

Shelter homes to urban homeless

*253. PROF. MANOJ KUMAR JHA: Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the reasons for delay and denial of shelter homes to the urban homeless;
- (b) the State-wise details of shelters for the homeless functional in the country;
- (c) the city-wise details of shelter homes constructed by Government during last three years;
- (d) the initiatives taken by Government to ensure access to basic services, specifically for the urban homeless;
- (e) whether there is a special provision for special shelters for marginal categories of homeless people like children, mentally ill and drug-addicts; and
- (f) if so, the State-wise details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS (SHRI HARDEEP SINGH PURI): (a) to (c) It is the primary responsibility of respective Governments of the States/Union Territories to provide shelters for the urban homeless. However, in order to complement their efforts, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs is administering a scheme 'Shelter for Urban Homeless' (SUH) under Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana - National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM), through respective States/UTs. The guidelines of SUH prescribe systematic third party surveys to be undertaken in cities/towns by the urban local bodies in order to assess the need for shelters at suitable locations.

As per the information received from the States/UTs, as on 30.11.2019, 1348 shelters are functional under DAY-NULM. Of these, 880 shelters have been made functional during last three years i.e. from FY 2016-17 to FY 2018-19. The State and city-wise details are given in Statement-I (*See below*).

- (d) The shelters established under SUH are equipped with basic facilities such as ventilated rooms, standard lighting, potable drinking water, toilet facilities, personal locker, regular cleaning of blankets and mattresses, cooking facilities, linkages to

various social security benefits and periodical health check-up. Further, the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs has issued advisories to States to install Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) cameras at entry and exit points, geo-tagging of shelters, appointment of student volunteers of nearby educational institutions and ensuring barrier free entrance for differently abled.

(e) and (f) The operational guidelines of SUH provide that States/ULBs may establish special shelters for certain segments of homeless persons *viz.* old persons, mentally or physically challenged, recovering patients and their families, and attendants of the patients admitted in hospitals, etc. As reported by states/UTs, so far 85 special shelters have been established. The details are given in Statement-II.

Statement-I

*State/UT-wise and city-wise details of shelters functional under
DAY-NULM during FY 2016-17 to FY 2018-19*

	City Name	No. of Shelters
Andhra Pradesh- 40 shelters		
1.	Adoni, Allagadda, Badvel, Dharmavaram, Gooty, Gudivada, Gudur, Hindupur, Kadiri, Kakinada (Urban), Madakasira, Markapur, Mydukur, Narsipatnam, Pamidi, Parvathipuram, Proddutur, Pulivendula, Punganur, Puttaparthi, Rajampet, Rayachoty, Srikalahasti, Tadipatri, Tenali, Tirupati (Urban), Yemmiganur, Yerraguntla	01 each
2.	Anantapur, Vijayawada (Urban)	02 each
3.	Kadapa, Visakhapatnam (Urban)	04 each
Bihar- 48 shelters		
1.	Araria, Arwal, Bettiah, Bhabua, Buxar, Chapra, Kishanganj, Lakhisarai, Madhepura, Motihari, Patna Rural, Purnia East, Saharsa, Sasaram, Sitamarhi, Siwan, Supaul	01 each
2.	Biharsharif, Darbhanga, Hajipur, Munger, Patna New, Sheikhpura	02 each
3.	Bhagalpur	03

