

(b) whether there is any report by any committee duly appointed by Government which aimed to address inadequacies in addressing population-specific requirements and data collection; and

(c) if so, the details of that Committee and the salient recommendations thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) No Sir.

(b) and (c) In July, 2010, National Statistical Commission (NSC) constituted 'Committee on Price Statistics' under the Chairmanship of Dr. Sudipto Mundle. The term of reference of the Committee *inter alia* included Integration of data collection machinery. The Committee submitted its report on 13th April, 2011. The Committee noted that integration of data collection mechanism for all the price indices is desirable for rationalization and consistency of data flow; coordinated and timely revision of the price indices and optimum utilization of manpower for price data collection. Accordingly, the Committee made following recommendations:—

- (i) Price data collection for CPI-Rural and CPI-Agricultural Labourers/Rural Labourers should be integrated. Suitable technical proposals for adjustment of the data set and sample size should be prepared by the Technical Advisory Committee on Statistics of Prices and Cost of Living (TAC on SPCL).
- (ii) The Committee feels that integration of price collection mechanism for all price indices should be accomplished by entrusting the task to a single agency, namely, Field Operations Division (FOD) of National Sample Survey Office (NSSO).
- (iii) Technical bottlenecks in integrating the datasets for CPI-Urban and CPI-Industrial Workers should be resolved by Prices Unit of National Accounts Division, Central Statistics Office (CSO) in consultation with Labour Bureau. Changes in price collection scheme including, *inter alia*, the number of markets, centres, items, brands/specifications etc. may be submitted to the TAC on SPCL for approval.

Rate of GDP growth

2696. PROF. M. V. RAJEEV GOWDA: Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) the quarterly rate of growth of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) from 2004-05 to till January, 2018 along with the methodology used to calculate it prior to the changes introduced in 2015; and

(b) the quarterly rate of GDP growth from 2004-05 to 2017-18 using the new methodology introduced by Government in 2015?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) and (b) Gross Domestic Product (GDP) series with base year 2004-05 was revised to new GDP series with base year 2011-12. The new series was released in January, 2015 giving estimates from year 2011-12 onwards. As per internationally accepted practice, followed by India, after the base year is revised the estimates of GDP are released only as per the new base year.

The quarterly growth rates of GDP released from first quarter of financial year 2005-06 to second quarter of financial year 2014-15 at constant prices (2004-05 prices) are given below:—

Year	Growth Rates of GDP at Constant prices (%)			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2005-06	9.2	8.4	9.0	10.4
2006-07	7.4	10.2	9.5	9.8
2007-08	10.8	9.1	10.5	8.8
2008-09	8.1	6.7	1.5	0.2
2009-10	5.0	7.0	8.2	13.3
2010-11	10.3	9.7	10.7	10.3
2011-12	8.3	6.7	6.2	5.6
2012-13	4.0	4.7	5.3	4.9
2013-14	4.2	5.2	4.4	6.1
2014-15	5.8	6.0		

The production approach is used for compiling the quarterly GDP estimates, in terms of Gross Value Added (GVA) and is broadly based on the benchmark-indicator method. In this method, for each of the industry groups, a key indicator or a set of key indicators for which data in volume or quantity terms is available on quarterly basis, are used to extrapolate the value of output/value added estimates of the previous year.

The Quarterly growth rates of GDP released from first quarter of the financial year 2012-13 to fourth quarter of financial year 2017-18 at constant prices (2011-12 prices) are given below:—

Year	Growth Rates of GDP at Constant prices (%)			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2012-13	4.9	7.5	5.4	4.3
2013-14	6.4	7.3	6.5	5.3
2014-15	8.0	8.7	5.9	7.1
2015-16	7.7	8.2	7.3	9.3
2016-17	8.1	7.6	6.8	6.1
2017-18	5.6	6.3	7.0	7.7

National Data Bank

2697. DR. VIKAS MAHATME: Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry has constituted the National Data Bank relating to socio-religious communities as recommended by the Rajinder Sachar Committee report; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) and (b) Based on the recommendation of the Rajinder Sachar Committee, the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation has uploaded data on socio-religious categories on its website under the menu 'National Data Bank (NDB)'. The data in the NDB mainly relate to population, health, education and labour and employment, as received from the concerned Ministries/Departments.

Funds allocated to Gujarat for tribal welfare schemes

†2698. SHRI NARANBHAI JEMLABHAI RATHWA: Will the Minister of TRIBAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware of quantum of funds allocated to and utilised by the State Government of Gujarat for schemes of tribal welfare schemes during the last three years;

(b) if so, the details of the amount utilised along with the details of works done using these funds; and

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.