

SHRI C.P. NARAYANAN (Kerala): Sir, I also associate myself with the matter raised by the hon. Member.

SHRI VIVEK K. TANKHA (Madhya Pradesh): Sir, I also associate myself with the matter raised by the hon. Member.

SHRI KIRANMAY NANDA (Uttar Pradesh): Sir, I also associate myself with the matter raised by the hon. Member.

SOME HON. MEMBERS: Sir, we also associate ourselves with the matter raised by the hon. Member.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: All the names of the hon. Members, who have associated themselves with it, may be included. Now, Shri Swapan Dasgupta.

Concern over the reported influx of Rohingyas into Jammu and Ladakh

SHRI SWAPAN DASGUPTA (Nominated): Sir, a lot of us may be aware that there is a vicious ethnic conflict-cum-civil war which is going on in Myanmar. We are aware of it but since it is an internal affair of a neighboring friendly country, we refrain from commenting on it. However, Sir, what has been happening over the past few decades is that there has been a steady influx of Rohingyas into this country. Now, it is understandable if some of the Rohingyas actually came over to the States neighboring Myanmar. But it is curious, and somewhat inexplicable, as to why there should be so many Rohingyas who have migrated to Jammu and to Ladakh.

Sir, the figures are quite startling. Whereas the UN High Commission for Refugees states there are 14,000 Rohingyas in the whole of India, the media reports say that the Home Ministry estimates there are 40,000. Now, the J&K Government, in an answer in the Assembly in 2016, stated that there are approximately 5,700 Rohingyas in Jammu and 7,664 Rohingyas in Ladakh. So, nearly a total of 13,333 Rohingyas in the State of Jammu and Kashmir, but concentrated in these areas.

Now, to my mind, Sir, this is very, very suspicious. The suspicion arises not for humanitarian reasons or anything like, but because of what the Bangladesh Government has reported — that there are at least three terrorist organizations among the Rohingyas, the Rohingya Patriotic Front, the Rohingya Solidarity Organization and the Arakan Rohingya National Organization.

We have seen, Sir, evidence of Rohingya involvement in the blast in Bodh Gaya, the most sacred Buddhist site, and we have seen, in October, 2016, that one of the two militants killed in an encounter in Jammu and Kashmir, turned out to be from Myanmar.

To my mind, Sir, it is something which is a pressing matter, which goes beyond the humanitarian aspect. We are all very concerned when there are humanitarian issues. But this is an issue which concerns the national security and which is more serious because these Rohingyas have been flaunting Voter Cards; they have been flaunting Aadhaar Cards in Jammu; it is only when they tried to register themselves as State Subjects that the issue came to the fore and assumed great importance.

So, I would urge the Government to take this matter very, very seriously.

**Concern over the scarcity of life saving drugs in hospitals
after implementation of GST**

श्री राम नाथ ठाकुर (बिहार): माननीय उपसभापति महोदय, 1 जुलाई, 2017 से देश में नई कर प्रणाली लागू हुई है। मेरी पार्टी जनता दल (युनाइटेड) ने इसका समर्थन किया है, लेकिन जीएसटी लागू होने के बाद देश के विभिन्न अस्पतालों में दवाओं की आपूर्ति नहीं हो रही है। पूर्व के राज्यों, खासकर बिहार, पश्चिमी बंगाल, उत्तर प्रदेश, ओडिशा एवं झारखंड के अस्पतालों में दवाओं की भारी किल्लत हो गई है और इससे नाराज मेडिकल कॉलेज कर्मचारी एसोसिएशन ने अंदोलन की भी चेतावनी दी है।

महोदय, इन राज्यों के अस्पतालों में मरीजों की संख्या में गुणात्मक रूप से वृद्धि होने के बावजूद भी इनके बजट में कटौती कर दी गई है। स्वास्थ्य विभाग की कांटेक्ट लिस्ट में अभी मात्र 1100 दवाएँ ही शामिल हैं, जबकि गत वर्ष तक लगभग 4000 दवाएँ इसमें शामिल थीं, खासकर जीवन रक्षक दवाओं की किल्लत तो पूर्व के सभी राज्यों में है। बजट में राशि कम होने और लिस्ट में दवाएँ कम होने से अस्पताल प्रशासन दवाएँ खरीद नहीं पा रही है, अतः मैं आपके माध्यम से मंत्री जी से आग्रह करना चाहूंगा कि देश के सभी अस्पतालों में दवाओं की उपलब्धता समय पर सुनिश्चित करने के लिए जल्द से जल्द आवश्यक कार्यवाही करने का कष्ट करें।

श्री अली अनवर अंसारी (बिहार): सर, मैं माननीय सदस्य द्वारा उठाए गए विषय से स्वयं को संबद्ध करता हूँ।

डा. अनिल कुमार साहनी (बिहार): सर, मैं भी माननीय सदस्य द्वारा उठाए गए विषय से स्वयं को संबद्ध करता हूँ।

श्री रेवती रमन सिंह (उत्तर प्रदेश): सर, मैं भी माननीय सदस्य द्वारा उठाए गए विषय से स्वयं को संबद्ध करता हूँ।