

Affairs of NSDC

2195. KUMARI SELJA:

SHRI RIPUN BORA:

SHRIMATI RAJANI PATIL:

SHRI DARSHAN SINGH YADAV:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) has failed to discharge its responsibilities and deviated from its original roles and functions;

(b) if so, the review reports of the Sharada Prasad Committee in this regard;

(c) the details of employment generated in the country through skill development since 2015 and projected job opportunities during the next five years, sector-wise; and

(d) the details of Government financing and job placement since 2015, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY): (a) NSDC is a Public Private Partnership Company set up as part of a National Skill Development Mission to fulfill the growing need in India for skilled manpower across sectors and narrow the existing gap between the demand and supply of skills. NSDC provides funding to build scalable, vocational training initiatives. Its mandate is also to enable support systems such as quality assurance, information systems and train the trainer academies either directly or through partnerships. NSDC acts as a catalyst in skill development by providing funding to enterprises, companies and organisations that provide skill training. In its efforts to scale up skill development efforts, NSDC strives towards the following:—

(i) Develop low cost, high-quality, innovative business models.

(ii) Attract significant private investment.

(iii) Ensure that its funds are largely "re-circulating"; *i.e.* loan or equity rather than grant.

(iv) Build a strong cospus.

(b) Government has constituted a Committee under Shri Sharda Prasad, former Director General, Directorate General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour and Employment, Government of India, for rationalisation and optimization of the functioning of Sector Skill Councils on 18.05.2016. The Committee submitted its Report in December 2016. It has made several recommendations pertaining to, *inter alia*, classification, role, governance structure and financing of Sector Skill Councils.

(c) and (d) After successful implementation of Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) during 2015-16, Government has modified its guidelines to make scheme more effective, transparent and beneficiary oriented. Under PMKVY 2.0, which started from 2nd October, 2016 onwards with an outlay of ₹12000 crore to impart skilling to one crore people over four years (2016-2020), placement tracking is mandatory. Till now, a total of 36771 candidates have been provided placements offer. The details are given in the Statement-I (*See below*).

Further, as per National Policy on Skill Development and Entrepreneurship 2015, there is an incremental requirement of 109.73 million skilled manpower by the end of 2022. The sector wise requirement of manpower across various sectors are given in the Statement-II.

Statement-I

States/UTs-wise details of placements under PMKVY 2.0.

State of TC	Count of Placements post training in the said state
1	2
Andhra Pradesh	2879
Assam	661
Bihar	938
Chandigarh	0
Chhattisgarh	27
Delhi	1056
Goa	61
Gujarat	301
Haryana	1777
Himachal Pradesh	0

1	2
Jammu and Kashmir	1670
Jharkhand	188
Karnataka	707
Kerala	127
Madhya Pradesh	1619
Maharashtra	2032
Manipur	9
Meghalaya	0
Nagaland	285
Odisha	637
Puducherry	17
Punjab	794
Rajasthan	3019
Sikkim	0
Tamil Nadu	9511
Telangana	2179
Tripura	73
Uttar Pradesh	3356
Uttarakhand	327
West Bengal	2521
TOTAL	36771

Statement-II*Sector-wise requirement of Human Resource*

Sl. No.	Sector	Employment Base in 2013 (million)	Projected Employment by 2022 (million)	Incremental Human Resource Requirement (2013-2022)
1	2	3	5	6
1.	Auto and Auto Components	10.98	14.88	3.9
2.	Beauty and Wellness	4.21	14.27	10.06

1	2	3	5	6
3.	Food Processing	6.98	11.38	4.4
4.	Media and Entertainment	0.4	1.3	0.9
5.	Handlooms and Handicrafts	11.65	17.79	6.14
6.	Leather and Leather Goods	3.09	6.81	3.72
7.	Domestic Help	6	10.88	4.88
8.	Gems and Jewellery	4.64	8.23	3.59
9.	Telecommunication	2.08	4.16	2.08
10.	Tourism, Hospitality and Travel	6.96	13.44	6.48
11.	Furniture and Furnishing	4.11	11.29	7.18
12.	Building, Construction and Real Estate	45.42	76.55	31.13
13.	IT and ITES	2.96	5.12	2.16
14.	Construction Material and Building Hardware	8.3	11	2.7
15.	Textile and Clothing	15.23	21.54	6.31
16.	Healthcare	3.59	7.39	3.8
17.	Security	7	11.83	4.83
18.	Agriculture	240.4	215.6	(24.8)
19.	Education/ skill development	13.02	17.31	4.29
20.	Transportation and Logistics	16.74	28.4	11.66
21.	Electronic and IT Hardware	4.33	8.94	4.61
22.	Pharma and Life Sciences	1.86	3.58	1.72
23.	BFSI	2.55	4.25	1.7
24.	Retail	38.6	55.95	17.35
TOTAL		461.1	581.89	120.79

Progress of India-Germany Skill Development venture

2196. SHRI ANIL DESAI:

SHRI SANJAY RAUT:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state: