(d) The Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP) has already initiated use of Bedaquiline and has started preparing for use of Delamanid. Since the results of the Phase III of clinical trials {which is mandatory as per the requirement of Clinical Trial Registry of India and Central Drug Standards Control Organization (CDSCO)} of these drugs were not available, these drugs have been approved by the regulatory authority under Conditional Access Programme (CAP). The drugs are also available under compassionate use through the manufacturer. The programme have started use of Bedaquiline under CAP in five States and is being scaled up for use throughout the country under the National Programme. As on date, more than 1000 patients have been initiated on Bedaquiline containing regimen on treatment.

The new drug Delamanid has also been approved for use under conditional access for the seven States Karnataka, Rajasthan, Punjab, Chandigarh, Odisha, Kerala and Lakshwadeep. The States are being prepared for initiating the use of drug.

Detection of new leprosy cases

- 439. SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether a large number of new leprosy cases have been detected across the country in the recent past;
- (b) if so, the details thereof for the last three years along with the reasons therefor, State-wise; and
- (c) the fresh steps taken by Government to eliminate leprosy as a public health problem by 2020 as envisaged under National Leprosy Elimination Programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY): (a) and (b) Yes. During 2016-17, number of new leprosy cases reported by various States/UTs were 1,35,485 as compared to 1,27,334 cases reported during 2015-16. This increase of 6.4% in new cases was the result of the new strategy of active case detection. A statement indicating States/UTs wise details of new cases of leprosy detected during last three years is given in statement (*See* below)

- (c) Under National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP) the following fresh steps have been taken:-
 - (i) Introduction of three pronged strategy to detect leprosy cases which includes:
 - (a) Leprosy Case Detection Campaign (LCDC)
 - (b) Focused Leprosy Campaign;

- (c) Case detection in hard to reach areas;
- (ii) Sparsh Leprosy Awareness Campaign introduced to tackle stigma and discrimination against leprosy patients.

As a result of the above steps, percentage of Grade II Disability amongst the new cases has come down significantly.

Statement

New Leprosy Cases Detected during last 3 years

Sl. No.	State/UT	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4687	4355	4228
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	32	33	28
3.	Assam	856	781	1019
4.	Bihar	16848	16185	21818
5.	Chhattisgarh	8847	10440	12609
6.	Goa	55	136	130
7.	Gujarat	9024	10138	7266
8.	Haryana	635	672	491
9.	Himachal Pradesh	176	162	146
10.	Jharkhand	4873	4432	6253
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	159	189	143
12.	Karnataka	3314	3065	2897
13.	Kerala	663	574	496
14.	Madhya Pradesh	6921	6597	7152
15.	Maharashtra	16415	15695	15012
16.	Manipur	17	19	20
17.	Meghalaya	25	33	33
18.	Mizoram	11	9	6
19.	Nagaland	42	67	34
20.	Odisha	8004	10174	10045
21.	Punjab	620	651	626
22.	Rajasthan	1060	1106	1042
23.	Sikkim	13	21	23

Sl. No.	State/UT	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
24.	Tamil Nadu	3604	4925	4937
25.	Telangana	2905	2800	2658
26.	Tripura	47	42	34
27.	Uttar Pradesh	22223	22777	22301
28.	Uttarakhand	532	382	375
29.	West Bengal	10315	8170	11236
30.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	25	29	18
31.	Chandigarh	173	136	128
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	318	425	384
33.	Daman and Diu	21	4	7
34.	Delhi	2280	2068	1812
35.	Lakshadweep	4	0	45
36.	Puducherry	41	42	33
	TOTAL	125785	127334	135485

AIIMS-like hospitals in Odisha

440. SHRI ANUBHAV MOHANTY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) how many AIIMS-like hospitals have been established throughout the country;
- (b) how many more such hospitals are proposed to be set up in the near future;
- (c) the criteria adopted by Government to select a place for setting up an AIIMS like hospital; and
- (d) how many districts in the State of Odisha are covered under the proposal for setting up the AIIMS-like hospitals?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY): (a) Six new AIIMS in Patna (Bihar), Raipur (Chhattisgarh), Bhopal (Madhya Pradesh), Bhubaneswar (Odisha), Jodhpur (Rajasthan) and Rishikesh (Uttaranchal) have been set up under Phase-I of PMSSY and are functional.

(b) 14 new AIIMS have been announced to be set up in various states of the country in various budget announcements of 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2017-18. List of new AIIMS can be seen in the Statement (*See* below).