WRITTEN ANSWERS TO STARRED AND UNSTARRED QUESTIONS SET FOR THE 1ST JANUARY, 2019*

Regulatory framework to check medical implants

*196. SHRI ANAND SHARMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government is aware of rising number of adverse events including deaths from faulty implants of medical devices which include breast and knee implants, pelvic meshes, coronary stents and pacemakers, if so, the details thereof;
- (b) whether Government's attention has also been drawn to a corrupt nexus between hospitals, doctors, global pharma majors and manufacturers of medical devices resulting in unregulated sale and implants of medical devices in the country; and
- (c) whether Government proposes to bring in a legislation to put in place a regulatory framework on implants of medical devices to check its rampant abuse?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGAT PRAKASH NADDA): (a) The Government has not received such reports that there is rising number of adverse events including deaths from faulty implants of medical devices.

Adverse reactions/malfunctioning in medical devices may happen due to various reasons like improper usage, improper size, electrical and mechanical problems and defective medical devices. It may or may not be related to the device.

The Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO), under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, regulates the import, sale and manufacturing of notified medical devices including breast and knee implants, pelvic meshes, coronary stents under the provisions of Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and Medical Device Rules, 2017 thereunder. More than 350 medical devices and more than 250 invitro diagnostics have been brought under regulation. Under these rules, import of all classes of Medical Devices as well as manufacture of Class C and D Medical Devices are regulated by CDSCO, while manufacture of Class A and B Medical devices are regulated by the concerned State Licensing Authorities (SLA) appointed by the State Governments.

Further, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has approved the commencement of "Materiovigilance Programme of India (MvPI)" with Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission (IPC), Ghaziabad as the National Coordinating Centre having dedicated functional

^{*} The sitting of the Rajya Sabha on Tuesday, the 1st January, 2019 was Cancelled. Answers to Questions put down in the list for that day were laid on the Table of the House on Wednesday, the 2nd January, 2019.

(b) and (c) To have comprehensive regulatory provisions for import, manufacture, sale and distribution of medical devices based on risk based criteria, the Government of India has notified the Medical Device, Rules 2017 which have become effective from 01.01.2018. For import or manufacture of any medical device, the applicant is required to submit details of design, specification, non-clinical as well as clinical data of safety and performance of the devices. In case of new Medical Devices, the safety, quality and performance data are evaluated by CDSCO in consultation with the Subject Expert Committee in the relevant therapeutic areas. Under the said rules, there are provisions that subsequent to approval of a medical device, the applicant is required to closely monitor the device for its clinical safety. The applicant is required to submit Periodic Safety Update Reports (PSURs) to CDSCO.

The Uniform Code of Pharmaceuticals Marketing Practices (UCPMP) announced by the Department of Pharmaceuticals in December, 2014 which is in operation since 01.01.2015 for voluntary adoption by pharma industry provides that the manufacturers should not use any unethical practices for luring doctors to boost sales of their products.

Further, Clause 6.8 (Code of Conduct for doctors in their relationship with pharmaceutical and allied health sector industry) of the Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002 prohibits doctors from taking gifts, travel facilities, hospitality or monetary grants from pharmaceutical and allied health sector industry. The said regulation empowers the Medical Council of India and respective State Medical Councils to award punishment to a doctor against any act in violation of code of Ethics.

Development of Uchchaith in Mithila region of Bihar

†*197. SHRI PRABHAT JHA: Will the Minister of CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether 'Uchchait' located in Mithila region of Bihar is a historical and cultural heritage site related to the great ancient Sanskrit poet, Kalidas, if so, the details thereof; and
- (b) whether Government is working on any action plan to conserve and develop the historical and cultural heritage site of Uchchaith, if so, the details thereof?

[†] Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.