

In addition to the above clearances by respective Ministries, signing of MoU for implementation between Governments of Maharashtra and Gujarat, funding pattern, constitution of Special Purpose Vehicle/Authority for implementation, etc., are the pre-requisites before commencement of the project.

**Increasing of piped water to households**

1017. SHRI RAM KUMAR KASHYAP: Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government has decided to increase coverage of piped water to households from current 18 per cent to 100 per cent by 2024;
- (b) if so, the details of the scheme formulated in this regard;
- (c) the present status of coverage of piped water to households, State-wise;
- (d) the details of States having less than five per cent coverage of piped water of households;
- (e) the per capita water availability; and
- (f) the quantum of amount allocated for the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI (SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA): (a) and (b) Yes Sir. The matter is under consideration of the Government.

(c) and (d) As per information furnished by the States on Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) of the Ministry, the present State-wise status of coverage of piped water supply connections to rural households is in Statement (*See below*). States of Assam, Bihar, Goa, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Odisha, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal are having less than 5 per cent coverage of piped water supply connections to rural households.

(e) As reported by States on Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) of Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation, out of total rural population of 9182.58 lakhs, 7001.42 lakhs rural population (76.25%) are getting more than 40 litres per capita per day safe drinking water, 1815.74 lakhs rural population (19.77%) are getting less than 40 lpcd safe drinking water and 365.41 lakhs rural population (3.98%) are residing in the areas where drinking water is chemically contaminated.

(f) For the financial year 2019-20, the NRDWP has been allocated an amount of ₹ 10000.66 crore.

*Statement**Status of rural households with PWS connections*

Sl. No.	States	Total Rural household as on (01/04/2018)	Total Household connections as on (25/06/2019)	% of total household connections with PWS as on (25/06/2019)
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	65096	6604	10.15
2.	Andhra Pradesh	9129939	3060696	33.52
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	220826	20069	9.09
4.	Assam	5792987	127962	2.21
5.	Bihar	17846077	336178	1.88
6.	Chhattisgarh	4317108	385417	8.93
7.	Goa	161459	0	0
8.	Gujarat	6477917	5082540	78.46
9.	Haryana	3288145	1758292	53.47
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1348841	759047	56.27
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	1636151	491152	30.02
12.	Jharkhand	5028402	288992	5.75
13.	Karnataka	8072422	3536476	43.81
14.	Kerala	9175250	1536707	16.75
15.	Madhya Pradesh	10890226	1328100	12.2
16.	Maharashtra	13203245	5074878	38.44
17.	Manipur	438943	24512	5.58
18.	Meghalaya	460527	4359	0.95
19.	Mizoram	103949	16359	15.74
20.	Nagaland	317975	15559	4.89
21.	Odisha	8125852	319955	3.94

1	2	3	4	5
22.	Puducherry	82258	41418	50.35
23.	Punjab	3301599	1759212	53.28
24.	Rajasthan	9284150	1149036	12.38
25.	Sikkim	88013	87431	99.34
26.	Tamil Nadu	9862767	2933243	29.74
27.	Telangana	5409686	1813791	33.53
28.	Tripura	859052	27358	3.18
29.	Uttar Pradesh	25881064	345452	1.33
30.	Uttarakhand	1509758	216182	14.32
31.	West Bengal	16335210	214683	1.31
TOTAL		178714894	32761660	18.33

Source: MIS, DDWS.

### Safe drinking water to rural areas

1018. SHRI BHUBANESWAR KALITA: Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Drinking Water Supply Programme in rural areas of the country have failed to give desired result by providing safe drinking water;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and the funds allocated by Government from time to time;

(c) whether Government intends to strengthen the existing monitoring system in the larger interest of rural population of the country; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI (SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA): (a) and (b) No Sir As reported by states on Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) of Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation, out of total 17,25,808 rural habitations, 13,98,292 rural habitations (81.02%) are fully covered. Further, out of total rural population of 9182.58 lakhs, 7001.42 lakhs rural population (76.25%) are getting more than 40 litres per capita per day safe drinking water.