

the exact steel grades being imported into the country in order to plan domestic manufacturing, besides advance information about any surge in imports.

- (ii) Issuance of Steel Quality Control Orders (SQCO) to stop non-standardised steel import and manufacturing and to ensure availability of quality Steel in the country.
- (iii) Draft Framework Policy to promote setting up of steel clusters with focus on manufacturing units for value added steel, ancillaries, capital goods etc.

Production capacity of steel plants

1278. SHRI K.P. MUNUSAMY: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of steel plants in the country along with their production capacity;
- (b) whether these plants are running at full capacity, if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) if not, the steps taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL (SHRI DHARMENDRA PRADHAN): (a) and (b) The details of steel plants in the country, along with their capacity, production and capacity utilisation, during April-July, 2020 are given in Statement (*See* below).

(c) Steel is a deregulated sector. The Government lays down the policy guidelines and establishes the institutional mechanism/structure for creating conducive environment for improving efficiency and performance of the steel sector. In this direction, Government has taken various steps namely:—

- (i) Domestically Manufactured Iron and Steel products (DMI&SP) Policy for promoting procurement of Made in India steel by Government agencies.
- (ii) Steel Scrap Policy to enhance the availability of domestically generated scrap.
- (iii) Issuance of Steel Quality Control Orders to stop non-standardized steel import and manufacturing.
- (iv) Steel Import Monitoring System (SIMS) for advanced registration of steel imports.
- (v) Draft Framework Policy to promote setting up of steel clusters having manufacturing units for value added steel, ancillaries, capital goods etc.

- (vi) For ensuring availability of raw material to steel sector, Ministry of Steel has worked closely with Ministry of Mines and Ministry of Coal for auction and restart of expiring iron ore mines, extension of mining leases with steel CPSEs, auction/allotment of coking coal mines, diversification of coking coal imports etc.
- (vii) Consultations with various stakeholders including industry association and leaders of domestic steel industry to address their issues by taking up the same with concerned Ministries/Departments of the Central Government and State Governments.
- (viii) Consultations with relevant stakeholders including from railways, defence, oil and gas, housing and civil aviation sectors to enhance the overall demand for steel in the country.

Statement

State-wise Details on Crude Steel for period April- July, 2020 (number of units, capacity, production and capacity utilization)

| State | Units | Capacity# (in thousand tonnes) | Production (in thousand tonnes) | Capacity Utilization** (in per cent; on pro rata basis) |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Eastern Region | | | | |
| Arunachal Pradesh | 3 | 125.0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Assam | 6 | 131.0 | 14.2 | 32 |
| Bihar | 15 | 803.0 | 118.2 | 44 |
| Jharkhand | 45 | 19707.0 | 4133.3 | 63 |
| Meghalaya | 5 | 181.0 | 4.7 | 8 |
| Odisha | 53 | 25370.0 | 5377.6 | 64 |
| Tripura | 1 | 30.0 | 2.4 | 24 |
| West Bengal | 42 | 9934.6 | 1639.9 | 50 |
| Eastern Region Total | 170 | 56281.6 | 11290.2 | 60 |
| Western Region | | | | |
| Chhattisgarh | 79 | 18785.2 | 3224.7 | 51 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| Dadra and Nagar Haveli | 19 | 296.0 | 41.5 | 42 |
| Daman and Diu | 3 | 46.0 | 5.5 | 36 |
| Goa | 12 | 481.0 | 105.1 | 66 |
| Gujarat | 59 | 12754.0 | 2168.7 | 51 |
| Madhya Pradesh | 9 | 553.0 | 79.4 | 43 |
| Maharashtra | 55 | 11960.5 | 1816.1 | 46 |
| Western Region Total | 236 | 44875.7 | 7441.1 | 50 |
| Northern Region | | | | |
| Delhi | 2 | 16.0 | 1.8 | 33 |
| Haryana | 10 | 952.6 | 88.0 | 28 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 25 | 1139.0 | 128.1 | 34 |
| Jammu and Kashmir | 8 | 189.0 | 23.3 | 37 |
| Punjab | 119 | 4924.0 | 503.0 | 31 |
| Rajasthan | 36 | 1176.0 | 97.5 | 25 |
| Uttar Pradesh | 46 | 1617.0 | 212.0 | 39 |
| Uttarakhand | 42 | 1559.0 | 163.9 | 32 |
| Northern Region Total | 288 | 11572.6 | 1217.7 | 32 |
| Southern Region | | | | |
| Andhra Pradesh | 27 | 8391.0 | 1127.4 | 40 |
| Karnataka | 29 | 15149.0 | 3163.7 | 63 |
| Kerala | 29 | 480.0 | 55.9 | 35 |
| Puducherry | 10 | 340.0 | 42.1 | 37 |
| Tamil Nadu | 99 | 3766.0 | 438.5 | 35 |
| Telangana | 26 | 1443.0 | 282.4 | 59 |
| Southern Region Total | 220 | 29569.0 | 5110.1 | 52 |
| ALL REGION TOTAL | 914 | 142298.9 | 25059.1 | 53 |

Source: Joint Plant Committee; *provisional; #capacity is reported for completed financial year only; **capacity utilization calculated on pro rata basis.