

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16.	Secretariat	11.51	12.43	0.00	149.36	167.91
17.	Invest in Land Banks	10.89	12.30	18.18	0.00	0.00
18.	Intergated Scheme of Agriculture Marketing(ISAM)	979.80	570.30	782.49	637.21	525.98
19.	Intergated Scheme of Agriculture Cooperation(ISAC)	99.41	121.70	129.81	228.18	137.79
20.	Implementation of Market Intervention Scheme/Price Support Scheme(MIS/ PSS)	0.00	0.00	0.00	700.92	1400.00
21.	Price Stab Fund	50.00	660.00		0.00	0.00
22.	Soil and Land Use Survey of India	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.81	25.43
23.	Diesel Subsidy	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.34	0.00
24.	Macro Management	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.	Promotion of Agriculture Mechanization for <i>in-situ</i> Management of Crop residue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	584.33
26.	Income Support Scheme	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6050.56
27.	Distribution of Pulses to States/Union Territories	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.	Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay Sanrakshan Abhiyan (PM-AASHA)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL		19191.61	15028.00	26639.66	37536.17	46686.94

Realignment of cropping patterns to water availability

797. DR. AMEE YAJNTK: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Indian agriculture needs to stop being obsessed with the productivity and instead start worrying about water productivity;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the country needs to make realignment of cropping patterns to water availability; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE (SHRINARENDRA SINGH TOMAR): (a) to (c) The Government fully recognises the importance of water productivity and hence advocates sustainable agriculture with judicious use of natural resources. Per Drop More Crop component of Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY-PDMC) aims to enhance water use efficiency and judicious use of irrigation water for which assistance is giving for micro irrigation like sprinklers, drip, raingun etc.

Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare has been emphasizing promotion of suitable cropping systems under Crop Diversification Programme (CDP) under Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY) and also supplement the efforts of the States to diversify agricultural/horticultural crops as per the local need through various schemes viz. National Food Security Mission (NFSM), National Mission on Oilseeds and Oil Palm (NMOOP), Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH), National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA) / Rainfed Area Development (RAD) etc.

The farmers are encouraged to use available resources like land and water judiciously. The new technologies on cropping pattern are demonstrated at the farmers' fields through State Department of Agriculture/Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)/State Agricultural Universities (SAUs)/Krishi Vigyan Kendras (KVKs), etc.

Schemes to increase the growth rate of agriculture

798. DR. L. HANUMANTHAI AH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has launched several schemes to increase the growth rate of the agriculture sector in the country, if so, the details thereof;

(b) the details and the nature of the contribution of States in increasing the growth rate in agriculture sector; and

(c) the details of facilities being provided to the States for increasing the growth rate in agriculture sector?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE (SHRINARENDRA SINGH TOMAR): (a) Though agriculture is a State subject, Government of India supports and facilitates the State Governments through many Centrally Sponsored and Central Sector Schemes for which financial assistance is provided in the sharing pattern of 60:40 between