scheme guidelines, the support is being provided for:

- (i) Cultivation of prioritized medicinal plants on farmer's land.
 - (ii) Establishment of nurseries for supply of quality planting material.
 - (iii) Post-harvest management.
 - (iv) Primary processing, marketing infrastructure etc.
 - (v) Providing subsidy to farmers @ 30%, 50% and 75% based on cost of cultivation.
2. Central Sector Scheme on "Conservation, Development and Sustainable Management of Medicinal Plants". Under the scheme, the project based support is being provided for:
- (i) *In-situ* conservation through development of Medicinal Plants Conservation and Development Areas (MPCDAs);
 - (ii) *Ex-situ* conservation through establishment of herbal gardens;
 - (iii) Linkages with Joint Forest Management Committees (JFMCs)/Panchayats/Van Panchayats/Biodiversity Management Committees (BMCs)/Self Help Groups (SHGs);
 - (iv) IEC activities (Training/workshops and Seminars etc.);
 - (v) Research and Development etc.

AYUSH medicines for different diseases

†4320. DR. SATYANARAYAN JATTIYA: Will the Minister of AYURVEDA, YOGA AND NATUROPATHY, UNANI, SIDDHA AND HOMOEOPATHY be pleased to state the diseases including diabetes and high blood pressure for which genuine Ayush medicines duly supported by research based findings are available in market for treatment of diseases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF AYURVEDA, YOGA AND NATUROPATHY, UNANI, SIDDHA AND HOMOEOPATHY (AYUSH) (SHRI SHRIPAD YESSO NAIK): Ministry of AYUSH has set-up four autonomous Research Councils, namely, Central Council for Research in Ayurvedic Sciences (CCRAS), Central Council for Research in Homoeopathy (CCRH), Central Council for Research in Unani Medicine (CCRUM) and Central Council for Research in Siddha (CCRS) as apex bodies for formulation and development of traditional medicine for various diseases.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.