

Accounts (NHA) Estimates, public expenditure on health in India during the latest four years, for which data is available is as follows:

Year	Public expenditure on health as percentage of GDP
2013-14	1.15%
2014-15	1.13%
2015-16	1.18%
2016-17	1.2%

(b) and (c) The National Health Policy, 2017 envisages raising public health expenditure to 2.5% of GDP by 2025 in a time bound manner. It also envisages increasing State sector health spending to more than 8% of their budget by 2020.

Unavailability of organs for transplantation

2481. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR GUPTA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether around five lakh people die every year in the country due to unavailability of organs and every 12 minutes, one more patient is added to the waiting list, if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether it is a fact that Government has taken lots of initiative for promotion of organ donation in last few years but the results are not satisfactory;

(c) if so, the reaction of Government thereto; and

(d) whether Government has any concrete plan to improve the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY): (a) The data regarding number of people who died due to unavailability of organs is not maintained by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. The number of Patients registered in waiting list with National Organ and Tissue Transplant Organisation (NOTTO) during last three years is as under:

Year	Kidney	Liver	Heart	Lung
2016	9094	2669	181	14
2017	11395	3419	307	44
2018	12758	4173	425	75

(b) to (d) To improve access to the transplantation for needy patients, by promoting deceased organ donation, the Government has put in place the National Organ Transplant Programme (NOTP). Under this programme, an apex level National Organ and Tissue Transplant Organisation (NOTTO) at New Delhi along with National Bio-material Centre and Five Regional Organ and Tissue Transplant Organizations (ROTTOs) at Chandigarh, Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata and Guwahati have been set up. The Government has released funds to establish State Organ and Tissue Transplant Organization (SOTTO) in the States of Madhya Pradesh, Kerala, Rajasthan, Haryana, Goa, Jammu and Kashmir, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Bihar and Gujarat to organize an efficient mechanism for organ and tissue procurement/retrieval to promote deceased organ and tissue donation. A regional bio-material centre has been established at ROTTO, Chennai and funds have been released to the State of Bihar and Maharashtra for establishment of bio-material centres.

Further, to improve infrastructure for human organ and tissue retrieval, storage and transplantation in all parts of the country, following provisions have been made:

- Setting up of National/ Regional/State Bio-material centres;
- Financial support for establishing new Organ Transplant/retrieval facilities and strengthening of existing Organ Transplant/retrieval facilities.
- Training to transplant experts including surgeons, physicians, transplant coordinators, etc.
- Financial support for provision of Transplant Coordinators to medical colleges and trauma centres.

The NOTTO, ROTTOs and SOTTOs disseminate relevant information about organ donation in the public. A website www.notto.gov.in and a 24x7 call centre

with a toll free helpline number (1800114770) have been made operational. A number of activities, for generating awareness and for imparting training to all those associated with transplant activities including doctors and transplant coordinators, such as celebration of Indian Organ Donation Day, seminars, workshops, debates, sports events, walkathons, participation in marathons, nukkad natak, etc. are organized at different places in the Country. Advertisement in print media, audio-visual messages and talks to promote cadaver organ donation are also telecast on Doordarshan and other television channels from time to time.

Medical institutes set up under PMSSY

2482. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR GUPTA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY) was announced in August, 2003 to correct imbalances in availability of tertiary care hospitals and improve medical education in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is also a fact that under the scheme. Government has decided to set up 20 new AIIMS and 71 Government Medical Colleges/Institutes (GMCI)s upgraded in phase-wise; and

(d) if so, the present status of the scheme, the number of AIIMS operational and number of GMCI)s upgraded till date, the details thereof, hospital-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY): (a) to (d)

1. Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY), a Central Sector Scheme, was announced in August 2003 to address imbalances in availability of tertiary care hospitals and improve medical education in the country. It has two components:

I. **Setting up of new AIIMS:** Out of total twenty-two new AIIMS announced so far, six AIIMS are functional and another fifteen AIIMS have been approved in different phases of the scheme.