	City Name	No. of Shelters
4.	Arrah	04
5.	Gaya Town	05
6.	Muzaffarpur	07
Chhattisgarh- 21 shelters		
1.	Ambikapur, Balod, Baloda Bazar, Bemetara, Bijapur, Dhamtari, Durg, Jagadapur, Jashpur, Kanker, Kawardha, Kondagaon, Raigarh, Raipur, Rajnandgaon, Surajpur	01 each
2.	Bhilai	05
Gujarat- 35 shelters		
1.	Godhra, Jamnagar, Junagadh, Nadiad, Palanpur, Surat, Surendranagar Dudhrej, Vyara	01 each
2.	Bhavnagar	04
3.	Rajkot	06
4.	Ahmedabad City	17
Haryana- 12 shelters		
1.	Bawal, Jhajjar, Panchkula, Panipat, Thanesar, Yamuna Nagar	01 each
2.	Faridabad	06
Himachal Pradesh- 04 shelters		
1.	Dharamshala, Hamirpur, Nahan, Solan	01 each
Jharkhand- 86 shelters		
1.	Chaibasa, Chakradharpur, Domchanch, Dumka, Garhwa, Gumla, Hazaribagh, Jamtara, Jhumri Tilaiya (Nagar Parishad), Mihijam, Phusro, Ramgarh, Saraikela	01 each
2.	Barharwa, Basukinath, Bishrampur, Bundu, Chakulia, Chas, Chatra, Chhatarpur, Deoghar, Dhanbad-cum-Kenduadih-cum-Jagata, Giridih, Godda, Hussainabad, Jugsalai, Kapali, Khunti, Kodarma, Latehar, Lohardaga, Madhupur, Majhiaon, Mango, Medininagar (Daltonganj), Nagaruntari, Rajmahal, Sahibganj, Simdega	02 each

	City Name	No. of Shelters
3.	Adityapur (Gamharia)	03
4.	Jamshedpur (NAC)	07
5.	Ranchi	09
Karnataka- 7 shelters		
1.	Bhadravati, Bijapur, Chikkaballapura, Doddaballapur, Gangavathi, Ramanagara, Shimoga	01 each
Kerala- 13 shelters		
1.	Alappuzha, Kannur, Kochi, Kottayam, Nedumangad, Paravur, Perinthalmanna, Thrissur	01 each
2.	Kollam	02
3.	Thiruvananthapuram	03
Madhya Pradesh- 39 shelters		
1.	Agar, Alirajpur, Anuppur, Ashoknagar, Balaghat, Barwani, Betul, Chhatarpur, Dabra (Pichhore), Datia, Dhar, Dindori, Harda, Itarsi, Jhabua, Khandwa, Khargone, Nagda, Narsimhapur, Panna, Pithampur, Raisen, Rajgarh, Sagar, Seoni, Shahdol, Shajapur, Sheopur, Sidhi, Singrauli, Tikamgarh, Umaria	01 each
2.	Damoh, Jabalpur	02 each
3.	Indore	03
Maharashtra- 45 shelters		
1.	Achalpur, Ahmadnagar, Akola, Ambernath, Badlapur, Beed, Buldhana, Chandrapur, Dhule, Gondiya, Ichalkaranji, Jalgaon, Jalna, Kalyan, Malegaon, Nagpur, Nanded, Nandurbar, Navi Mumbai, Pandharpur, Panvel, Sangli, Miraj, Kupwad, Satara, Solapur, Thane, Udgir, Vasai Virar, Wardha	01 each
2.	Ulhasnagar	02
3.	Aurangabad, Kolhapur	03 each
4.	Bhiwandi	04
5.	Greater Mumbai	05

	City Name	No. of Shelters
Mizoram- 7 shelters		
1.	Lunglei, Saiha	01 each
2.	Kolasib	02
3.	Aizawl	03
NCT Delhi- 190 shelters		
01.	Delhi	190*
Nagaland- 1 shelter		
1.	Dimapur	01
Odisha- 24 shelters		
1.	Balasore, Bargarh, Bhramapur, Boudhgarh, Debagarh, Kendrapara, Kendujhar, Malkangiri, Nabarangapur, Nayagarh, Puri, Raurkela, Rayagada, Sambalpur	01 each
2.	Baripada	02
3.	Cuttack	03
4.	Bhubaneswar	05
Punjab - 18 shelters		
1.	Amritsar, Barnala, Batala, Faridkot, Fazilka, Hoshiarpur, Kapurthala, Khanna, Ludhiana, Malerkotla, Moga, Nawanshahr, Pathankot, Patiala, Rajpura, Rupnagar, Sangrur, TaranTaran	01 each
Rajasthan- 90 shelters		
1.	Baran, Bari Sadri, Bhinmal, Chhabra, Jaitaran, Jhalrapatan, Kanod, Karauli, Kushalgarh, Nathdwara, Nawa, Nimbahera, Sheoganj, Sikar, Sirohi, Sumerpur, Todaraisingh, Vijay Nagar	01 each
2.	Balotra, Barmer, Beawar, Bhadra, Bharatpur, Bundi, Chittaurgarh, Churu, Dungarpur, Ganganagar, Gangapur, Hindaun, Jalor, Jhalawar, Jhunjhunun, Jodhpur, Kota, Lakheri, Pali, Rajsamand, Tonk	02 each

