

Statement-II*List of capacity expansion of oil PSUs refineries***IOCL**

Refinery	Current Capacity, MMTPA	Expansion Capacity, MMTPA	Approved Cost (in ₹ cr.)
Haldia	7.50	8.00	4190
Barauni	6.00	9.00	13148
Gujarat	13.70	18.00	15034
Mathura	8.00	9.20	5645
Panipat	15.00	25.00	23116

HPCL

Refinery	Current Capacity, MMTPA	Expansion Capacity, MMTPA	Approved Cost (in ₹ cr.)
Visakh	8.3	15	20928
Mumbai	7.5	9.5	5060

Utilisation of Giveitup LPG subsidy

1388. SHRI R.K. SINHA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of LPG subscribers who opted to give up subsidy in the country during the last and current financial year, State-wise;
- (b) the details of money received or likely to be received on this account;
- (c) the proposal of Government to utilise this money and the purpose;
- (d) the strategy of Government to mitigate the subsidy burden on this account; and
- (e) the steps taken by Government to at least convince those who earn more than a lakh rupees per month to join the campaign to surrender this subsidy for the poorest of the poor people in the country?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI DHARMENDRA PRADHAN): (a) to (c) As on 27.06.2019, more than 1 crore LPG consumers have given up their subsidy under “GiveItUp” campaign. State/UT-wise details are given in the Statement (*See below*). Estimated savings due to ‘GiveItUp’ campaign during Financial Year 2018-19 is ₹ 2,930 crore. Further, the Government has launched Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) on 1st May 2016 with a budgetary allocation ₹ 12,800 crore under which a deposit free new LPG connection is provided to a poor woman subject to fulfilling terms and conditions. Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs) have already released more than 7.27 crore LPG connections under the Scheme as on 27.06.2019, against a target of 8 crore.

(d) and (e) Government has introduced well targeted system of subsidy delivery to LPG consumers through PAHAL. This initiative of the Government was aimed at rationalizing subsidies based on approach to cut subsidy leakages, but not subsidy per se. Applicable subsidy is directly transferred into the bank account of the beneficiaries. As on 28.6.2019, more than 26.45 crore LPG consumers have joined the PAHAL Scheme. PAHAL has helped in identifying ‘ghost’ accounts, multiple accounts and inactive accounts. This has helped in curbing diversion of subsidised LPG to commercial purposes.

The Government has decided to rationalize the subsidy outgo by excluding such LPG consumers from the purview of subsidy, whose or whose spouse have taxable income of ₹ 10 lakh and above during the previous financial year computed as per the Income Tax Act, 1961 w.e.f. 1.1.2016.

Statement

Details of “Utilisation of GiveItUp LPG Subsidy”

Sl.No.	State/UT	Opt out consumers
1	2	3
1.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	2,851
2.	Andhra Pradesh	2,35,231
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	23,369
4.	Assam	1,87,742
5.	Bihar	4,18,691
6.	Chandigarh	19,914
7.	Chhattisgarh	1,35,112
8.	Daman and Diu	3,189

1	2	3
9.	Delhi	8,26,939
10.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	7,441
11.	Goa	43,103
12.	Gujarat	4,51,856
13.	Himachal Pradesh	70,412
14.	Haryana	3,42,311
15.	Jharkhand	97,796
16.	Jammu and Kashmir	1,50,711
17.	Kerala	3,02,013
18.	Karnataka	7,36,081
19.	Lakshadweep	143
20.	Manipur	47,098
21.	Meghalaya	7,658
22.	Maharashtra	16,50,164
23.	Mizoram	43,985
24.	Madhya Pradesh	4,39,789
25.	Nagaland	31,583
26.	Odisha	1,57,974
27.	Puducherry	16,663
28.	Punjab	4,12,072
29.	Rajasthan	6,38,004
30.	Sikkim	7,793
31.	Telangana	3,86,279
32.	Tamil Nadu	6,53,725
33.	Tripura	18,753
34.	Uttar Pradesh	12,60,599
35.	Uttarakhand	1,48,432
36.	West Bengal	3,47,209