- Release of National Disaster Management Plan in 2016
- Publication of 30 guidelines on different disasters by National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on various disasters. These guidelines are available on NDMA's website: www.ndma.gov.in
- Setting up of National Disaster Response Force (NDRF) for prompt response and pre-positioning of NDRF in disaster vulnerable areas and preposition them across various vulnerable locations in the country.
- Strengthening of State and District Disaster Management systems through various schemes of Central Government.
- Capacity buildings of various stake holders including State Disaster Response Force of States/UTs by providing training through NDRF.
- Construction of multi-purpose cyclone shelters in coastal States and training of coastal communities on shelters during 2011-2020.
- Carrying out capacity building of disaster professionals and communities by NDMA, NDRF and National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM).
- The early warning is provided by the forecasting agencies of Government of India on real time basis for the impending disasters to all the concerned stakeholders for taking appropriate precautionary measures.

Monitoring roles of NGOs in healthcare in the North East

1689. SHRI RONALD SAPA TLAU: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is monitoring the roles played by NGOs in the North East in promoting better health;

(b) if so, the details thereof, if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government is providing financial assistance to these NGOs in Mizoram;

(d) if so, the details thereof, year-wise, if not, the reasons therefor; and

(e) whether Government has made any reliable assessment on whether the NGOs' roles in health sector have any positive significance or not?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY): (a) and (e) Public Health and hospitals being a State subject, States/UTs decide whether to engage NGOs or not and the primary responsibility for monitoring and assessment of such NGOs lies with the States/UTs Government. Under National Health Mission (NHM), financial and technical support is provided to States/UTs to strengthen their healthcare systems, based on the requirements posed by them in their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) within their overall resource envelope.

Government of India does not any fund to NGOs under NHM. Funds are provided to the States/UTs as approved in the State/UT PIPs under NHM. The details of support to NGOs under different programmes as below:

 (i) State wise engagement of partnerships in North East States under RNTCP (Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme under NHM) is placed below:

State	No. of Partnership Projects
Assam	13
Manipur	2
Meghalaya	15
Mizoram	6
Nagaland	21
Tripura	1
Total	58

The Government of Mizoram has 6 partnership projects with NGOs for Tuberculosis. The financial Support is provided from the District Health Society.

(ii) The engagement of NGOs under National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP under NHM) is decentralized under NHM and three NGOs are working in North Eastern States namely Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya. (iii) Intensified Malaria Elimination Project (IMEP) under National Vector Borne Diseases Control Programme (NVBDCP), which is currently supported by the Global Fund to fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (GFATM) in 7 North Eastern states. Under this, two local NGOs are engaged for implementing anti-malaria activities in high malaria endemic districts of Meghalaya (Bakdil in two districts - East Garo Hills and South Garo Hills) and the Centre for Peace & Development (CPD) is engaged in Mizoram in three districts - Lunglei, Lawngtlai and Mamit.

(iv) Under National AIDS Control Programme (NACP), the respective State AIDS Control Society (SACS) engages NGOs to implement Targeted Interventions (TI) and Link Worker Schemes (LWS) for providing and facilitating various HIV prevention services to the High Risk Groups (HRGs).

As on 30th September 2019, there are 220 Targeted Intervention and 14 Link Worker Schemes (LWS) are run by various NGOs/ CBOs across the North Eastern states.

A sum of ₹ 996.89 Lakh has been allocated to NGOs for implementing Targeted Intervention (TI) and Link Worker Schemes (LWS) during the current financial year 2019-20 through Mizoram State AIDS Control Society (SACS).

The assessment of role of NGOs is conducted by the State and Districts at local level.

UNICEF's State of the World's Chidren Report 2019

1690. SHRI PRABHAKAR REDDY VEMIREDDY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the recently released UNICEF's State of the World's Children Report 2019 indicate that every second child in India is affected by some form of malnutrition;

(b) whether the report says that 87 per cent of children in our country are either stunted or wasted or underweight or combination of these;

(c) if so, the reasons for Ministry's justification that there is reduction of 3.7 per cent in stunting and underweight by 2.3 per cent between 2016 and 2018;

(d) whether extant schemes and programmes have little impact on achieving objectives; and