* The convergence of 83 permanent shelters and 116 porta cabins of NCT of Delhi with DAY-NULM had been approved. However, as per information available, till 2018-19, only 190 shelters were operational out of which, 13 shelters have been extended DAY-NULM funds and remaining are being maintained by Delhi Urban Shelter Improvement Board (DUSIB).

	City Name	No. of Shelters
3.	Bhilwara, Jaisalmer, Kishangarh, Sawai Madhopur, Udaipur	03 each
4.	Bikaner, Nagaur	04 each
5.	Ajmer	07
Sikkim - 01 shelter		
1.	Gangtok	01
Tamil Nadu- 95 shelters		
1.	Ambur, Ariyalur, Avadi, Bodinayakanur, Cuddalore, Cumbum, Dindigul, Kancheepuram, Namakkal, Natrampalli, Pallavapuram, Perambalur, Periyakulam, Ponneri, Rajapalayam, Ramanathapuram, Tambaram, Theni, Thiruvallur, Thiruvarur, Tiruvannamalai, Udagamandalam (Ooty), Vaniyambadi, Viluppuram, Virudhunagar	01 each
2.	Coimbatore North, Hosur, Kumbakonam, Nagapattinam, Nagercoil, Pudukkottai, Thanjavur, Vellore	02 each
3.	Erode, Tirunelveli	03 each
4.	Tiruppur	04
5.	Tiruchirappalli	05
6.	Salem	06
7.	Madurai	11
8.	Chennai	22
Telangana- 5 shelters		
1.	Siddipet	01
2.	GHMC	04
Uttar Pradesh- 78 shelters		
1.	Akbarpur-Kanpur, Aligarh, Amroha, Azamgarh, Ballia, Bareilly, Bijnor, Budaun, Chandausi, Farrukhabad, Fatehpur, Firozabad, Gonda, Gorakhpur, Hapur, Kannauj, Kasganj, Khurja, Loni, Maharajganj, Mahoba, Mainpuri, Mathura, Maunath Bhanjan, Mughalsarai, Muzaffarnagar, Orai, Rae Bareli, Rampur, Robertsganj, Sambhal, Shikohabad, Sultanpur, Unnao, Varanasi	01 each

	City Name	No. of Shelters
2.	Agra, Jhansi, Moradabad	02 each
3.	Meerut	04
4.	Ghaziabad	05
5.	Allahabad	07
6.	Lucknow	09
7.	Kanpur	12

Uttarakhand- 08 shelters

1.	Almora, Champawat, Dehradun, Gopeshwar, Haldwani, Kashipur, Rudraprayag, Tehri	01 each
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West Bengal - 13 shelters

1.	Arambag, Bongaon, Cooch Behar, Durgapur, English Bazar, Habra, Haldia, Howrah, Jalpaiguri, Krishnanagar, Medinipur, Nabadwip, Rajpur Sonarpur	01 each
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Statement-II*State/UT-wise Number of Special Shelters functional under DAY-NULM*

Sl. No.	State	No. of special shelters
1.	Delhi	1
2.	Karnataka	1
3.	Kerala	2
4.	Mizoram	17
5.	Maharashtra	14
6.	Rajasthan	1
7.	Tamil Nadu	43
8.	Telangana	6
	TOTAL	85

Eradication of child labour

†*254. SHRIMATI KANTA KARDAM: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.